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THIS IS WHAT TALKS

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

OR YOUR MONEY BACK

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HOW TO BE SUCCESSFUL IN GROWING VEGETABLES FOR THE HOME GARDEN

In the past two years the public has been awakened to the fact

In the past two years the public has been awakened to the fact that they are called on by the nation to grow a small garden containing the more useful vegetables for home consumption.

It is the patriotic duty of every American who has a small piece of ground at his or her disposal, or can secure same from a neighbor, to help the nation at this critical time, by helping himself to more of the cheaper food, by growing his own vegetables. Had the foreign countries known prior to going to war what we have learned by their error, they would have been fortified the same as we are trying to fortify ourselves at the present time. present time.

The foreign nations at this time are looking to America for their food supply. It will be necessary for the larger gardeners and growers to ship the majority of their foodstuffs abroad. What America can do in emergency cases has been proven the past two years. It can do still more if you, with a liking for gardening, will put your shoulder to the wheel to increase our own economic strength. The following pages will give you a brief outline of what is necessary to produce a good, home garden.

A RULE FOR ALL AMATEUR GARDENERS TO WORK UNDER AND WHICH SHOULD BE STRICTLY ADHERED TO IS AS FOLLOWS: PLANT ALL SEEDS FROM THREE TO FOUR TIMES THEIR OWN THICKNESS UNDER THE SURFACE OF THE SOIL.

HOW AND WHEN
TO PLANT

lishing on one of the following pages, a complete table, giving the best time, when and how to plant.

Unless you have competent help, do not attempt too large a garden in the beginning. A small one thoroughly manured with pulverized sheep manure, and thoroughly worked, will give better results and more vegetables than one that is too large and poorly worked. Make the soil as rich as possible. One hundred pounds of pulverized sheep manure to a plot of ground 20 will be sufficient for the entire summer. by 30 will be sufficient for the entire summer.

by 30 will be sufficient for the entire summer.

PREPARING
THE SOIL

In the Soil should be thoroughly pulverized and enriched frequently by a liberal dressing of pulverized sheep manure, spread over the surface and dug under as early in the Spring as the soil will crumble into a loose, fine condition. Be careful not to dig the soil when it is soggy or wet, as it will be hard to work the entire season. As stable manure is very hard to get at the present time, we have recommended the pulverized sheep manure, which can be had from us at all times during the year, and one hundred pounds will go much farther than two cart loads of well rotted manure. Should your ground be sour or if there are red worms in the ground, which will denote same, a dressing of air-slacked lime will be found to be very beneficial. Although not a plant food of itself, its action makes plant food available, which without its aid would lie dormant. As soon as the soil will work up in the proper condition, sowings can be made as per our soil will work up in the proper condition, sowings can be made as per our kitchen garden table, given on page 1.

THE SEEDBED

For small gardens, it would be better to start the early vegetables indoors in small boxes. The plants then can be set out very early in the Spring. For late plants, such as late cabbage, celery, etc., a small corner sheltered by the fence can be put aside for this purpose. Manure same well and the plants then can be taken from the seedbed and transplanted later when the time arrives. We would suggest, however, that tomatoes, eggplants and peppers be started indoors as they are rather tender. indoors, as they are rather tender.

INTENSE
GARDENING

Can be had by the following methods: As soon as your early varieties, such as peas, lettuce, radishes, are finished, the beds or rows should be freshly dug, a little fresh manure sprinkled in the rows and worked over thoroughly. Then plant it with other vegetables to keep up a constant supply in the garden, and, at the same time, you will keep out weeds and have plenty of vegetables to eat at all times during the year.

SOWING SMALL
SEED

A small furrow should be made in the fine surface of the soil with a stick or a rake handle laid out and pressed into the ground. The furrow should not be over a quarter to a half inch deep, varying with the size of the seed

to be sown, and according to the rule given above. Then, by taking the rake and using it as a stomper, you can cover the seeds sufficiently with the fine soil, until it is time to cultivate properly. The firming of seed brings it in close contact with the earth and greatly assists it in germination.

MAKING HILLS The soil should be removed 10 to 12 inches in depth, MAKING HILLS

The soil should be removed 10 to 12 inches in depth, about a half a shovelful of pulverized sheep manure placed in the bottom of this hole, the ground then hoed up carefully, making a hill ahout 4 inches above the level of the soil, packing it down with the back of the hoe for a space possibly 12 inches in diameter. The seeds then should be planted on top of this hill, such as melons, cucumbers, pole beans, etc., and then a light covering of the soil thrown up with the hoe and packed down firmly on top should give you very good results. Hills made this way can also be utilized for tomatoes, eggplants and peppers and should stand about four feet apart each way.

It is absolutely necessary to cultivate the soil to **CULTIVATION** It is absolutely necessary to cultivate the soil to get results. Many persons think that after the seed is in the ground, that is all that is necessary; but frequent cultivations, even when there is no rain, will draw a certain amount of moisture to the roots of the plants, and the more cultivating you give your vegetables, the better they will be and the larger they will grow. After a rain, when the ground dries off sufficiently, is the best time to cultivate, but in long, dry periods do not fail to keep on cultivating.

GATHERING

It is only when you get the first vegetables you have **GATHERING**It is only when you get the first vegetables you have grown from your own garden that you appreciate what it is to have a garden of your own. They taste better, especially corn, which has not gone through the process of sweating and taking the sweetness all out of it; and what person does not like to go out to the garden and see a large, ripe, red tomato, and pluck it and buy, and for the best tasted fruit, it is always better to allow it to ripen on the vige. on the vine.

MULCHING

Everybody, more or less, has a certain amount of grass to cut around their place. No better use can be made of this grass, caught in a grass catcher attached to the lawn mover, than by placing it on each side of the rows of the vegetables growing. In this way, it keeps the moisture in the soil and also prevents weeds from starting.

SEEDS TO USE

It is necessary in sowing the seed to get the very best the country can produce (this you can have by using Holmes' tested seeds of known vitality and purity), so as not to be disappointed by the seed not coming up, as is oftentimes the case in using commission seeds, which are sold in grocery stores, etc. Our catalog gives you a brief description of all the principal varieties of seeds used in America.

ADVICE
Our forty-three years' experience in the seed business has taught us many things which the amateur gardener does not know. We are perfectly willing and ready at all times to give any advice in regard to seeds, insecticides, or anything pertaining to the garden, if you will kindly call us on the telephone or call at our place of business. We will try to give you this information correctly to the best of our knowledge and should we not know some questions that are put to us, we will gladly look up and get the information for you.

TABLES

We are constantly asked by many of our customers, questions which we have tried to answer by the following reference tables which many of our patrons will find valuable in making their garden. With the information we have given on these few pages, we believe that everyone can not help but have a good garden of superior vegetables.

INSECTICIDES

On pages 4 and 5 will be found information pertaining to insecticides, fungicides and blight, to be used on the different plants and vegetables infested by the leaf-eating and leaf-sucking insects, most injurious to the crops. We have endeavored to make these very explicit, so as to enable our many customers to arrive at a definite conclusion and know exactly what to use from the first appearance of entry of these insects. ance of any of these insects.

We, the Holmes Seed Co., of Harrisburg, Pa., give no warranty, express or implied, as to description, quality, purity, productiveness, or any other matter of any seeds, bulbs or plants we send out, and will not be in any way responsible for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept the goods on these terms, they are at once to be returned.

HOLMES' TESTED SEEDS, ETC. ORDER FOR

HOLMES SEED COMPANY

SEED GROWERS AND MERCHANTS

STORE AND GENERAL OFFICES 106-108 SOUTH SECOND ST.	HARRISBURG, PA.
Name	
P. O	R. Route No.
County	R. Route NoState
Express Office	
Freight Office	
	office?

WE DELIVER FREE ANYWHERE IN THE UNITED STATES TO ANY P. O. OR R. B. EX. OFFICE ALL VEGETABLE SEEDS, FLOWER SEEDS AND BULBS WHERE NOTED

PURCHASER PAYS TRANSIT CHARGES on pints, quarts, pecks, bushels and barrels, and Farm Seeds, Tools, Implements, Insecticides, etc.

Date,									
ENCLOSED FIND									
Postal Money Order	\$								
Express Money Order	r								
Draft									
Currency									
Coin									
Postage Stamps _									
	\$								
PLEASE DO NOT WRI	ITE IN THIS SPACE								
Received									
Filled by	Date								
Checked	Date								
Packed by	Date								
Shipped by	Date								

Mrs. S. A. Hippensteel, R. D. No. 5, Mechanicsburg, Pa., writes-

Your new strain of Improved Golden Self-Blanching Celery, which you desired me to test and which I agreed to report on, after having grown the celery, is far beyond my expectations.

The seed was planted in a hot bed and transplanted, open ground, and I received 15 to 20c per single stalk for this celery on the 28th of July. This strain is one of the finest of Golden Self-Blanching I have ever grown, absolutely free from any green celery, which is so commonly found in the ordinary Self-Blanching.

When I took this celery to market all the principal market gardeners in the Chestnut Street Market came to see it and expressed great surprise at having celery like this so early in the season.

I only regret that I did not have more of it, and you can rest assured that I will plant this exclusively next year.

Very truly yours,

							Mrs. S. A. Hip		
Clerk's Check	Pue	ıs. Qts.	Pints	Lhe	Ozs.	Pkts.	NAMES OF ARTICLES WANTED	PRI	ICE
	Dus.	Q13i	1 11165	LUS.	025.	I Kts.	(Order Flower Seeds by Number)	Dolls.	Cts.
							·		
							,		
							Amount Carried Over,		

PRICE NAMES OF ARTICLES WANTED Clerk's Bus. Qts. Pints Lbs. Ozs. Pkts. Check (Order Flower Seeds by Number) Dolls. Cts. AMOUNT BROUGHT FORWARD, TOTAL, When you send your order kindly write below the names and full addresses of persons that you know buy and plant seeds. Do not send any names unless you have reason to believe they might send us an order. For doing this you may select two 5-cent packages extra free, when you send In your order. Note Whether They Grow for Market or Home Use NAME R. F. D. STATE CITY OR TOWN

HOLMES SEED COMPANY, HARRISBURG, PA.

KITCHEN-GARDEN PLANTING TABLE

A guide to the proper times for sowing of various Seeds in order to obtain continuous succession of crops

VECETABLES IN THE KITCHEN-CARDEN	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Explanation of Signs Used in the Table
Artichoke				•	•								● To be sown in open ground without transplant-
Asparagus			5	•					• • • •	• • • • •	• • • •	• • • •	ing. Plants have to be
Beans, Bush	6	6	6	•	2	2	2	•	• • • •	••••	• • • • ,	••••	thinned out, given proper
	••••		••••		•	•			• • • •		• • • •	••••	distance. 1. Sow on seed bed in
	••••		4	4	•	•	9	•	• • • •		• • • •	• • • •	the garden, and transplant
	••••				1	1	1	••••			• • • •	•••	thence to permanent place.
		4	4	1	1	1		••••	7	7	• • • •		2. Make two sowings in
Brussels Sprouts		••••			1	1	• • • •	••••			••••	••••	open ground during the month.
Cabbage, all sorts		4	4	1	1	1			7	7	•••	••••	3. Make three sowings
Carrot	6	6	5	•		•	•	••••	• • • •		• • • •	••••	in open ground during the month.
Cauliflower	6	4.	4	1	1	1		••••	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •	••••	4. Start in greenhouse of
Celeriac		4	4	1	1	1	••••	••••	• • • • •		••••	••••	hotbed, and plant out as
Celery		4	4	1	1	1	• • • • •	• • • •	• • • • •	• • • •	• • • •	••••	soon as the ground is in good shape and weather
Chicory			5	•		•				• • • •	• • • •	••••	permits.
	••••	• • • •	• • • •		••••		•		•	••••	••••	••••	5. Sow in open ground as
Corn, Field	• • • •		• • • •	•	•	•	2		• • • •		• • • •	• • • • •	soon as it can be worked.
Sweet	••••		••••	2	2	2	2	•	• • • •	••••		• • • •	6. To be grown only in hotbed or greenhouse.
гор	• • • •	• • • •		•		•		• • • •		••••	••••	••••	7. Sow in coldframe;
			5	•	•	•			8	••••			keep plants there over win-
Cress	12	12	12	12	•	•	••••		12	12	12	12	ter with a little protection. Plant out in spring as soon
Cucumber	6	6	6	4	•	•	••••	6	6	••••	••••	••••	as the ground can be
Eggplant		6	4	1	1	1	••••	••••	• • • •	••••	• • • • •	••••	worked.
	٠٠٠٠		••••	1	1	1	1	••••	••••	••••	• • • •	••••	8. To be sown in open ground, and protected with
Kohlrabi	6	6	4	1	1	1	1	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •	• • • •	••••	litter over winter.
Leek	٠	4	4	1	1	1	2		9				9. Plant in frame. When
Lettuce	6	4.	5	1	2	2	-	_	9	9	7	• • • •	cold weather sets in, cover with sash and straw mats.
0	6	٠٠٠٠	6	•	_	•	9	٠	• • • •	••••	••••	• • • •	Plants will be ready for use
Melon	10	6 10	11	4	•	•	9	6 11	10	10			in December and January.
Mustard	12	12	12	•	•	•	• • • •	11	10	10 12	10 12	10 12	10. Plant in cellar, barn or under benches in green-
Nasturtium	14	14	14					•		12	14	14	house.
Окта	••••		4	4	2	2	2		• • • •		• • • • •	••••	11. Plant outdoors in
Onions	••••	4	4	1	1		-	• • • •		••••	••••	••••	prepared beds. 12. Sow every week in
Parsnips		1	5	9		•			••••	••••	• • • •	••••	greenhouse or frame, to
Parsley	6	6	4	•							••••	••••	have a good succession.
Peas	•	ľ	5	2	2	2	2		• • • • •		••••	••••	
_		4	4	4	1	_	-	•		•	••••		N. BFor last planting
Potatoes			1						• • • •		••••	••••	of beans, sweet corn, kohl- rabi, peas and radishes, or
Pumpkin	1	••••		4							••••	• •••	even tomatoes, take the
Radish		12	12	3	3	3		• • • •	9	9		• • • •	earliest varieties, just the same as are used for first
Rutabaga									•			••••	planting.
Salsify			S	•					•			••••	The late sowings of sal-
Spinach			5	•	•				2	8			sify are intended to remain undisturbed over winter.
Squash			4	4		•							Roots from these sowings
Tomato	6	6	4	1	1	1		6	6	6			will, the next year, attain a size double that usually
Turnip								•	•				seen.
Compare the column n					-		iven	OD F	ight-	hanc	l side		table

Compare the column number with explanations given on right-hand side of table.

MATURITY TABLE

Beans, table use	40 to	50 days
Beets, table use	50 to	70 days
Cabbages, early, for cutting	70 to	80 days
Cabbages, late, for cutting	100 to	120 days
Carrots, table use	60 to	70 days
Celery, table use	120 to	140 days
Sweet Corn, table use	65 to	80 days
Cucumbers, table use	. 45 to	60 days

Lettuce, table use	40 to	50 days
Melons, table use	65 to	90 days
Onions, for storage	80 to	120 days
Peas, table use	50 to	70 days
Radishes, table use	25 to	45 days
Tomato, table use	90 to	100 days
Turnips, for storage	65 to	90 days

Quantity of Seed Required for a Given Length of Drill

	Feet	of I	Orill
Asparagus	1	oz.	50
Beet	1	oz.	60
Beans-Dwarf	1	pt.	60
Carrot	1	oz.	150
Endive	1	oz.	100
Okra	1	oz.	40
Onions	1	oz.	50
Onion Sets	1	l pt.	20
Parsley	1	oz.	125
Parsnips	1	l oz.	150
Peas	1	pt.	50
Radishes	1	oz.	100
Salsify	1	oz.	60
Spinach	1	l oz.	100
Turnip	1	oz.	150

Weight of Manure and Fertilizers to Apply to Different Crops per Acre

Potatoes, Pulverized Sheep, 800 to 1,000 lbs. in the rows.

 Mangel Wurzel ... Stable 20 to
 30 tons

 Carrots Stable 12 to
 20 tons

 Beans Stable 12 to
 20 tons

 Onions Stable 25 to
 40 tons

 Nitrate of Soda and Potash 250 lbs.
 Salt 250 to 500 bls.

Concentrated Fertilizers

for garden or field culture......500 to 800 lbs.

Quantity of Seed Required for a Given Number of Plants

I	Plants
Asparagus1 oz.	300
Cabbage1 oz.	2,000
Cauliflower1 oz.	2,000
Celery1 oz.	2,500
Leek1 oz.	1,500
Endive1 oz.	3,000
Egg Plant1 oz.	1,000
Lettuce1 oz.	3,000
Pepper1 oz.	1,000
Tomato1 oz.	1,300
Thyme1 oz.	4,000
Sage1 oz.	1,000
Savory1 oz.	2,000
Marjoram1 oz.	1,500
Rhubarb1 oz.	500

REFERENCE TABLES

Number of plants to the acre at given distances

Dis. Apart No		Apart No.	o. Plants	Dis. Apart	No. Plants	Dis. Apart	No. Plants
12 x 1 in		24 in	10,890	36 x 36 in	4.840	60 x 60 in	
12 x 3 in	174,240 30 x	1 in	209.088	42 x 12 in	12.446	8 x 1 ft	
12 x 12 in	43,560 30 x	6 in		42 x 24 in		8 x 3 ft	1.815
		: 12 in		42 x 36 in	4,148	8 x 8 ft	
		: 16 in		48 x 12 in	10,890	10 x 1 ft	4.356
18 x 3 in		: 20 in		48 x 18 in		10 x 6 ft	
18 x 12 in		24 in		48 x 24 in	5,445	10 x 10 ft	
18 x 18 in		30 in		48 x 30 in		12 x 1 ft	
		3 in	58,080	48 x 36 in	3,630	12 x 5 ft	
20 x 20 in		: 12 in		48 x 48 in	2,723	12 x 12 ft	
24 x 1 in		: 18 in		60 x 36 in		16 x 1 ft	2,722
24 x 18 in	15,520 36 x	24 in	7,260	60 x 48 in	2,178	16 x 16 ft	170

mber of Piants

Quantity per Acre	
Cucumber, 1 oz. to 100 hills	Oni Oni Oni Par Par Pea
Grass, Blue, Kentucky	Pea
Grass, Millet	Pep
Grass, Mixed Lawn	Pun
Grass, Red Top Fancy8 to 10 lbs.	Rac
Grass, Rhode Island Bent25 to 40 lbs.	Rut
Grass, Timothy	Rye
Grass, Orchard, Perennial Rye and	Sag
Wood Meadow25 to 35 lbs.	Sals
Hemp	Spir
Horse Radish Roots	Sun
Kale, 1 oz. to 5,000 plants, or 200 feet of	Sun
drill.	Squ
Kohl Rabi, 1/3 oz. to 100 fect of drill 4 lbs.	Squ
Leek, ½ oz. to 100 feet of drill 4 lbs.	Ton
Lettuce, ¼ oz. to 100 feet of drill 3 lbs.	Tob
Melon, Musk, 1 oz. to 100 hills 1 to 3 lbs.	Tur
	Vet
Nasturtium, 2 oz. to 100 fect of drill 15 lbs.	Vet
Okra, 1 oz. to 100 feet of drill 8 lbs.	

s	and Sow an Acre	
	Quantity per	Acre
	Onion Seed, ½ oz. to 100 ft. of drill. 4 to 5 Onion Seed for sets	lbs. lbs. lbs. lbs.
	Bone field 55 to 120	lbs.
	Sunflower 8 Squash, summer 4 oz. to 100 hills 4 Squash, winter 8 oz. to 100 hills 2 Tomato 1 oz. to 2,000 to 3,000 plants Tobacco 1 oz. to 5,000 plants	lbs. lbs. lbs. lbs. lbs. lbs. lbs. lbs.
	Turnip, 1 oz. to 250 feet of drill1 to 3 Vetch, spring	lbs. lbs. lbs.

Table to Assist Farmers and Gardeners in Making Accurate Estimate of the Amount of Land in Different Fields Under Cultivation

10 rods x 16 rods equal 8 rods x 20 rods equal	1 acre	40 yards x 121 yards equal	1 acre
5 rods x 32 rods equal	1 acre	200 feet x 108.9 feet equal	1/3 acre
5 yards x 968 yards equal	1 acre	100 feet x 108.9 feet equal	1/4 acre

FOREIGN NAMES OF VEGETABLES AND HERBS

ENGLISH	GERMAN	FRENCH	SPANISH	ITALIAN DA	NISH-NORWEGIAN	POLISH
Anise	.Anis, Grüner Anis	.Anis	.Anis, Matalahuga	. Aniso, Anacio	.Anis	Anyz
Artichoke	.Artischoke	.Artichaut	.Alcachofa	.Articiocca	.Artiskok	Karczochy
Asparagus	.Spargel	.Asperge	.Esparrago	.Sparagio	.Asparges	.Szparagi
Balm	.Citronen-Melisse	. Melisse citronelle	. Toronjil, Citronella	. Melissa	. Balsamurt	. Balsam
					. Basilikum	
Beans	.Bohnen	.Haricots	. Habichuela	.Fagiuoli	. Boenner	. Fasola
					. Roedbede	
					. Borago	
					. Broccoli-Kaal	
Brussels Sprouts	. Rosenkohl	.Chou de Bruxelles	. Bretones de Bruselas.	.Cavolo di Brusselles.	.Rosenkaal	Latorvil
					.Hovedkaal	•
					.Savoikaal	
					.Karve	
					.Gulerod	
					. Blomkaal	•
					.Selleri	
					.Knopselleri	
					. Kjoervel	
					.Cichorie	
					.Koriander	
					.Vaarsalat	
					.Mais	•
					.Karse	
					.Broendkarse	
					.Agurk	
					.Locvetand	•
					.Dil	•
					.Aegplante	
	.Endivien		.Endivia	.Endivia	.Endivie	Endywia
Endive,		Chicoréc-Scarole				
	.Escariol					
					.Fennikel	
Garlic	.Knoblauch	.Ail	.Ajo	.Aglio	.Hvidloeg	Czosnek

FOREIGN NAMES OF VEGETABLES AND HERBS—Continued

ENGLISH	GERMAN	FRENCH	SPANISH	ITALIAN	DANISH-NORWEGIAN	POLISH
Horehound	. Andorn		Marrubio			Marubium
Horse Radish	Meer Rettig	Raifort sauvage	Taramago	Rafano	Peberrod	. Clırzan
Hysson	Ison	Hyssope	Hisopo	Issopo	Isop	. Hyzop
Kale	Blätterkohl	Cliou vert	Breton, Berza	Cavolo verde	Groenkaal	. Solanka
Kohl Rabi	Knollkohl	Chou-rave	Col rabano	Cavolo rapa	Kaalrabi	. Kalarepa
Lavender	Lavendel	Lavende	Espliego	Lavanda	Lavendel	. Lawenda
Leek	. Porree, Lauch	Poireau	Puerro	Porro	Purre	, Pory
Lettuce	Lattich, Kopfsalat	Laitue	Lechuga	Lattuga	Salat	Salata
Marjoram	Majoran	Marjolaine	Mejorana	Maggiorana	Merian	. Majeranek
Melon	Melone	Melon	Melon	, . Popone	Melon	, Melon
Melon, Water	Wasser-Melone	Melon d'eau	Sandia	Melone d'aqua	Vandmelon	. Melon, wodny
Mushroom	Schwamm	Champignon	Seta	Fungo pratajolo	Champignon	.Grzyb
					Blomkarse	
					Hibiskus	
					Roedloeg	
					Persille	
Parsnip	Pastinake	Panais	Chirivia	Pastinaca	Pastinak	Pasternak
					Erter	
					Spansk Peber	
					Graeskar	
					Reddik	
					Rhabarber	
					Rosmarin	
					Rude	
					Roe	
					Safran	
					Salvie	
					Havrerod	
					Syre	
					Sar	
					Spinat	
					Squash-graeskar	
					Blad bede	
					Timian	
					Tomat	
					Turnips	
Wormwood	Wermuth	Absinthe	Ajenjo	Assenzio	Malurt	Piotun

VEGETABLES—SEED SOWING AND PLANTING TABLE FOR HOME GARDENERS TIME TO SOW GERMA, TIME RE-														
Variety	TIME TO SOW GERMI- NATING UNDER OPEN TEM- PERA- GERMI- NATING QU TEM- PERA- GERMI- NATING GERMI- NAT				TIME REQUIRED FOR MATURITY		NTING TANCE	Amount of Seed.	ДЕРТН					
OF VEGETABLE			PERA-	GERMI- NATE	FROM DATE SOWN	APART IN ROWS	Rows Apart	ETC., REQUIRED	OF PLANT					
ARTICHOKE, Globe ARTICHOKE, Jerusalem ASPARAGUS, Seeds ASPARAGUS, Roots BEANS, Dwarf BEANS, Pole and Lima BEETS BORECOLE (Kale) For Spring use For Fall use BRUSSELS SPROUTS CABBAGE, Early	March Feb'y.	May	65° 65° 60° 75° 80° 60° 70° 70°	20 to 28 6 to 10 6 to 10 7 to 10 6 to 10 6 to 10 6 to 10 6 to 10 6 to 10	3 to 4 years 45 to 75 days 65 to 100 days 60 to 75 days 85 to 120 days 85 to 120 days 100 to 120 days 100 to 125 days	2-3 ft 2-3 ft 1 ft 3 in 3 ft 4 in 2 ft 1½ ft 1½ ft	2-3 ft	1/2 oz. for 100 ft. row. 1/2 oz. for 100 ft. row. 2 oz. for 100 ft. row. 100 for 100 ft. row. 1 qt. for 100 ft. row. 2 oz. for 100 ft. row. 2 oz. for 100 ft. row. 3/4 oz. for 100 ft. row.	1-2 in. 1-2 in. 1-2 in. 3-5 in. ½-2 in. 1-2 in. 1-2 in. 1-2 in. ½-2 in. ½-2 in. ½-2 in. ½-2 in. ½-2 in. ½-2 in.					
CABBAGE, Late. CARROT, Early. CARROT, Late. CAULIFLOWER, Early. CAULIFLOWER, Late. CELERY. CHERVIL CORN, SUGAR CRESS, Walis.	March Feb'y	May and June April May to July April May and June. April and May May to July April,	70° 60° 60° 70° 70° 60° 60° 75°	6 to 10 10 to 15 10 to 15 6 to 10 6 to 10 12 to 20 	120 to 180 days 65 to 85 days 100 to 120 days 100 to 115 days 100 to 135 days 125 to 150 days 60 to 100 days	2½ ft 4 in 5 in 1½ ft 6 in broadcast 3 ft broadcast	2½ ft. 1½ ft. 2 ft. 2½ ft. 3 ft. 3 to 5 ft. 20 in. 4 ft.	3 oz. for 100 ft. row. 1 oz. for 100 ft. row. 1 oz. for 100 ft. row. 1 oz. for 100 ft. row. 2 oz. for 100 ft. row. 2 oz. for 100 ft. row. 1 oz. for 100 ft. row. 1 oz. for 100 ft. row. 2 oz. for 100 ft. row. 1 oz. for 100 ft. row.	1/2 in. 1/2 in. 1/2 in. 1/2 in. 1/2 in. 1/2 in. 1/3 in. 1/2 in. 1 in. 1-2 in. 0n sur.					
CUCUM BER EGG PLANT ENDIVE HORSERADISH KOHLRABI LEEK LETTUCE MELON, MUSK MELON, WATER ONION, Seed	March Feb'y. Feb'y. Feb'y.	May to July April to Aug April and May April to July April and May April to Aug May to June May to June April and May	80° 80° 60° 60° 60° 60° 80° 80°	6 to 8 10 to 14 6 to 10 6 to 10 6 to 10 6 to 10 6 to 10 8 to 12 6 to 10	60 to 85 days 125 to 160 days 75 to 100 days 65 to 85 days 120 to 160 days 90 to 120 days 90 to 125 days 120 to 150 days	4 ft 2½ ft 1 ft 14-20 in. 1 ft 6 in 4 ft 8 ft	4 ft	1 oz. for 60 hills. ½ oz. for 100 ft. row. 1 oz. for 100 ft. row. 70 roots for 100 ft ½ oz. for 100 ft. row. 1 oz. for 100 ft. row. ½ oz. for 100 ft. row. 1 oz. for 60 hills 1 oz. for 30 hills	1-2 in. 1/2-1 in. 1/2-1 in. 3-4 in. 1/2 in. 1 in. 1/2 in. 1-2 in. 1-2 in. 1/2-1 in.					
ONION, Sets. PARSLEY PARSNIP. PEAS, Wrinkled PEAS, Smooth PEPPER. POTATOES. PUMPKINS. RADISH. RHUBARB PLANTS. SPINACH. SQUASH, Summer.	March	April and May April and May April and May April April to July April to June April to June April to Sept April to Sept April to Sept May to July.	60° 60° 70° 65° 80° 70° 80° 60° 60° 80°	18 to 24 12 to 18 5 to 10 5 to 10 10 to 14 15 to 25 6 to 10 4 to 6	90 to 100 days 100 to 150 days 50 to 75 days 50 to 65 days 135 to 150 days 75 to 100 days 100 to 125 days 25 to 50 days 60 to 75 days 60 to 75 days	3 in 3 in 4 in 6 in 2 in 2 in 2 ft 10 in 8 ft 2-4 in 3 ft 4 in 4 ft	1 ft	1 oz. for 100 ft. row. 3 pts. for 100 ft. row. 3 oz. for 100 ft. row. ½ oz. for 100 ft. row. 1 qt. for 100 ft. row. 1 qt. for 100 ft. row. ½ oz. for 100 ft. row. 1 peck to 100 ft. row. 1 oz. for 30 hills. 1 oz. for 100 ft. row. 3 plants for 100 ft. row. 1 oz. for 50 hills.	/2-1 in. 1-2 in. /s in. /s in. 2-3 in. 2-3 in. /2 in. 4 in. 1-2 in. /2-1 in. 1-2 in. 1-2 in. 1-2 in.					
SQUASH, Winter TOMATO TURNIP	Feb. A	May to June June April to Sept	80° 80° 70°	6 to 10 6 to 10 4 to 7	100 to 125 days 125 to 150 days 60 to 75 days	8 ft	8 ft 3 ft 1 to 1½ ft.	1 oz. for 50 hills 1/8 oz. for 100 hills 3/4 oz. for 100 ft. row.	$1-2$ in. $\frac{1}{2}-1$ in. $\frac{1}{4}-\frac{1}{2}$ in.					

BLACK LEAF 40"

Liquid Nicotine Sulphate Insecticide. (40% Nicotine Guaranteed)

Highly Recommended by Experiment Stations and Agricultural Colleges for Spraying Against APHIS, LEAF-HOPPERS, THRIPS, RED BUGS

Many crops are attacked by these pests. They injure the foliage, weaken the plants and reduce both the quantity and quality

of the crops; if, indeed, the plants themselves are not destroyed.

These pests belong to the "sucking" class of insects. With their sharp slender beaks they puncture the tissues and suck juices from within the interior of leaf, stem, blossom and twig. They must be destroyed by spraying with a "contact insecticide," such as "Black Leaf 40." They can not be destroyed with arsenical poisons like Arsenate of Lead and Paris Green, which must be eaten to be effective.

SOAP AS A SPREADER

In order to assist the "Black Leaf 40" to penetrate to and thoroughly wet the insect, it is advisable when spraying with "Black Leaf 40" alone to add 3 to 4 pounds of dissolved soap to every 100 gallons of spray. When using "Black Leaf 40" in combination with other sprays, do not use soap. Fish Oil Soap is the best.

"BLACK LEAF 40" SPRAY CALENDAR (Abbreviated)

	The second secon	(210	bieviated)	
PLANTS	INSECTS	PARTS ATTACKED	DILUTE "BLACK 40"	REMARKS
	Green and Rosy Aphis.	Under surface of leaves, fruit, twigs.	I to 1000	Spray when buds are green in spring. Do not wait till leaves are curled.
Apple	Woolly Aphis.	Trunk, branches, roots.	1 to 800	Spray when insects are present on tops; on roots, remove soil and saturate roots.
	Red Bug.	Leaves, fruit.	I to 800	Spray when blossoms show pink and when blossoms fall.
Peach Plum Cherry	Black, Green and Mealy Aphis.	Twigs and under surface of leaves.	1 to 800	Spray when buds open in spring and later when insects are present, before leaves curl.
Currant Watermelon Cantaloupe Cucumber	Green Aphis.	Stems and under surface of leaves.	I to 1000	Spray when insects appear. Use angle nozzle and wet under sides of leaves, where insects work. Spray carefully.
Pea Bean Turnip Potato Tomato Cabbage Pepper	Green, Pink and Black Aphis.	Stems and under surface of leaves; also blossoms and pods.	I to 800 to I to 1000	Spray when insects appear. Use angle nozzle so as to wet under sides of leaves. Spray carefully.
Shrubs Flowers Shade Trees	Aphis Thrips Leaf-Hoppers.	Leaves and blossoms.	1 to 1000	Spray when insects appear. It is best not to spray tender plants during hot sunshine.

IMPORTANT: "Black Leaf 40" may be used in combination with Arsenate of Lead, Lime-Sulphur, Bordeaux Mixture, Sulphur, etc., thereby saving time and labor. Ask or write for special descriptive leaflets.

"BLACK LEAF 40" is highly concentrated-permits of large dilutions; hence inexpensive.

Perfectly soluble in water—does not clog the nozzles nor gum the pump.

Used as directed, it does not injure foliage or fruit. Its strength is guaranteed by the manufacturer.

Complete directions on every package.

"Black Leaf 40" is packed as illustrated at the right. Each package will make the number of gallons of spraying material stated

below it; depending upon the various insects to be destroyed. The price of each package is shown at the right.

Protect your plants from Aphis, Thrips, Leaf-Hoppers by using this highly recommended insecticide.

Being a poison this can not go through 1 Oz., 25c the mail. Sent only by express.



½ lb., 75c Makes 6 Gals. Makes 40-150 Gals. Makes 160-600 Gals



2 lbs., \$2.50



10 lbs., \$10.75 Makes 800-3000 Gals.

ORCHARD BRAND SPRAY PRODUCTS

THESE PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

The materials we carry in stock and recommend for spraying are ORCHARD BRAND spray products.

We have selected this brand because we desire to offer our customers a complete line of highest grade spraying materials.

Orchard Brand Lime Sulphur Solution

A highly concentrated Insecticide and Fungicide—tests 33° Beaume at 60° F.

For dormant period spraying on all fruit trees dilute 1 gallon with 8 or 9 of water.

For growing period spraying on apples dilute 1 gallon with 40 gallons water (do not use on peach and plum trees in growing period). Vaseline applied to hands and face will protect the skin from irritation.

10-ga!lon can		 50
½ barrel, per gallon		 19
Barrel, per gallon		 17

Orchard Brand B. T. S.

This is a dry material to be used in the place of Lime Sulphur Solution in both dormant and growing period sprayings (do not use on peach or plum trees in growing period).

Will dissolve readily is suspended in a cheese cloth or muslin bag in the top of a bucket—convenient to handle owing to greatly reduced bulk. For dermant spraying use 4 ounces to a gallon of water (12 to 13 pounds to 50 gallons).

1-lb. packag	e, per	1b								 						.33	5
5-15. package	e, per	1ь								 	:					. 30)
10-lb. package	e, per	1b						-		 						. 20)
25-lb. package	e, per	1b		 						 						. 13	3
50-lb. package	e, per	1b														. 12	2
100-lb, package	e. ner	1b														. 11	1

Orchard Brand Arsenate of Lead Paste

This is a standard insecticide for insects that eat the foliage of plants. Contains not less than 15% Arsenic Oxide.

For general use 1 oz. to a gallon of water is sufficient. For voracious feeders 2 ozs. may be used.

1-lb. package, pe	r lb	.35
5-lb. package, per	r Ib,	.30
10-lb. package, per	r 1b	.25
25-lb. package, per	r 1b	.23
50-lb. package, pe	r 1b	.22
100 lb. package, per	r 1b	.29

Orchard Brand Dry Powder Arsenate of Lead

This is a fine flocculent white powder, containing not less than 31% Arsenic Oxide.

It is more convenient to handle than the paste form and may be used for either liquid or dry applications. As it is double the strength of the paste form it is used at half the quantity $(\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{9}{4}$ of an oz. to a gallon).

	1-lb. package,	per	16	٠.													. 55	i
	5-lb. package,	per	lb	٠.									 				. 50)
	10-lb. package,	per	1b						 			 					.45	,
	25-lb. package,	per	lb						 								.42	:
	50-lb. package,	per	lb						 								. 40)
]	100-lb. package,	per	1b	١.					 								. 36	,

Orchard Brand Arsenate of Zinc Powdered

This is a quick-acting poison to be used on potatoes, tomatoes and similar truck crops.

Owing to its quick-killing properties, adhesiveness and freedom from injurious effects, it is recognized as the best poison for killing potato bugs, asparagus beetle and similar pests.

Should be applied at the rate of 2 lbs. to an acre.

Do not use on fruit trees or grape vines.

1-lb. package, per lb	. 50
5-lb. package, per lb	.47
10-lb. package, per lb	.45
25-lb. package, per lb	42
50-lb. package, per lb	.40
100-lb. package, per lb	.32

Orchard Brand Bordeaux Mixture

This is a general fungicide, containing not less than 14% copper hydroxide (equivalent to 9% metallic copper).

For general use on apples, grapes, potatoes, tomatoes and other truck crops, use 2 to 3 ozs. to a gallon of water (7 to 9 lbs. to 50 gal.).

Do not use on peaches, plums or other stone fruits.

1-lb. package, per lb	 	. 30
5-lb. package, per lb	 	.28
10-lb. package, per lb	 	.25
25-lb. package, per lb	 	.24
50-lb. package, per lb	 	.23
100-lb. package, per lb	 	.20

Orchard Brand Bordeaux Lead

This is a combined insecticide and fungicide for general use on apples, grapes, potatoes, tomatoes and similar plants (do not use on peaches and plums)

For general treatment use $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ ozs. per gallon (9 to 10 lbs. to 50 gals.) of water.

1-lb. r	oackage,	per	1b													. 3	35
5-lb. _I	oackage,	per	1b														32
10-lb. I	oackage,	per	lb													. 3	30
25-lb. I	oackage,	per	łЬ		 . ,						 					.2	24
50-lb. I	oackage,	per	łb													. 2	20
100-lb. p	oackage,	per	lb		 						 					. 1	18

Orchard Brand Bordeaux Zinc

This is a combined insecticide and fungicide for use on potatoes, to matoes and asparagus.

Use at the rate of 10 lbs. per acre.

1-lb. package, p	oer	lb	 	,													40	
5-lb. package, p	er	lb							 								35	
10-lb. package, p	er	lb	 														32	
25-lb. package, p	er	lb	 			-											30	
50-lb. package, p	er	lb	 														25	
100-lb, package, r	oer	16															20	

Orchard Brand Atomic Sulphur

This is the safest and best remedy for scab and brown rot on peaches and plums.

Use $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $1\frac{3}{4}$ ozs. to a gallon (5 lbs. to 50 gals.) of water.

1- 1 b.	package,	per	1b			 						 						2	j
5-lb.	package,	per	1b														. :	22	2
10-lb.	package,	per	1b														.]	18	3
25-lb.	package,	per	lb			-											. 1	16	ì
50-lb.	package,	per	lb		. ,	-					 						. 1	lā	,
100-lb.	package,	per	1b		 					 							. 1	4	

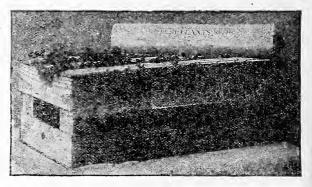
Holmes' Vegetable Plants

PLANTS THAT GROW

PRICES RIGHT

Delivered anywhere East of Mississippi

"All Varieties" are grown from high quality seeds, packed in ventilated packages to reach you promptly in good growing condition. We prefer to send small orders (2,000 plants or less) by Parcel Post, but FOR YOUR BENEFIT must insist that you GIVE BOTH EXPRESS and POSTOFFICE ADDRESS PLAINLY (state distance to each). Large orders will come EX-PRESS PREPAID. YOU NEED PAY NO POST-AGE OR EXPRESS CHARGES on vegetable plants. SAFE DELIVERY GUARANTEED. Terms: Cash with order. Note change of prices under different dates.



All varieties are grown. Mention what you prefer. When no variety names are mentioned we will send what we believe will give you the best results.

TRANSPLANTED PLANTS

All plants are large, well-hardened plants, ready for the field. Uniform plants of great vitality. No weaklings or misses, but every plant a good one. "Business Plants" for the man who plants for profit.

CABBAGE PLANTS—Ready April 1 to June 1. Early Jersey Wakefield, Charleston Wakefield, Early Summer, Copenhagen Market. Doz. 15 cts., 2 doz. 25 cts., 100 80 cts, 500 \$3.25, 1,000 \$5.50.

CELERY PLANTS—Ready April 1 to June 1. Golden Self-Bleaching, Snow White and Giant Pascal. Doz. 15 cts., 2 doz. 25 cts., 100, 75 cts., 500 \$3, 1,000 \$5.50.

TOMATO PLANTS—Ready May I to June 15. Improved Earliana, New Dwarf Stone, Success, Red Rock, Ponderosa. Doz. 15 cts., 2 doz. 25 cts., 100 90 cts., 500 \$3.50, 1,000 \$6.

HEAD LETTUCE—Ready March I to May I. Iceberg and Big Boston. Doz. 10 cts., 3 doz. 25 cts., 100 75 cts., 500 \$2.50, 1,000 \$4.50.

SWEET PEPPERS—Ready May I to June 20. Holmes' Sweet Prolific, Ruby King and Chinese Giant. Doz. 20 cts., 3 doz. 50 cts., 100 \$1.25, 500 \$4.50, 1,000 \$7.50.

EARLY CAULIFLOWER—Ready March 15 to June 1. Early Snowball. Doz. 20 cts., 3 doz. 50 cts., 100 \$1.25, 500 \$5, 1,000 \$8.

EGG PLANTS—Ready May 10. Black Beauty, New York Improved. Doz. 25 cts., 3 doz. 65 cts., 100, \$1.50, 500 \$6, 1,000 \$9.

POTTED PLANTS

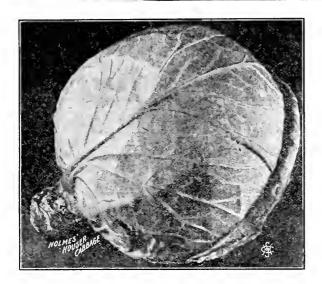
POTTED TOMATOES—Langdon's Earliana, Holmes' Everbearing, Bonny Best, Chalk's Early Jewel, Matchless and Stone. Ready May 1° to July 1. Doz. 50 cts., 2 doz. 85 cts., 100 \$4.

POTTED EGG PLANTS—Black Beauty. Doz. 75 cts., 2 doz. \$1.25, 100 \$6.

I get 50 peach baskets of ripe tomatoes from 100 potted plants.

Potted tomato plants will ripen their crop three weeks earlier than Transplanted plants.

The man who has early ripe tomatoes gets the money for them.



LATE TOMATO PLANTS

Five hundred thousand Stone and Chalks Jewel. 60 cts. per 100, \$3 per 1,000, \$11 per 5,000. Ready May 10 to July 10.

FIELD GROWN PLANTS

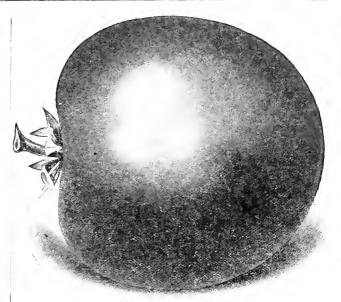
CABBAGE PLANTS—Ready May 20 to September 1. Three million extra stocky Cabbage Plants sown thin in rows, twelve inches apart. Dug with forks (not pulled up), so every plant has mass of roots. Packed in damp moss and shipped carefully.

Can be shipped safely to Texas, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi and Canada, and all nearer States.

All Head Early, Succession, Copenhagen Market, Henderson's Early Summer, Early Jersey Wakefield, Enkhuizen Glory, Flat Dutch and Surehead. 50 cts. per 100, \$3 per 1,000, \$10 per 5,000.

CELERY PLANTS—Ready July I to September I. Two million hardy and extra fine plants, raised by heavy fertilization, in rows 14 inches apart, thinned by hand and kept entirely free of weeds. No plants shipped except good, strong plants. (Satisfaction guaranteed.) 50 cts. per 100, \$3.50 per 1,000.

GOLDEN SELF-BLEACHING (French Grown Seed)—White Plume, Winter Queen, Giant Pascal and Golden Heart. 50 cts. per 100, \$3 per 1,000.

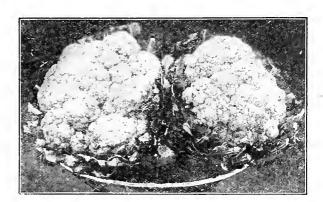


NON-WARRANTY

While we endeavor to have all plants true to name, carefully packed and promptly shipped, we give no warranty, expressed or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness or of any other matter, of any of the plants we send out, and will not in any way be responsible for the crop.

All orders accepted subject to plants being unsold.

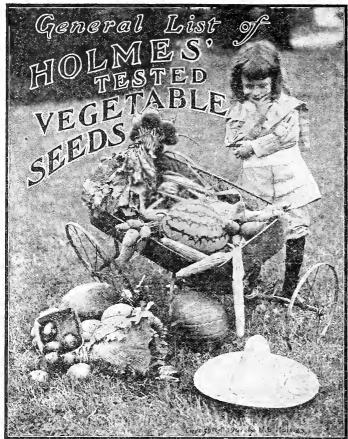
Every order received will be accepted upon these conditions only, and they must be accepted by the customer when ordering.



Spray Vegetables with

"BLACK LEAF 40"

To Destroy Aphis



TWENTY-THREE YEARS IN BUSINESS THIS IS WHAT TALKS

Satisfaction Guaranteed

OR YOUR MONEY BACK

All Seeds or other articles listed in this Catalog are sold with the understanding that should they fail to please, we will refund the price paid or duplicate your order free.

BULK SEED DISCOUNTS

On a \$5 Order, Discount is 10 percent.
On a \$10 Order, Discount is 15 percent. On a \$20 Order, Discount is 20 percent.

This discount is allowed on all general orders for Flower and This discount is allowed on all general orders for Flower and Vegetable Seeds in packets, ounces, quarter-pounds, pounds, pints, quarts, four quarts, pecks and bushels, when the order is for five or more items, BUT IS NOT ALLOWED ON AN ORDER FOR A SINGLE ITEM, NOR ON POTATOES, ONION SETS, BULBS, GRASS SEEDS AND FIELD SEEDS, SUCH AS FIELD CORN, OATS, BARLEY, COW-PEAS, ETC. ON ORDERS OF PACKETS OR OUNCES AMOUNTING TO \$1.00, DEDUCT 20 CENTS FROM EACH ONE DOLLAR SENT.

We call this Catalog "Holmes" Advance Agent

Since the Parcel Post has been inaugurated, it is now just as easy

for the farcer Post has been inaugurated, it is now just as easy for the farmer to buy direct from our catalog as to call at our store or have our salesman call on you. "The Tested Seeds" offered by the Holmes Seed Co. are seeds of "Known Vitality and Purity," and are the best soil and cultivation can grow. Forty years' experience enables us to know, and we realize that the farmer and home gardener must have the best that grows.

ARTICHOKE

Artischoke Articiocca Karczocky

Culture.—May be grown from seed sown in April, or from suckers taken from established plants. The seed can be sown in beds and the plants transplanted to rows 4 feet apart, 18 inches between. Three ounces of seed will sow 100 yards of row. Pkt., .05; Oz., .25; 1/4 Lb., 85 Large Green Globe.-Grown chiefly for unripe flower heads, delicious.

By Mail, Postpaid

ASPARAGUS

Spargel Sparagio Szparagi

Culture. - Sow in March or April, in rows 1 foot apart. When two years old, transplant into permanent beds. Set the plants in rows from 3 to 4 feet apart and 2 feet in the row, and cover gradually during the season to 6 or 8 inches. On approach of winter cover with manure or straw. One ounce will sow 40 feet of drill.

BARR'S MAMMOTH.—Valuable for market; stalks large, tender, light. See illustration.

Pkt., .05; Oz., .10; ¾ Lb., .20; Lb., .75

Columbian Mammoth White.—New Variety; valuable for its whiteness. Pkt., .05; Oz., .10; ¼ Lb., .25; Lb., .85

Conover's Colossal.—Mammoth, green, of largest size; extra good. Pkt., .05; Oz., 10; ¼ Lb., .20; Lb., .75

GIANT ARGENTEUIL.—Early, large, good, flavor superb, white.

Pkt., .10; Oz., .15; ½ Lb., .35; Lb., 1.00

Palmetto.—Thick, dark green shoots, early, uniform, disease-resisting.
Pkt., .05; Oz., .10; ¼ Lb., .25; Lb., .85

By Mail, Postpaid

ASPARAGUS ROOTS

Two years old; 2,500 roots are required to plant an acre.

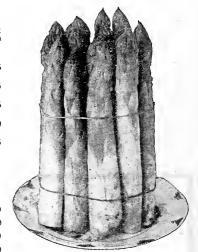
Barr's Mammoth, and Columbian Mammoth White.

Per 100, 1,00; per 500, 3.00; per 1,000, 5.50

Conover's Colossal.—Old and well-known variety. Per 100, .75; per 500, 2.75; per 1,000, 5.00 Giant Argenteuil.—Extra good, large. Per 100, 1.25; per 500, 3.50; per 1,000, 6.50

Per 100, 1.25; per 500, 3.00; per 1,000, 5.50 Palmetto, or Eclipse.—Early, prolific.

By Express or Freight, Not Prepaid



Barr's Mammoth Asparagus

BROCCOLI

One ounce will sow a bed 40 feet square

Culture.-Same as cauliflower.

Early Purple Cape.—Heads of medium size, close, compact, brownish Best suited to our climate, and of excellent flavor.

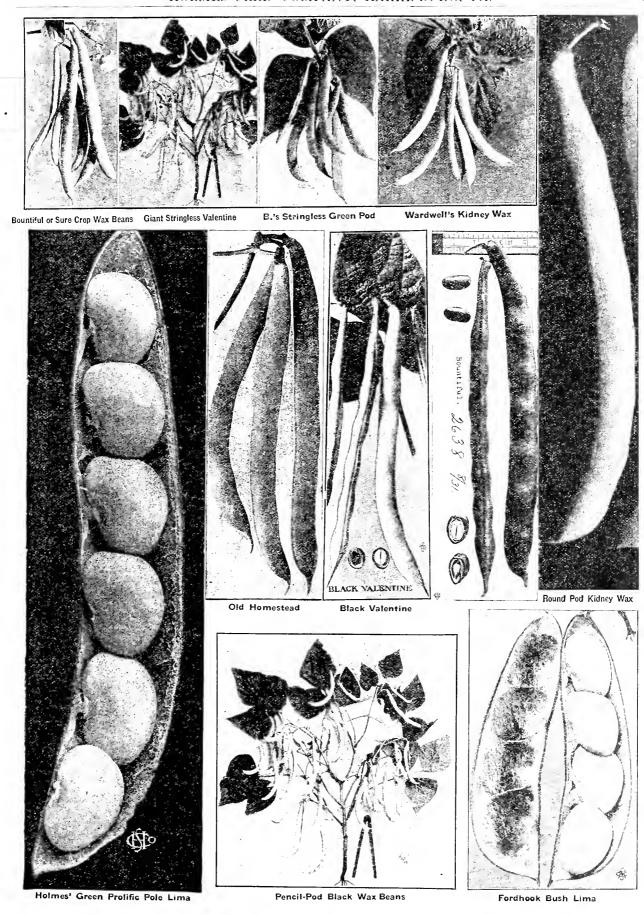
Pkt., 05; Oz., 35; ½ Lb., 1.00; Lb., 3.75

BRUSSELS SPROUTS

Culture.—The seed should be sown in April or May, and the plants vated like cabbage. The heads are improved by frost. An ounce of cultivated like cabbage. seed will produce 2,000 plants.

Paris Market .- Dwarf, with small, solid, tender heads, growing close along the stem.

Pkt., .05; Oz., .20; Lb1/4., .50; Lb., 1.50



BEANS

Bohnen Fagiuoli

These prices are subject to change without notice

Culture.—About the first of May sow in rows 2 inches deep and 18 inches to 2 feet apart; beans 3 inches apart. Sow every two weeks for a succession until September. One quart to 100 feet of drill. One and a half bushels per acre. We put up liberal-sized packets at 10 cts., postpaid.

SPECIALTY

GIANT GREEN-POD STRINGLESS VALENTINE BEAN

An Extra-Early, Green-Podded Bush Bean of fine quality.

Remarkably early; exceedingly prolific. Ready

for market in 45 days

One of the best grccn-podded Bcans in the entire list, either for the home garden or for market. It is very early, exceedingly prolific, with pods fully one-third longer than the old standard Red Valentine. The pods are round and handsome and without any string.

SPECIALTY

BOUNTIFUL BUSH

The first in the spring; last until fall; absolutely stringless

This is a flat-podded green Bean; enormously prolific and continuous bearer; early and late; absolutely stringless; very tender and excellent flavor.

SPECIALTY

STRINGLESS GREEN-POD

Absolutely stringless, of fine flavor; the earliest green-podded Bean. Without any exception it surpasses all others in crispness and tenderness. The pods are absolutely stringless and ready to market two weeks earlier than the best stock of other carly Red Valentines.

BLACK VALENTINE

Very popular in the South for shipping to market, being a very vigorous strong grower, making a long, handsome Bean, very meaty and one of the best and most prolific market sorts. See illustration.

Price of the above	Pkt.	Lb.	2 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
The of the asoverning	.10	.40	.75 postpaid.	25.00

DWARF GREEN-PODDED SNAP-SHORT BEANS

Best of All. Round; long glossy green; fleshy pods.

DWARF HORTICULTURAL.—An excellent green-podded sort.

Early China Red Eye.—Very early; old standard sort.

Early Mohawk.-Very early and hardy; long, flat, straight pods.

Large White Marrowfat.-For winter use.

LONGFELLOW.—Perfectly round; early; prolific; pods solid, fleshy.

Long Yellow Six Weeks.—Early, with full, flat green pods.

Low's Champion Bush.-Exceedingly fine; prolific.

NEW HODSON GREEN-POD .- Long, straight, round, green pods.

Red Kidney.

REFUGEE, or 1,000-to-1.-Late; hardy; very productive.

Refugee Extra Early.—Very prolific; exceptionally free from strings.

Round Yellow Six Weeks.—Very prolific; semi-round pods. TENNESSEE GREEN-POD .- Excellent shipper; medium to late;

flat pods. White Kidney.-Medium-sized pods; coarse; dark green; late.

White Navy.—Sure cropper; prolific; good quality; early.

100 Lbs. 22.00

Lb. 2 Lbs. .65 postpaid. Price of the above..... Pkt.

SPECIALTY

NEW ROUND-POD KIDNEY OR BRITTLE WAX BEAN

The Meatiest, Crispest, Most Brittle and Entirely Stringless Bean Grown

Our customers have frequently asked for a round-podded Wax Bean, our customers have frequently asked for a round-podded Wax Bean, possessing the excellent market and shipping qualities of the popular Wardwell's kidney Wax, and this is the first Bean we have ever discovered that will fill the bill. The plant grows tall, strong and sturdy, with long, round, handsome, stringless pods of large size, very solid and full of meat; crisp, brittle and free from rust; wonderfully early and productive. See illustration.

SPECIALTY

SURE-CROP STRINGLESS OR BOUN-TIFUL WAX

A dwarf-growing variety; strong, vigorous vincs producing early, rich yellow pods of extra size, measuring 7 to 7½ inches long, more than ½ inch wide, nearly ½ inch thick, and of excellent quality. But this is not all. It is one of the most prolific Bush Beans known to the trade, and its bountiful crop of splendid Beans sells at sight. See illustration.

2 Lbs. 100 Lbs. Price of the above...... Pkt. .10 .85 postpaid. 30.00 . 50

DWARF WAX-PODDED SNAP-SHORT

Golden Wax .- The well-known old sort; popular for market. IMPROVED RUSTPROOF GOLDEN WAX.—A greatly improved strain; more prolific and superior to the old Golden Wax.

Keeney's Improved Stringless Refugee Wax.—(New.) Decided improvement on old Refugee Wax; best for canning.

New Prolific German, or Cylinder Wax .- Very early and prolific; pods round, full and stringless.

Perfection Wax.—Large, handsome pods, very showy.

WARDWELL'S KIDNEY WAX .- Very robust and hardy, one of the very best, large-podded varieties.

Saddleback Wax .- Entirely stringless, of fine quality.

Valentine Wax.—A perfect Valentine Bean with a wax pod; valuable for both market gardeners and private planter.

Davis Wax.—Most hardy and productive wax bean in cultivation; pods long, straight and handsome.

Pencil Pod Black Wax.—Hardier and more prolific than the old German Wax. Pods long, pencil-like, tender and brittle.

Currie's Rustproof Wax .- Positively proof against rust and possesses most excellent quality.

Hodson Wax.—Sturdy grower; productive; a market Bean.

100 Lbs. Price of above..... Pkt. Lb. 2 Lbs. 28.00 .75 postpaid.

POLE LIMA BEANS

green, and the only Lima Bean that is absolutely green when dried. Equals Early Jersey for earliness and is more productive than any other Pole Lima we have ever seen. See illustration.

CARPINTERIA LIMA.—Beans largest size and much thicker than old type. Extra-fine quality.

DREER'S IMPROVED LIMA .- A thick, almost round Bean; fine quality.

Extra-Early Jersey Lima.-Much earlier than Large White Lima.

King of the Garden Lima .- Very prolific and heavy bearer.

Large White Lima .- The old favorite.

Small White, or Carolina Sieva.—A small seedling variety.

TRUCKER'S DELIGHT EXTRA-EARLY LIMA.—The green shelled Beans are of immense size, tender and succulent.

Price of above..... Pkt. .65 postpaid. 22 00

WAX-PODDED POLE, or RUNNING

Culture.—After settled warm weather, set 4 to 8-foot poles in rows 4 feet apart, the poles being 3 feet apart in the row. Around each hill plant five to eight Beans 2 inches deep; thin to four plants. One quart to 150 hills; 12 to 15 quarts to acre.

EARLY GOLDEN CLUSTER WAX .- Early; thick, flat pods; prolific. Golden Butter Wax .- An excellent sort.

KENTUCKY WONDER WAX.-New. Fleshy and quite as stringless as snaps; golden-yellow.

Price of above...... Pkt. 2 Lbs. .85 postpaid. 30.00

GREEN-PODDED POLE, or RUNNING

Golden Carmine-Podded Hortlcultural.-Early: stringless.

Horticultural, or Wren's Egg.—Best for corn Beans.

LAZY WIFE .- Pods dark green; fleshy; entirely stringless; rich flavor. OLD HOMESTEAD (Kentucky Wonder).-Crisp, early and prolific.

Southern Prolific.-Continuous bearcr. WHITE CREASEBACK POLE.—Earliest snap-shorts; very productive;

entirely stringless.

White Dutch Case-Knife.-Flat pods.

100 Lbs. Price of above..... Pkt. Lb. 2 Lbs. .75 postpaid. 22,00

SPECIALTY

DWARF BUSH LIMA BEANS FORDHOOK BUSH LIMA

Fordhook Bush Lima has an ideal bush growth and bears tremendous crops. The Beans are ready for use fully three weeks earlier than any other of the Pole Lima varieties. The plump, well-filled pods are twice as large as those of the Dreer's Bush, while the Beans are also twice the size, pods measuring 4 to 5 inches, containing four to five large Beans. See illustration.

Price of above...... Pkt. .10 Lb. .50 2 Lbs. .85 postpaid.

Beans; vigorous bush with heavy foliage; plants uniformly upright.

Beans vigorous bush with heavy foliage; plants uniformly upright.

BURPEE'S BUSH LIMA .- Bushes 18 to 20 inches; immense yielder. Dreer's Bush Lima .- Bush form of pole sort of same name.

Henderson's Bush Lima.—True bush variety, 18 to 20 inches high;

. 100 Lbs. Price of above..... Pkt.



Holmes' White Iop Blood Turnip Beet

HARRISBURG MARKET BLOOD TURNIP BEET

The earliest and decidedly the handsomest distinct new Beet in Cultivation

The Harrisburg Market Beet is well represented in the illustration given. It is of true, turnip shape, has a single tap root, a smooth skin, a rich, tender quality and is free from the woodiness so often found in early varieties. It is ready to use in 45 days from time of planting and does not become coarse or stringy with large size like other varieties.

SPECIALTY | HOLMES' DEEP BLOOD TURNIP BEET A Valuable Market-Garden Variety

For several years we have been trying, at the instigation of many of For several years we have been trying, at the instigation of many of our market-gardening customers, to secure a Beet which comes early, is of deep blood color, and has small tops. We have succeeded in securing a variety that, while not as early as the Harrisburg Market, has the color and texture desired. From trials made at our trial grounds it proves to be the best deep blood Beet for both market and home gardeners.

SPECIALTY

SPECIALTY

HOLMES' BEET

Exceedingly Tender, Magnificent Form and Blood-Red Flesh

Extremely early, of perfect globe shape and of the finest quality. This Beet we sent out several years ago as No. 27, and the many excellent reports we received convinced us that it was a Beet worthy of introduction. Our trials also convinced us that it was a Beet far superior to anything we

Had yet introduced.

Bastian's Blood Turnip.—A fine second early, following Egyptian and

Crimson Globe.—The finest table Beet grown. Early, of medium size, uniformly round; color, deep crimson throughout; exceedingly tender and sweet and a good keeper.

CROSBY'S EGYPTIAN.—Very early and of excellent quality; small tops.

Oz. 15 14 l.b. . 50

Copyright BEETS Ruebe

HOLMES DEEP BLOOD BEET

Barbabietola Buraki

SURPRISE

Culture.—The soil should be rather light and thoroughly enriched with manure. Sow in spring as soon as the ground becomes fit, in rows about 1 foot apart and 2 inches deep. For main crop sow fix tweek in May; for winter, sow in June. Thin to 5 or 6 inches. One ounce to 50 feet of drill. Sow 5 pounds to the acre. Our selected stock of Beets is uniform and of fine quality. French-grown Beet seed is far superior to that grown in America, producing Beets uniform in every respect. Ours is French.

1901

HOLMES' "WHITE TOP" BLOOD TURNIP BEET A NEW BEET OF SUPERIOR MERIT A Beet That Advertises Itself

by A.L. HOLMES

For the past seven years we have been working up the stock of this particular beet, making our selection carefully from year to year, getting it ready to put on the market as near perfection as we could possibly wish. Whoever saw an absolutely light green top beet with pure blood-red root? It is unique in this particular way; it is one of the most tender of beets, of delicious flavor, and is absolutely unsurpassed for quality by any beet that we know of. This grand new beet—HOLMES' WHITE TOP BLOOD TURNIP—is almost globe-shaped, tapering somewhat toward the root. The flesh is a handsome dark red, sweet and tender at all stages of growth, regardless of size. The hard, stringy, wooden-like fiber so common with all other varieties, is entirely absent in this new beet. It is an ideal main crop beet and outsells all others wherever it is known.

wooden-like fiber so common with all other varieties, is entirely absent in this new beet. It is an ideal main crop beet and outsells all others wherever it is known.

Our stock seed of this beet was produced from a single plant which was grown by Mr. W. W. Tracy, of the Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C. In conversation with Mr. Tracy, he remarked that this was the most unique novelty of the kind that he had ever seen, and he thought it was of so much value that he produced seed that he gave to our Mr. Holmes. He also stated that it was entirely distinct from any other beet he knew of and especially from the beet that was called the Cheltenham, and furthermore said in his opinion we had a great novelty.

We would advise any of our customers who want an exceptionally fine beet to try this. The seed

We would advise any of our customers who want an exceptionally fine beet to try this. T sells at 10 cts. per pkt., 20 cts. per oz., 75 cts. per ¼ lb., \$2.50 per lb., 5 lbs. and over \$2.25 per lb.

THE FOUR BEST BEETS FOR MARKET-GARDENERS

SPECIALTY

NOVELTY

HOLMES' EARLY SURPRISE BEET

For early or late planting

Since its introduction by us several years ago, this extra-early Blood Turnip Beet has become wonderfully popular with both market gardeners and private planters. It is a rich, blood-red Beet, with fine grain and delicious flavor. Equally as good as the famous Harrisburg Market Beet, although a little different in shape. Especially valuable for market on account of extreme earliness and size. See illus-

DETROIT DARK RED.—A fine strain of turnip-shaped Beet. Valuable for its remarkable uniformity and smoothness; size medium; flesh fine grained, tender and remaining so for a long time; admirable for either early or late.

Dewing's Improved Blood Turnip.—Handsome, smooth and round, tapering at the base; flesh strongly zoned, of fine quality.

Dark Stinson.—Roots good size; tops small; flesh fine grained, free

from any woodiness

Price of above. 1, Oz. . 05 . 10 .40 1.50

MANGEL-WURZELS AND SUGAR BEETS Futter Ruben

Culture.—Sow in rows 2 feet apart, 2 inches between seeds, thinning later to 12 to 15 inches. For stock feeding. Long varieties do best in deep soil; round sorts in sandy soil. Five or six pounds will sow an acre. Golden Giant Intermediate.—Keeps well; grows over half above ground. Golden Tankard.—Distinct; highly prized by dairymen. Lane's Imperial Sugar Beet.—American sort; productive. Wammoth Prize Long Red.—Enormously productive. Vilmorin Improved Sugar.—Not so large as others, but has as much sugar.

sugar. Price of above.... 14 Lh.

CELERIAC Knoll-Sellerie Sedano-rapa

TURNIP-ROOTED CELERY

Large, turnip-like roots which keep well for winter use. Fine cooked, for flavoring soup or sliced and used as a salad.

Large Smooth Prague.—Almost round, uniform, smooth-skinned; free from side roots. Price of the above Pkt.

14 Lb. 1.00 by mail, postpaid

CHICORY Cicoria selvatica

Cichorienwurzel Cukorya

Large-Rooted or Coffee. - Largely used as an adulterant or substitute for coffee.

1.00 by mail, postpaid

COLLARDS

Georgia.—A substitute for cabbage, grown in the South. Leaves, when cooked, are tender and delicate Price of the above Pkt. Lb. 1.00 by mail, postpaid

CORN SALAD Feldsalat Valeriana

Large-Leaved Fetticus, or Lamb Lettuce.—For late fall, winter and spring. Used as a substitute for

Price of above Pkt. Lb. .75 by mail, postpaid

CRESS

Garten kresse Agretto Rzerzucha

Lb. .50 by mail, postpaid Water Cress.—Seed may be started in pans or boxes of very moist earth, and the young plants transplanted

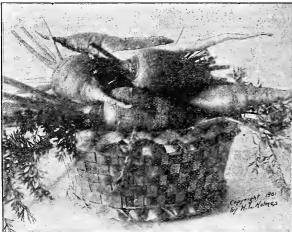
to shallow water along banks of ponds or running streams.

Price of above Pkt. Oz.

1.25 Lb.

3.50 by mail, postpaid





CARROTS

Mohren (Marchew

One ounce will sow 100 feet of drills; three pounds an acre

Culture.—A good, light, well-enriched sandy loam is the best for this crop. Market gardeners sow in drills about 18 inches apart, and cultivate by hand. For field culture, sow in drills from 3 to 5 feet apart, so as to cultivate by horse. For early crops, over ½ inch deep, thin to 6 inches apart. For late, cover ¾ of an inch.

Please remember to deduct 10 cents per pound from these prices if ordered by express or freight at purchaser's expense

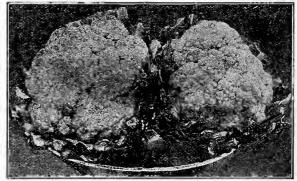
PRICES, DELIVERED FREE IN THE UNITED STATES, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED

Early Half-Long Scarlet.—A distinct, slender, cylindrical variety, with few and small leaves; skin glossy and smooth; flesh red and without core; extra fine. Fine for forcing and frame.

CHANTENAY HALF-LONG SCARLET.—A stump-rooted variety of handsome shape, medium early, very productive and of fine quality.

DANVERS HALF-LONG.—A handsome, smooth, cylindrical stump-rooted variety of the delta transported with the first pages also flesh of sheet statements. rooted variety of rich, dark orange color; flesh of close texture, good quality, with but little core.

Oz. .15 Price of above Pkt.



Holmes' Improved Early Snowball Cauliflower

CAULIFLOWER

Blumenkohl Cavolofiore Kalafiory

Culture.—For spring and early summer crop sow in March or early in April in hotbed; transplant to coldframe when sufficiently large, and to open ground as soon as danger of frost is over. For late crop sow at the same time as for late cabbage. One ounce of seed will produce 1,000

HOLMES' DRY WEATHER CAULIFLOWER.—Reaches Perfection when Ordinary Sorts fail. This new strain originated in Denmark, but has been fully tested in America with the most happy results. We offered it in 1907 for the first time and are well satisfied with its behavior. It produces a large, solid, pure white head, maturing a little later than Snowball. It is in all respects a first-class Cauliflower, but is especially and peculiarly adapted to dry situations and to resisting the effects of droughts. It will not thrive in poor soil or under bad treatment, as, like all other Cauliflowers, it requires manure and culture, but it will succeed with less rainfall than any other variety within our knowledge. It will also do well in moist or wet seasons, making heads equal to the best; but it is in dry in moist or wet seasons, making heads equal to the best; but it is in dry seasons that its merits appear to best advantage, and we are confident that it will extend the culture of this delicious vegetable into locations in which it is practically unknown. See illustration.

Price of above Pkt. 14 Oz. Oz. 3. 00 Extra-Early Dwarf Erfurt .- Good-sized heads; fine for open ground

fall crop. Prcie of above Pkt.

HOLMES' IMPROVED EARLY SNOWBALL,-A grand Cauliflower. For forcing, coldframe or open ground. See illustration.
Pkt. Oz.

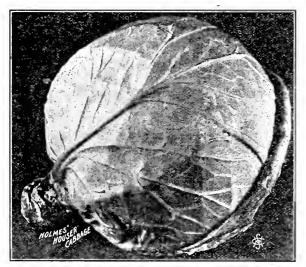
Veitch's Autumn Giant.—A large-growing, late variety, splendid white Price of above Pkt.



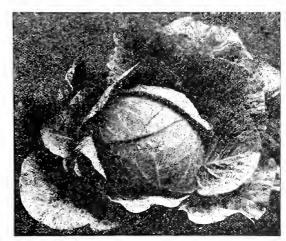


Holmes' Early

Copenhagen Market Cabbage. The Best Early Cabbage from Denmark



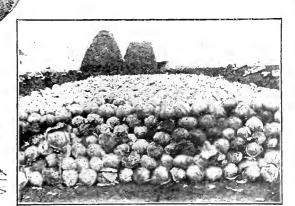
Holmes-Houser Cabbage. Very Late



Holmes' Perfected Late Flat Dutch



Danish Ballhead being set out for Seed



Showing how we bury Danish Ballhead for Seed

Danish Roundhead

14

CABBAGE

PURE AMERICAN-GROWN TESTED SEED

Kopfkohl

Cavolo cappuccio

Kopusta

For years we have given the selection of Cabbage seed particular attention. We have selected only such varieties as are certain to be of great value to all growers. Our seed is from stocks carefully selected and tested on Long Island.

Culture.—Sow in hotbeds in February, or still better, from September 10 to 20 and winter the plants over in a coldframe. Transplant March 15 to April 15 about 20 inches apart, in rows 2 feet apart. For second-early crop, sow seeds of early kinds early in April and plant out in May. For a late crop, sow early in May and plant out in July; the plants 2 feet apart in rows 3 feet apart. One ounce will produce 1,500 to 2,000 plants.

SPECIALTY: HOLMES' EARLY.—The Largest Early Round-Headed Cabbage. Five years ago, as "No. 138." we sent out samples of this new Cabbage. Before listing it, we desired to get the sentiment of practical growers, and test it out in every particular as to solidity, season, growth, ability to withstand dry weather and hot sun, to do well in all soils in all parts of the country. It has been all we hoped it would be; in fact, from our own tests, and from reports received, it has far exceeded expectations. This new Cabbage combines two good qualities—large size and very early season. The heads are large, globe-shaped, solid, finely ribbed. Resists blight and drought. drought.

Price of above..... Pkt. Oz. 1/4 Lb. 1.00 .30 3.50

DANISH BALLHEAD, or HOLLANDER.—This Cabbage has few equals for winter use. It is highly prized in Denmark, and is grown there almost exclusively for winter Cabbage. The heads are round, 8 to 10 inches in diameter, and very solid, with few outer leaves. The quality is second to

DANISH ROUNDHEAD.—An earlier, shorter stemmed type of the Danish Ballhead. Danish Roundhead, with less outer foliage, is better able to resist blight, being, in most sections, as vigorous in growth as the best American types. The heads average larger and mature nearly two weeks earlier. The heads are unusually solid, and beautifully white when trimmed. They are splendid keepers.

Price of above..... Pkt. Oz. 1/4 Lb. .05 .25 .85 3.00

DANISH RED STONEHEAD.—Vigorous, hardy, sure-heading, large and heavy, and, as it has a neat habit, requires small space and can be planted close together. The heads are solid, well shaped, and of a dark red clear through.

Oz. .35 14 Lb. 1.00 Price of above..... Pkt. Lb.

SPECIALTY

THE HOLMES-HOUSER, or "H-H" CABBAGE

Noted for its Fine Grain, Smallness of Heart and Keeping Qualities

MARKET GARDENERS' IDEAL. A CABBAGE WHICH HAS WEIGHT AND SIZE

Introduced by Holmes Seed Co. thirteen years ago and has grown into popular favor. No other late variety can approach it in quality, size, productiveness, smallness of heart and good keeping qualities. Our original stock produced heads exactly like the illustration, and it is remarkable stock produced heads exactly like the illustration, and it is remarkable what enormous crops are produced from this variety. To keep the seed pure and selection perfect, we entered into a contract several years ago with Mr. Houser to supply us with one pound of seed of his own selection at a cost of \$50. This seed is then sent to Long Island to one of the best cabbage growers, where it undergoes a second selection. Our agreement with the grower is that we take the entire crop, and not a single ounce of this seed is to go to any other seedsman. Consequently, the pure and genuine stock can only be had direct from us, or from some of our regular wholesale dealers to whom we sell the seed.

To protect the public this year from unscrupulous dealers who claim to have the originator's stock, we will sell this seed only in sealed packages. Look for the seal on every package, and make your dealer show you our seal with our name on it.

A WARNING.—It is absolutely necessary to plant out the Holmes-Houser Cabbage two weeks earlier than any other late sort, as it requires this much longer to mature than the flat Dutch types or any other late

NOTE.—The crop of Cabbage this year was very short, owing to the climatic conditions. We would warn you against seed offered as Holmes-Houser by many unscrupulous dealers.

1/4 Lb. Price of above..... . 10 1.50 5.00

SPECIALTY

COPENHAGEN MARKET

Offered for the First Time in 1911. It Proved to be the Best Early Cabbage from Denmark. Remember, as Early as the Charleston Wakefield

A valuable new, early Cabbage, producing round, hard héads very early in the season. As early as the Charleston Wakefield. It is the most popular early Cabbage in the markets of Copenhagen. Market gardeners here who tried it for the first time last season are simply crazy about it on account of its extreme earliness and solid, 10-pound heads, with a small core and always of excellent quality. The plants are short-stemmed, producing heads almost on the ground. The light green leaves are medium

in size, saucer shaped, and are always tightly folded; the plants may therefore be set closer than most other early varieties. It is a vigorous grower and yielder, as are all Cabbages from Denmark, and an excellent keeper. Our stock of Copenhagen Market comes to us direct from the originator. By mail postpaid.

Price of above..... ¼ Lb. 1.25 4.50

EXTRA-EARLY VARIETIES

EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD .- This famous Cabbage still retains its lead. The heads of pyramidal shape, with blunt peaks, and are remarkably solid. The outside leaves are small, though of great substance, enabling the plants to stand severe weather. Our seed is from highly bred, selected stock and is unequaled.

EARLY CHARLESTON WAKEFIELD.—This is the largest Early Cabbage, which we bred from the Early "Jersey" Wakefield, to meet a demand for a larger heading sort. It possesses all the valuable characteristics of the parent, with the advantage of the heads being 50 percent larger, though a few days later. Our strain of seed is very superior.

Prices of above..... Pkt. ½ Lb. 3.25 .05

Extra Early Express .- Earliest of French Cabbage; small, pointed head.

Early York.—Very early, producing small, oval-shaped heads.

Early Winingstadt.—An old, popular, medium early variety, with large, pyramidal heads of excellent quality; good to succeed the extra earlies.

ALLHEAD EARLY .- A flat head, coming in with Early Summer; much larger.

Early Flat Dutch .- We offer a remarkably fine strain; a sure header, the head weighing from ten to twelve pounds; most valuable for forcing or for general crop.

Prices of above Pkt. Oz. 1/4 Lb. Lb. 2.75 .05

SECOND-EARLY, or SUMMER VARIETIES

Early Summer.—This peerless variety; it makes a large, solid, round flat head, coming about ten days later than Wakefield.

Succession, Henderson's. Universally conceded to be the grandest Cabbage in existence for either summer or winter use; heads hard and uniform, ten to twelve pounds in weight; quality extra fine and a good keeper.

ALL SEASONS (VANDERGAW).—One of the finest; growing to a large size quickly. Will stand hot sun and dry weather.

Fottler's Improved Flat Brunswick .- Large, solid heads; fine for early or late. Consid second-early varieties. Considered by many gardeners as second to none of the

LIMITED MAIL.—A superb second early variety. Produces hard, pointed heads of good size. Often sold as Lightning, Express and several other fancy names.

Stein Early Flat Dutch .- An excellent variety for winter use and valuable for market-gardening.

1/4 Lb. Prices of above..... .90 3.00

LATE, or WINTER VARIETIES

Autumn King, Henderson's.—The acknowledged "King" of all Winter Cabbages, excepting only Holmes-Houser, producing enormous solid heads, weighing 25 to 30 pounds: interior crisp, fine-grained, white; splendid keeper.

HOLMES' PERFECTION LATE FLAT DUTCH.—Our improved highly bred strain of this old favorite Winter Cabbage will be found very superior.

Short-Stem Drumhead .- Selected strain; ripens early.

Red Dutch.-For pickling.

Surehead.—Fine large solid heads, with few outside leaves.

SAFE CROP .- (Same as Houseman's Late Flat Dutch.) A good strain.

Perfection Drumhead Savoy.—The largest heading Savoy: a general favorite for both home use and marketing.

Oz Prices of above..... .25



SWEET, or SUGAR CORN Kukurudza to change without notice

Culture.—Sugar Corn requires a good soil and a warm situation. Begin for first early by planting the early varieties about May 1, and, for a continuous supply all summer, make plantings about two weeks apart, from May 1 until late July, first planting early varieties, then later ones. Plant in rows 3 feet apart each way. One quart for 200 hills, 8 to 10 quarts in hills for an acre.

SPECIALTY

HOLMES' PREMO

Ready for the Table 60 days after Planting. We originated and introduced this variety in 1900

One of the earliest and best Sweet Corns in existence. The best seed can be had only from the introducers. Market gardeners will make no mistake in planting this Corn for a money crop. It is a success, not an experiment.

Holmes' Premo is of the best quality. It is tender, sweet, deliciously flavored, and the ears are well filled to the very tip. It is so early that there is a full crop'at the time of the very highest price. The stalks, which grow very strong and stiff, about 5 feet high, are free from smut and will grow in any soil, as well as resist drought and bad seasons generally to a very marked extent. See illustration.

NOVELTY

HOLMES' SWEETHEART

Delicious Flavor: Ears 8 to 10 inches: Twelve Rows

This new sweet corn, now for the first time introduced by us, is one of the most valuable sweet corns offered in many years. The ears measure 8 to 10 inches in length, symmetrical shape with twelve even rows of broad and very deep grains covering the small white cob from heel to tip. The cobs range in diameter from three-fourths to one inch. The grains do not shrink so much when rightly cured and dried as some of the other types, such as Country Centleman and Evergreen. "Holmes' Sweetheart" is the outcome of a selection from both the Evergreen and Country Gentleman, and then crossed again with a varicty which was obtained from a garden specialist, which he named "French Honey," retaining the sweetness of the latter and the depth and breadth of the grain from the former varieties. It is a main crop, coming in two weeks earlier than the Evergreen. The grains are a silvery gray, semi-transparent. The stalks average in size from 7 to 9 feet. This depends greatly on the soil where planted. It is a full cropper, thrifty, hardy and prolific. Frequently, there has been as many as four well formed ears on one stalk, two on each side. It can be planted in this locality about May 1 to 10, afterwards in regular succession of ten days. See illustration, back cover.

SPECIALTY

HOLMES' TOP-NOTCH

Delicious Flavor. Ears from 10 to 12 inches Long

For several years we have been growing this variety. The **Top-Notch** strongly favors the Early Mammoth, but is much longer in the ears, measuring 11 inches. The grains are rather deep, and, as one gardener pronounces it, "the most delicious Corn for a late variety I ever used." It comes in about the same season as early Evergreen and is the largest and best Sweet Corn grown. Anyone desiring Sugar Corn producing ears of immense size, delicious flavor and earlier than the Evergreen, will do well to give the **Top-Notch** a trial. It comes in at the time when Sweet Corn brings its best price. See illustration on cover.

SPECIALTY

HOLMES' GOLD COIN EVERGREEN

Every gardener in the world knows the Evergreen Corn. Our Gold Coin is a selected strain of the old Stowell's Evergreen, being more even and coming in even throughout the crop. We can recommend it as being far superior to the old strain and will test 90 percent of vitality. See illustration

SPECIALTY

MORSE'S GOLDEN CREAM SWEET CORN

GOLDEN YELLOW COUNTRY GENTLEMAN FLAVOR DELICIOUS

The verdict has been unanimous in its praise. Everywhere it has proved a much better Sweet Corn than we ourselves had anticipated, and we feel that it is worthy of first place among vegetable attractions this season. The kernels are long and pointed and are borne on a very slender cob in irregular rows. In its green state the kernels are light yellow, but they cook to a bright golden yellow. The stalks grow about 4 to 5 feet high and bear from two to four ears. The shucks are tinged with brown and the tip of the silk is also slightly brown. The ears vary in size, but average about 5 inches in length—rather smaller than the old-fashioned Sweet Corn, but easily handled in cating. The flavor is delicious and in sweetness and tenderness resembles both parents, Golden Bantam and Country

Gentleman. It is as early as the former, being one of the first of the main-crop varieties. We hope every one of our customers who has a spot in his garden will try it.

SPECIALTY

GOLDEN BANTAM SWEET CORN

This corn is extra early, very sweet and of a delicious flavor. As indicated in its name, the grain, when ready for use, is a rich, creamy yellow, deepening to an orange-yellow as it ripens. We do not recommend it as a market sort, as its color gives it the appearance of being old; but when once used it will be popular on account of its rich flavor.

SPECIALTY

HOWLING MOB, NEW

The finest large-eared second-early Corn, of delicious flavor. In the vicinity of Pittsburgh the gardeners plant this extensively, as they claim it is far ahead of any other second-early Corn and sells on sight.

FIRST-EARLY VARIETIES

Early Adams, or Burlington.—Robust; early; productive; - handsome ears for marketing, but of inferior quality.

Early Metropolitan.—Ears 9 inches long; 10 to 12-rowed, filled with luscious white milky kernels.

EARLY MINNESOTA.—Standard early of dwarf growth, coming in between Cory and Crosby's; ears fair size, good quality.

Extra-Early Dwarf Adams.—Not Sugar Corn, but sweet and tender. Small ears.

KENDEL'S EARLY GIANT.—Large handsome ears; ready in 70 days.

PEEP O'DAY. New. Good early variety.

White Cob Corv.—Extremely early, usually fit to use in from

White Cob Cory.—Extremely early, usually fit to use in from 50 to 60 days; ears 6 to 7 inches; milky white kernels; sweet, tender. Plants dwarf.

Prices of above...... Pkt. Lb. 2 Lbs. 100 Lbs. .10 .25 .45 postpaid. 18.00

MEDIUM-EARLY VARIETIES

Black Mexican.—Medium early, 8-inch ears, well filled with large kernels which, though black when ripe, are white when green and then exceptionally expect

CLARK'S NONESUCH.—Best large-eared, second-early Sweet Corn. .

Crosby's Early. Second early, of fine quality.

Early Mammoth, or Asylum.—Much earlier than Late Mammoth.

NEW LEARLY EVERGREEN. - Ears as large as Stowell's; 10 days earlier.

Perry's Hybrid.—Second early; large, white kernels; sweet; tender.

Shaker's Early.—Very large, white grain; early; productive.

Stabler's Early.—Large eared; second early; sweet.

Holmes' Delicious.—Very sweet, large and tender.

LATE, or MAIN-CROP SWEET CORN

COUNTRY GENTLEMAN (Shoe-Peg, or Ne Plus Ultra).—Ears 8 to 9 inches long; cob small and irregularly crowded with pearly white kernels of great depth; surpassingly sweet and tender.

Egyptian, or Washington Market. - Fine for market; ears large.

HENDERSON SUGAR.—An ideal midseason Sweet Corn.

Hickox.—Earlier than Stowell's Evergreen; good for drying.

Mammoth.—Very late; ears 14 inches; broad, white kernels; superb quality.

Moore's Concord.

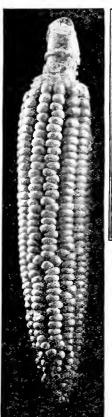
STOWELL'S EVERGREEN.—The standard late, for home, market and canning; kernels long, tender and sugary.

WHITE EVERGREEN.—A high bred, ideal type of Stowell's Evergreen, with all its points of merit.

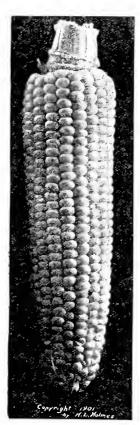
Zig-Zag Evergreen.—Good-sized ear; deliciously sweet.

Pop Corn: Golden Queen and Silver Lace.

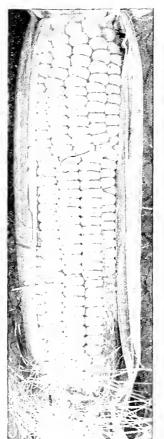
Prices of above...... Pkt. Lb. 2 Lbs. 100 Lbs. 18.00

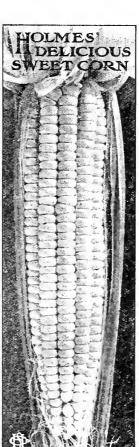


Kendall's Giant

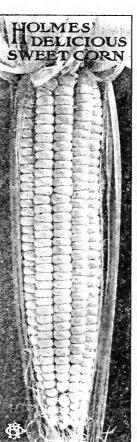


Holmes' Gold Coin Evergreen





Howling Mob





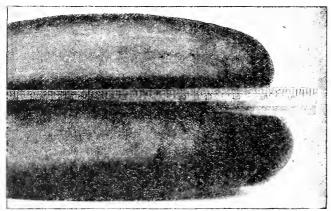
Golden Bantam



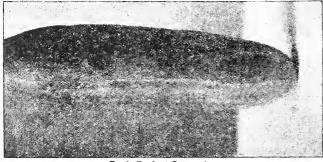
Improved White Spine Cucumber



Holmes' Special White Spine Cucumber



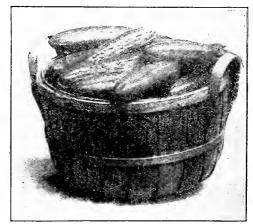
Holmes' Improved Long Green Cucumber



Davis Perfect Cucumber



Holmes' Perfect



The Davis Perfect Cucumber

CUCUMBERS

Gurken Ce Ogorek

One ounce will plant about 50 hills; one to two pounds to the acre Culture.—An ounce will plant about 50 hills. Sow about first of May in turned-over sods or small pots, which can be bedded in the soil in the frames, and use little bottom heat. Transplant to open ground in three or four weeks; plants 3 or 4 feet apart each way, four strong plants to each hill. Two to three pounds per acre.

SPECIALTY

HOLMES' SPECIAL WHITE SPINE

This Cucumber can not be praised too highly. It is nothing more or less than an extra-fine type of what is unquestionably the best and most widely grown Cucumber in America. It is unsurpassed as a table and market sort, and is also used for pickling. No other kind exceeds it in productiveness, and it is equally good for forcing under glass or growth in the open air. We have a record of where a single hill of three vines produced over 500 Cucumbers during the season. The fruit is from 5 to 7 inches long and 2 to 3 inches in diameter. Color, a beautiful dark green; straight, and does not turn yellow. The illustration shows most accurately straight, and does not turn yellow. The the fine shape this Cucumber attains. The illustration shows most accurately

Cool and Crisp.—Extra early, tender and crisp, and a grand pickler.

DAVIS PERFECT.—A forcing variety of excellent quality, shape and productiveness. See illustration.

Early Cluster.—An early, prolific, prickly, short green Cucumber. Early Frame, or Short Green.—For slicing or pickling; productive;

Everbearing.—Form perfect; rich, deep green; desirable for pickling. Extra-Early Green Prolific.-Ideal for pickling.

Extra-Early Long Green.-Very early and prolific.

Fordhook Famous.—Smooth, dark green fruits measuring 12 to 18

HOLMES' IMPROVED ARLINGTON WHITE SPINE .- Early; very productive; fruit good size, straight and well formed. HOLMES' JERSEY PICKLE .- Produces more dark green pickles than

any other variety we ever tested. HOLMES' IMPROVED LONG GREEN.—Fruits 12 to 14 inches long;

firm; crisp; excellent. Klondyke.—An exceedingly productive variety; dark green in color.

Livingston's Emerald.—Large, smooth; deep greent.

Cumberland.-Very prolific; fine for pickling or slicing.

Nichol's Medium Green.-Very productive; unsurpassed for pickling. Price of above Pkt. Oz. ¼ Lb.

NOVELTY

HOLMES' PERFECT

Its good qualities are its extreme earliness and prolificness. Very hardy, resisting unfavorable weather conditions; very dark green; attractive shape, and is a good size for slicing. A most profitable sort for shipping to distant markets.

West India Gherkin, or Burr.-Small, prickly fruits; best for pickles. ½ Lb. Price of above..... Pkt. Oz.

DANDELION

Loewenzahn De Papawa Dente di leone

A useful salad plant, especially when Endive and Lettuce are scarce in winter. The roots are grown in a similar manner to Chicory, and large quantities of the blanched leaves are sold in the market for this esculent.

Improved Large. - Leaves broad and fleshy; very tender. 1; Lb. Price of above Pkt.

French.-Leaves finely cut; mild and tender. Price of the above..... Pkt.

ENDIVE

Endivien Indivia Endiven

The Cultivation of Endive.—Sow for early crops in middle of April, and for succession to beginning of August; thin out to about 10 in. apart. A simple method of blanching is to put an inverted pot over each plant and cover it with leaves or straw. 1 oz. of seed will sow 150 ft. of drill.

Holmes' Winter Golden Heart.—The most beautiful and perfect form of Curled Endive yet introduced. It is exceedingly ornamental, of a distinct color, and bleaches admirably. Holmes' Winter Golden Heart Ending is exactly admired by all who grow it. Endive is greatly admired by all who grow it.

Lb. 2.00 Price of above Pkt.

Holmes' Green Curled .- Dwarf, and beautifully curled.

Holmes' White Endive.—Superbly curled and laciniated; easily blanched, very tender.

HOLMES' OVAL, or PLAIN-LEAVED ENDIVE

Round-Leaved Batavian.—Very compact and hardy; forms good heart. Green Batavian or Escarolle.—Tender broad leaves, crisp; good flavor.

EGG PLANT

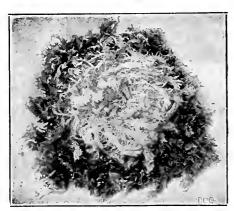
Eirpflanze Per Jajokowa Petronciano

The Cultivation of Egg Plant.—Sow in gentle heat early in April, transplant towards the middle of June, setting the plants 3 feet apart each way. 1 oz. of seed produces about 1,500 plants.

Black Beauty.-Fruit jet black; good form and solid.

N. Y. Improved.—A splendid market variety; fruit large. Pkt.

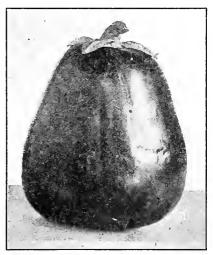
14 Lb. . Price of above







Monstrous Carentan Leek



Black Beauty Eggplant

KALE, or BORECOLE

Blaetterkohi Cavolo verde

Kale is more hardy than cabbage, and will endure considerable frost without injury. Cultivate like cabbage. One ounce will sow a drill about 200 feet. Three pounds will sow an acre.

Dwarf Green-Curled Scotch.—Beautifully curled; bright green; very hardy.

HOLMES' IMPROVED DWARF GERMAN.—(American-grown). Like the above except in color. This has a bluish tinge.

Siberian.—Grows vigorously; green foliage with bluish tinge or bloom. Tall Scotch.-Same as the dwarf green, except that it grows taller. Price of above Pkt. .05 Oz.

Knolikohi Ca Kolorapa KOHL RABI, or KNOL KOHL Cavolo rapa

A useful vegetable, not nearly so much cultivated in this country in gardens as it would be were its merits known. Used as a substitute for Turnips, especially in hot dry seasons. The bulb grows entirely out of the ground.

The Cultivation of Kohl Rabi.—Prepare a breadth of good, well-manured soil. Drill the seeds in rows, about 5 in. apart in May, and thin out to about 9 in. apart. They are ready for use when they attain the size of a small Turnip. 1 oz. of seed will sow 150 ft. of drill.

Varieties.—There are two varieties in general cultivation, the white and the purple.

Earliest Purple.—Garden Kohl Rabi. Earliest White.—Garden Kohl Rabi. Price of the above..... .10

LEEK

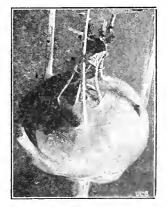
Peree, oder Lauch Porro

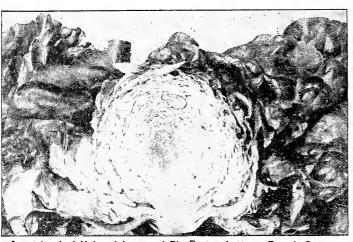
The Cultivation of Leek.—Sow early in April, and transplant early in July into trenches of well-manured soil, say 1 ft. in depth, and 1 ft. 8 in. between the plants. In warm weather liberal dressings of liquid manure will be of service, and the plants should be afterwards carefully earthed up to blanch the stems. For exhibition, sow in January in boxes under glass, and transplant as early as the ground can be worked into rich soil. 1 oz. of seed will sow 100 ft. of drill.

BROAD LONDON FLAG.-Hardy; whole plant is edible; quick-growing for early use.

Monstrous Carentan, or Scotch Champion.—Grows rapidly and is very hardy; grows to large size, and is highly recommended. See illustration.

Price of above.





THE FINEST

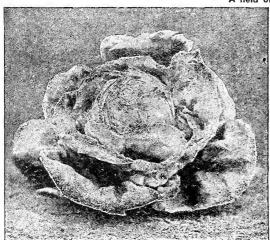
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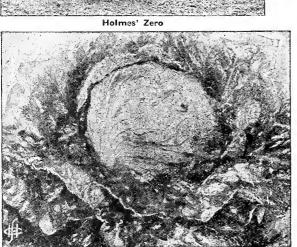
HOLMES
IMPROVED
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A cut head of Holmes' Improved Big Boston Lettuce, French Grown

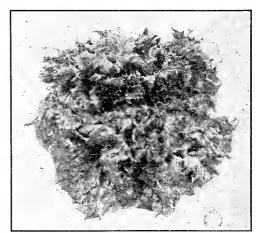


A field of Holmes' Improved Big Boston

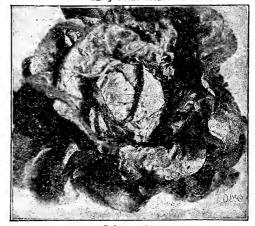




Holmes' Perfect



Early Prize Head



Salamander

LETTUCE

Lattich, oder Kopfsalat Lattuga Salata

Cultivation of Lettuce.—Sow the seed in hotbeds during February or early March. As the seedlings appear prick them into flats or cold frames, leaving several inches between the plants for growth. As soon as a nice, rich warm spot can be worked in the open, transplant the sturdiest plants in rows 1 foot apart and leaving 8 to 12 inches between the plants in the rows. For a succession of growths sow the seeds very lightly in open ground and thin the plants to 6 inches or more apart. Do this as often as one bed is rid of its result. Some varieties will do very well during the winter in a cool forcing house. 1 ounce of seed will produce 3,000 plants.

CABBAGE-HEADED VARIETIES

NOVELTY

HOLMES' ZERO LETTUCE

Resists Heat in Summer and Stands Longer Than Any Other Lettuce Without Going to Seed

 $\rm As\ hardy$ in winter as the winter Lettuce, Nansen, introduced a few years ago. Produces large, solid heads of a yellowish green color, being very crisp and of the most delicious flavor. Great value for market. See illustration.

SPECIALTY

HOLMES' PERFECT LETTUCE

A fine all-around Lettuce. It is an exceedingly quick grower with handsome buttery head, and can be used for both early and late sowings. Under glass it is the finest heat-resisting variety we know of outside of, probably, Holmes' Zero. The inner leaves (practically the entire head) blanch to a rich golden yellow, and have a fine, rich buttery flavor. It is an excellent shipper and a good keeper. See illustration.

NOVELTY

HOLMES' IMPROVED BIG BOSTON LETTUCE

(FRENCH GROWN)

Quality Superb. Tender, free from any Bitterness. Absolutely will not turn Red

Similar to the old Big Boston, only runs much more even and larger in head; leaves lay close and form a compact, buttery head. It is praised by all users, and is a distinct strain, far superior to any other strain we have ever seen growing. We have given it the name "Holmes' Improved" so as to distinguish it from any other strain on the market. Sold only under seal. See illustration.

For ordinary Big Boston Lettuce as usually sold by other seedsmen, see general list.

Boston Market,—(Private Stock.) Ideal for forcing; fine quality; tender, sweet, crisp.

California Cream Butter.—Produces large, solid heads in cool weather.

Deacon .- Large, firm heading; fine buttery quality.

Denver Market.—Large, solid heads; leaves crimped.

Holmes' Giant Crystal Head.—Exceeds every other variety in size and productiveness. Fine flavor, crisp, tender.

Big Boston.—Plants large; very vigorous; broad, comparatively smooth, hard, light green leaves.

Holmes' Rapid Forcing.—Solid, golden-yellow heads; crisp, tender.

Improved Hanson.—A large, flat head, resembling that of cabbage; very tender and sweet.

Mammoth Black Seeded Butter.—Enormous head; tender, sweet and crisp.

May King.—Heads of globular shape, firm and close; color light green; ribs delicate and waved center is of a light yellow and very tender.

lceberg.—A large solid-headed very crisp kind, the hearts of which under moderate cultivation weigh from 2 to 3 pounds.

NEW YORK, or WONDERFUL.—Immense heads; solid, crisp, tender, delicious.

Philadelphia Dutch Speckled Butter.—Large heads; excellent quality.

Philadelphia Early Dutch Butter.—Heads very compact; for forcing.

Philadelphia White Cabbage.—Large-headed summer variety.

Salamander.—Good-sized, compact and tender heads, creamy white inside; rich, buttery flavor.

Tennisball, Black-Seeded.—Very early, small, hard-heading variety.

THICK HEAD YELLOW.—Extra fine, large, summer variety.

Yellow-Seeded Butter.—Large, dense, yellow head; crisp, tender; fine

SPECIALTY

HOLMES' IMPROVED GRAND RAPIDS LETTUCE

Improved by Years of Selection; Grows Larger and Absolutely Free from "Rogues"

Almost Lettuce perfection, being free from the rogues found in almost every stock grown. Does not form heads, but makes large, compact bunches of light golden foliage, the leaves having finely curled or fringed edges. Delicious quality and handsome appearance make it most popular in many markets. See illustration.

CURLED, or CUTTING LETTUCE

This type does not form compact heads, but large masses of curly, crisp leaves, which are practically everbearing, as they keep growing after picking. The best are:

Black-Seeded Simpson.-Large, loose heads; curly, yellow leaves.

Early Curled Silesia. - One of the best cutting varieties.

Early Curled Simpson.—Yellowish green; curly; earlier than head Lettuces.

Early Prize-Head.—Large, loose heads, stained red: curled.

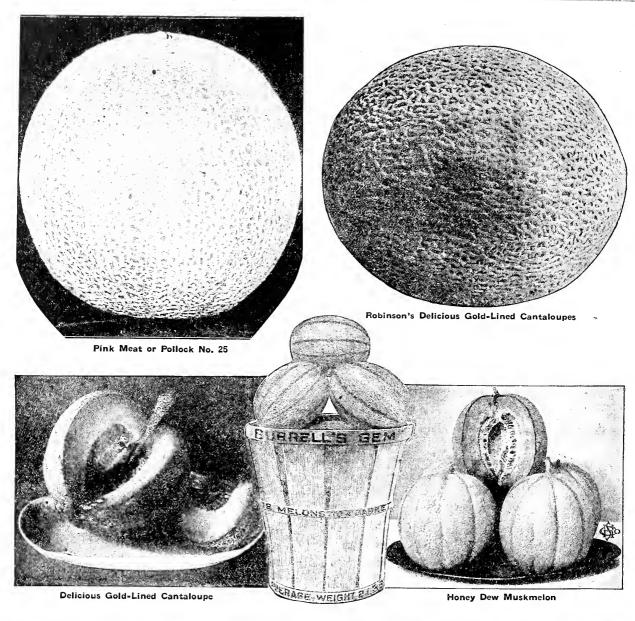
THE MORSE.—Light green; hardy. Superior to all.

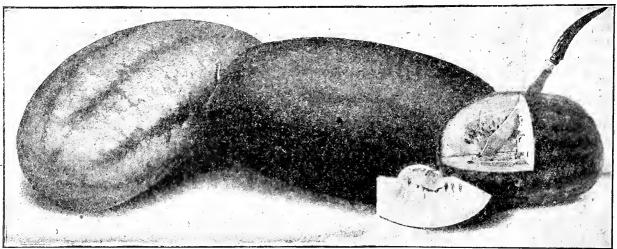
Tomhannock.—An upright Lettuce; tinged brown.

COS OR ROMAINE VARIETIES

Holmes' Parls White Cos.—This remarkably fine Lettuce becomes more popular every season, and is without doubt the best and finest flavored Cos Lettuce in cultivation. Owing to the self-folding habit it possesses, no

tying is required. The heads are very solid and crisp eating. It does not run to seed as quickly as other Cos varieties.





Kleckley Sweets

Tom Watson

Harris' Earliest Watermelon

MUSKMELONS

Melone Popone Melon

One ounce for 60 hills; 2 to 3 pounds in hills for an acre

Culture.—Melons thrive best in a moderately enriched, light soil; the hills should be 3 to 6 feet apart each way, according to the richness of the soil. Previous to planting, mix well with the soil in each hill a couple of shovelfuls of thoroughly rotted manure; plant 8 or 10 seeds in each hill early in May for latitude of Harrisburg (for south earlier, for farther north later), and when well up thin out to 3 or 4 plants to the hill. One ounce for 60 hills; 2 to 3 pounds for an aere.

NOVELTY

ROBINSON'S DELICIOUS GOLD-LINED CANTALOUPE

We have said so much at different times about our select stock of this splendid strain of Rocky Ford, that our friends hardly need a further introductory. It is the aeme of perfection in the green-fleshed strains, and we are keeping it right up to date.

Price of above.....

14 Lb. .20 2.00

PINK MEAT, or POLLOCK No. 25

This variety was first introduced at Rocky Ford, Colo., in 1914, and met with instant favor. It is very similar to Delicious Gold-Lined in appearance, growth and breeding, differing principally in the color of the flesh. As the name signifies, it has a distinct pink flesh, very delicate in color and flavor. Good shipper, uniform in size and shape. Being completely overcast with fine netting, it has a most attractive appearance.

Price of above..... Pkt.

Oz. 1/4 Lb. .10 . 25

NOVELTY

HONEY DEW

The originator says: The original seed eame from Africa and after crossing twice with the Rocky Ford and Cassaba, the Honey Dew was developed. The originator says:

I named the melon "Honey Dew." It is as sweet as honey and has the mingling of several flavors—pineapple, banana and vanilla predominations.

the minging of several navore parating.

The average size of the melon is six inches in diameter and seven to eight inches in length, weighs five to six pounds. The skin is smooth, with an occasional net, is a creamy yellow when ripe. The flesh is an emerald green, very thick, melting and very fine grained; can be caten to the extreme rind. The seed cavity is very small, the rind is impervious to water, the melon does not shrink in weight, is not easily bruised and is a calendid shipper.

splendid shipper.

It matures about ten days later than the Rocky Ford strains and is a splendid shipper.

It matures about ten days later than the Rocky Ford strains and is very prolifie. Yields at the rate of 8,000 to 10,000 melons per aere. The melon slips from the vine when ripe and will keep for several weeks; the late maturing ones may be kept until Christmas. Will grow where Rocky Ford varieties will thrive.

Price of above.....

Pkt. ½ Lb. .85 Lb. 3.06

SPECIALTY

BURRELL'S GEM

Two facts about this Rocky Ford Melon will indicate its great value. Mr. Burrell, the introducer, from whom we get our seeds direct, sold \$6,000 worth from 12 acres in 1909. The Fred Harvey eating houses, dining cars and hotels always specify it as their first choice. Its value is proved by those things. The golden colored netting is similar to that of Rocky Ford Melon, making it very fine in appearance. The Melon is smooth and very solid and will ship across the continent, as it is possibly the best keeper grown. The flavors of Rocky Ford and Osage are blended in the spicy, sweet and golden flesh. An abundant erop is produced—often 20 to 30 Melons from a hill, and each one weighing 2 or 2½ pounds. See illustration.

PAUL ROSE, or PETOSKEY

In this variety, which has gained great popularity, are combined all the good qualities of the Netted Gem and Osage, of which it is a cross. It is finely netted like the Gem and averages about the same size; will outweigh a Netted Gem of equal size by at least a third. Flesh salmon-colored.

ROCKY FORD

This is one of the most popular of small or basket Melons and is shipped in large quantities from Colorado and Arizona. The fruit is oval, slightly ribbed, densely covered with fine netting and very uniform in shape and quality. Flesh thick, green, very sweet and highly flavored.

EMERALD GEM

A splendid Melon. Fruit conveniently small or medium-sized, globular, or slightly flattened at the ends, only slightly netted and ribbed; skin green, tinged with yellow; flesh deep salmon-yellow, thick, ripening close to the rind and exceedingly high flavored.

NEW FORDHOOK

This Melon originated in South Jersey and is a cross between Emerald Gem and Improved Jenny Lind. It is the shape of the large-sized type of Jenny Lind but has very thick, deep salmon-colored flesh, surpassingly sweet to the very rind.

Price of above.....

Pkt. Lb, 1.25 .05 .15 .40

GREEN-FLESHED MUSKMELONS

Anne Arundel.-Oval; heavily netted; green fleshed; solid; grand shipper.

EXTRA-EARLY HACKENSACK.—Hardy; prolifie; round; deeply ribbed, coarsely netted; green flesh; delicious.

Hackensack, or Turk's Cap.—Large with round and flattened ends; thickly netted; productive; extra quality.

HOLMES' IMPROVED NUTMEG.—Popular; skin deep green, finely netted; flesh greenish-yellow, rich and sugary. Jenny Lind.—Small, round, flat-ended, deeply ribbed; flesh yellowish;

flavor fine; very productive over long season. Long Island Beauty.—Hackensaek type; very early; luscious, green

flesh, thick and sweet; netting heavy.

NEW GREEN-FLESHED OSAGE.—Hardy; prolifie; handsome!y netted and colored; firm, luseious flesh.

RED, or SALMON-FLESHED MUSKMELONS

Banana.-An old variety; very long.

MILLER'S CREAM, or OSAGE.-Medium to large, oval, netted; flesh rich salmon; deep, firm, sweet and melting.

PERFECTION, or PRINCESS.—Early, round, beautifully netted; best red-fleshed.

Tip-Top Nutmeg.—Slightly oval; good size; sweet, juiey; yellow flesh. Price of above..... Pkt. 1/4 Lb. Lb. 1.00

.05 . 10 35 Meloni d'agua

WATERMELONS

Wassermelone Melon Wodny Culture.—Select rich, deep sandy loam, well worked and highly manured. Plant when all danger of frost is over, in hills 5 to 6 feet apart each way. Scatter a dozen seeds to a hill, thin to three or four plants. When they have four or five rough leaves, pinch off the ends of the main shoots. One ounce to 30 hills. Four pounds per aere.

Priee of above.....

Colorado Preserving Citron.—Green seed. Also called Apple Pie.

DARK ICING .- Early, round, solid; thin, dark green skin; superior quality.

Dixie.—Large; dark green; fine shipper; solid red flesh; popular South. Florida Favorite.—Superior; large; oblong; striped; luseious red flesh. GRAY MONARCH, or LONG WHITE ICING .- Very large; long;

crimson nesn.

lee Cream, or Peerless.—Very early; red flesh; fine quality.

Jones' Jumbo.—Round; large size; dark green skin; good quality.

Light lcing, or lee Rind.—Round in form; flesh of fine quality.

Mammoth Ironelad.—Long; striped; late; red flesh; good shipper. McIVER SUGAR .- Large; fine quality; oval; flesh pale pink, sweet, Mountain Sweet.—Flesh red; extra-fine quality. Sweetheart.—Large; oval; heavy; flesh bright red; erisp, melting, sweet.

Price of above Pkt. .05 10 HARRIS EARLIEST .- Oval; fine quality; bright red flesh; sweet,

tender and delicious.

KLECKLEY SWEETS.—Flesh bright searlet; erisp, sugary and melting.

TOM WATSON.—New. Large variety; 18 to 24 inches long; weight 40 to 50 pounds; flesh deep red; good shipper. See illustration, page 21. Price of above..... Pkt. 1/4 Lb. .05

MUSHROOM SPAWN Schwamm Fungo Pratajola

The eulture of Mushrooms is easy if you plant fresh and thoroughly reliable spawn. They can be grown in a cellar, in sheds, hotbeds or the open air. New beds must be made at each planting.

Price of above, English . . . Brick Doz., 25 Lbs. 100 Lbs. 2.25 3.50 11.00 .35 (.40 postpaid) American Pure-Culture

rican Pure-Culture Spawn...... Briek _________ 25 (.35 postpaid) 5 Bricks 1.10 10 Brieks

MUSTARD

Black, or Brown.—Large, succulent leaves, pleasantly pungent. Giant Southern Curled.—A favorite in the South. White London.—Leaves used in salads and for garnishing.

Price of above..... Pkt. Oz

NASTURTIUM, or Indian Cress

The seed pods, gathered green, are delicious; pickled and used for sea-

soning like capers.

Dwarf.—Mixed varieties.

Tall, or Large.—Climber varieties mixed. A trailer requiring no support. -Climber 10 feet high; ornamental flowers. In many

OKRA, or GUMBO

Dwarf Prolific.-Of dwarf, stocky growth; very early and prolifie. Lady Finger.—Long slender, pale green pods; very tender. White Velvet.—Large, round, smooth pods; never ridged; prolific.

Price of above..... Oz 1/4 Lb. Lb. .10

CHOICE ONIONS

Tested and of the Strongest Vitality
The Finest Selected Strains

One ounce of seed will sow 100 feet of drill; five pounds will sow an acre.

We pride ourselves on selling the very best Onion Seed that can be produced, and are now supplying some of the largest Onion growers of the country. By sowing our seed, large Onions may be produced direct from the seed. See testimonial below.

Culture.—Sow in early spring, in moist soil, as soon as the weather will permit, in rows 12 inches apart, and cover half an inch deep. If the Onions grow too thick, thin to about an inch apart, or only a few small Onions will be the result. Manure highly (20 loads to the acre being used by market-gardeners with profit), and if manure is not plenty, some good phosphate, at the rate of 400 to 800 pounds per acre, will give splendid crops. A top dressing of wood ashes, applied after the second weeding, is very beneficial.

CAUTION.—Beware of cheap Onion seed. Fresh new seed, such as we sell, will test 90 to 95 percent. If you are led by low prices to purchase Onion seed from doubtful sources, test it before planting. Our prices are as low as reliable seeds can be bought. **The lowest priced Onion seed is not always** the cheapest.

SPECIALTY

HOLMES' OHIO YELLOW GLOBE

A selected strain, uniform shape, attractive color, mild flavor, and produces enormous crops of large Globe Onions. Grown in Ohio for us by one of the best growers who has been selecting this strain for a number of years. Note the shape in the illustration.

Our strain of this particular Onion has the finest shape, best color, and yields the largest crop of any yellow Onion. The heaviest yield of Onions is always obtained from rich, hlack lands. On such soils a globe-shaped Onion, with a somewhat flattened base, gives largest returns; the bulbs are large and uniformly spherical, with very small necks, the largest diameter below the center of the bulb; of a rich orange-yellow; enormous yielders and splendid keepers. See illustration.

YELLOW GLOBE DANVERS (as usually sold).—Of uniform size; bright yellow; immensely productive; mild, tender, of fine flavor.

ROUND, or FLAT YELLOW DANVERS

As grown by us, this is a fine, selected strain, combining extreme reliability in ripening with large yield. It is grown extensively for market, ripening more surely in moist locations than do globe-shaped varieties, as well as earlier. It is becoming most popular also for growing Yellow Onion sets. Our strain produces thin-necked, flattened bulbs which are quite thick through, yielding well in bulk.

MARKET GARDENERS AND THOSE WHO USE ONION SEED IN LARGE QUANTITIES SHOULD WRITE US FOR SPECIAL PRICES

WHITE PORTUGAL, or AMERICAN SILVERSKIN

A medium-sized Onion of mild flavor; it is a good keeper and fine for fall and early winter use.

YELLOW STRASBURG, or DUTCH

The large Onions are flat, round, thick through. Skin yellow; flesh pure white, mild flavored; productive; best for sets.

SOUTHPORT RED GLOBE ONION

The Onions from Southport, Conn., generally command an extra price in New York markets because of their beautiful shape and color, due partly to the variety grown and partly to the favorable soil and the extra care taken in handling the crop. The Southport Red Globe is of medium size, spherical, with small neck, very deep, rich red in color, and of superior quality.

SOUTHPORT WHITE GLOBE

Yields abundantly, producing handsome and uniformly globe-shaped bulbs. The flesh is firm, fine grained and of mild flavor. See illustration.

SOUTHPORT YELLOW GLOBE

This is of the same general character as the Southport White and Red Globes, except that the skin is a rich yellow; flesh pure white and of a mild and delicious flavor. It is one of the most popular of the Yellow Globe Onions. These three varieties of Southport Globe Onions we have carefully bred up for years. All three Southport Onions ripen very evenly and on this account particularly are wonderful keepers.

EXTRA-EARLY RED

A medium sized, flat variety of deep red; an abundant yielder. It is very uniform in shape and size, moderate in flavor; ten days to two weeks earlier than Wethersfield. Especially good for a cool climate where other varieties fail to produce full-sized Onions.

PRIZETAKER (AMERICAN-GROWN)

The true American-grown Prizetaker is larger and more uniform in growth than any other yellow variety. It is of beautiful appearance, with outside skin of a rich straw color, while the flesh is white, sweet, mild and tender. The average size is 12 to 16 inches in circumference; the weight sometimes reaches 5 pounds.

LARGE RED WETHERSFIELD

A Leading Variety. Produces Enormous Crops of Solid, Heavy and Perfect Onions

This is a grand red variety and a general favorite. With the exception of the Yellow Globe Danvers, there is no variety so largely grown. Our stock is excellent, being saved from only carefully selected bulbs; will be found quite free from necky and misshapen bulbs, and will invariably grow to a large size under proper conditions. The surface color is a rich, dark red. It is an early variety to mature and a fine keeper. The flavor is good and mild, and is an admirable Onion for boiling.

ONION SETS

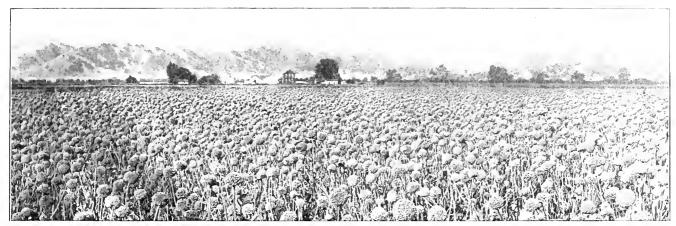
White and Yellow Onion Sets.—Grown from our select strains. The price per bushel is subject to change with the market. Write for quotations. Per qt., postpaid, 35 cts.

ITALIAN AND PICKLING ONIONS

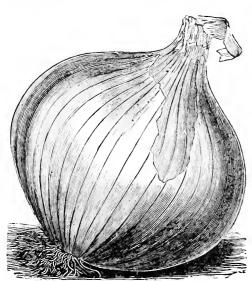
Adriatic Barletta.—Very early; small; pure white with silver skin; flesh mild, but firm; fine for pickling.

Queen.-Very early; small; flat; white and mild pickling Onion.

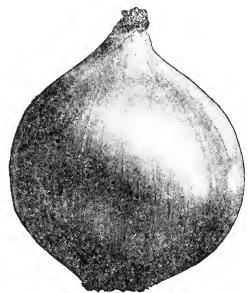
Silver King.—White-skinned Onion; immense size.



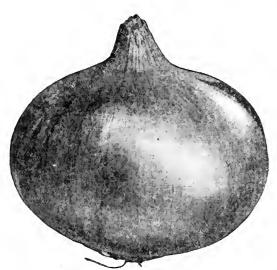
Field of Onions going to Seed on Ranch where our Seed is grown



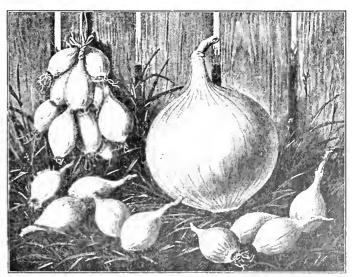
Prizetaker Onion



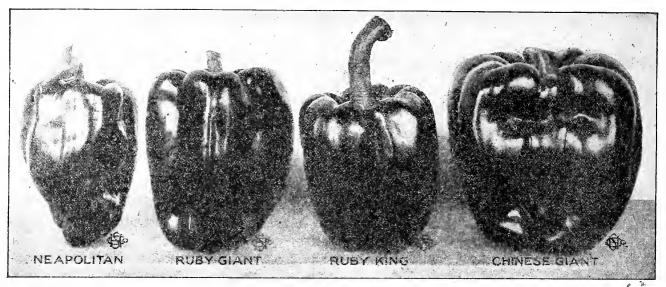
Holmes' Improved Ohio Yellow Globe Danvers

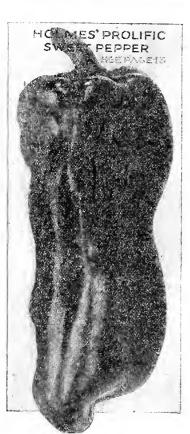


Round or Flat Danvers Onion



Southport or Large White Globe Onion





PEPPER

Pfeffer Peperone

Pieprz

Culture.—Sow in hotbed in April, and in warm, settled weather transplant outdoors 18 inches apart in rows 3 feet apart, or, when all danger of frost is past, sow in open ground and thin. One ounce will produce about 2,000 plants.

NOVELTY

HOLMES' PROLIFIC SWEET PEPPER

One-third natural size. Fully as large as Crimson Giant, but differing in shape.

The most prolific Pepper grown and absolutely sweet.

Not only is it productive for so large a Pepper, but its size and appearance make it sell on sight. Fruits may be gathered early in July. The meat is thick and can be eaten like an apple. We have counted 43 fullsized Peppers on a single plant, and the crop will yield 18 to 30 fruits on each plant.

> Price of above Pkt. Lb. 6.00

SPECIALTY

NEW CHINESE GIANT.—Strong; stocky growth; bushy; ereet; growing 18 inches to 2 feet high. Very prolific. Peppers very large in size; flesh thick, very mild. See illustration.

SPECIALTY

NEW RUBY GIANT .- Extra large; vigorous in growth; mild and sweet as an apple makes fine salad with tomatoes. See illustration.

Price of above Pkt. 1.75 6,00 .50

EATLY NEAPOLITAN.—Fruits may be gathered the last of June. Thick-meated, usually mild and sweet; bright red. Plants frequently carry 30 to 40 handsome fruits. See illustration.

Golden Queen.-Golden yellow; sweet and delicate flavor.

Large Bell, or Bull Nose.-Large; early; bright red; mild.

Long Red Cayenne.-Late; small, bright scarlet; cone-shaped; pungent pods.

Red Cluster.—Dwarf, compact; small, thin, red pods.

Ruby King .- Prolific; early; ruby-crimson; flesh thick, mild, sweet. See illustration.

Sweet Mountain, or Mammoth.—Very mild flavor.

1/4 Lb. Price of above..... Lb 3.00 .85

PARSNIPS

Pastinake Pastinaca

Culture.—Sow early in spring, in drills 15 inches apart and half an inch deep in a rich soil; thin out to 6 inches apart in the rows. One ounce will sow 200 feet of drill.

GUERNSEY.—A half-long Parsnip. Flesh fine-grained; much sought for by market gardeners because of its fine appearance.

HOLMES' HOLLOW CROWN.—Uniformly large and handsome roots of stocky form. Flesh white; fine texture; free from eore and stringiness; fine flavored. Frost improves their quality. See illustration.

Price of above Pkt. ½ Lb. 25 Oz. Lb. .90

Petersile Peitroszka Prezemolo

Culture.—Soak seeds in water 24 hours before planting. Sow thickly early in rows one foot apart; cover half an inch deep; finally thin to 5 or 6 inches apart, or transplant and cut back frequently. Five pounds to the acre.

Champion Moss Curled .- Densely crimpled, dark leaves.

Extra Curled Emerald .- Dwarf habit; productive.

Extra Double Curled .- A popular fine dwarf.

Hamburg, or Turnip-Rooted.—Fine for flavoring.

HOLMES' IDEAL.—Leaves ornamentally crimped; growth compressed and thick, almost a half-globe. Very robust, greatly improved by severe eutting. Stands heat, drought and cold; yields finely. Color and taste ideal.

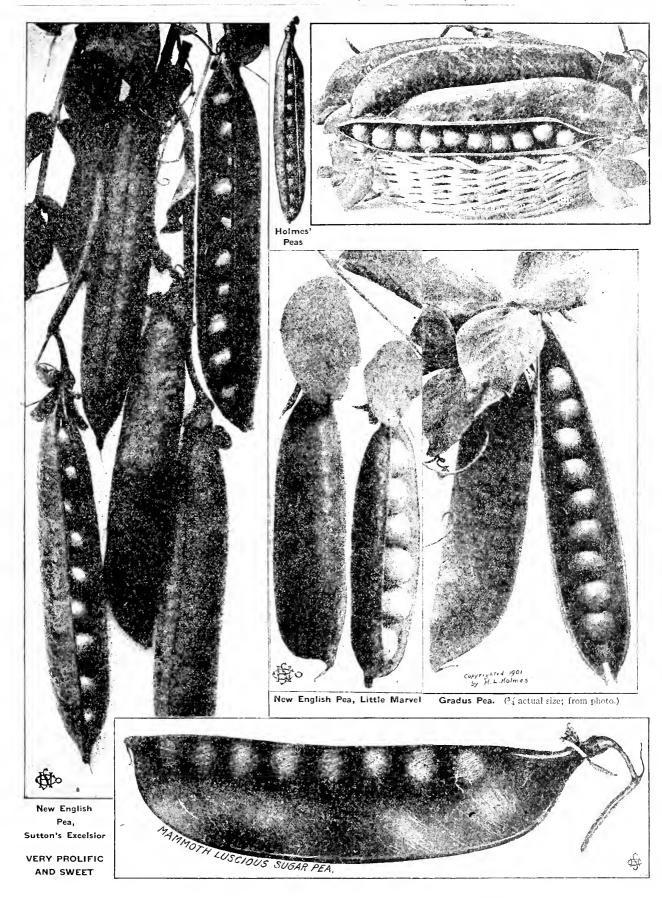
Plain.-The leaves are not eurled; plant very hardy.

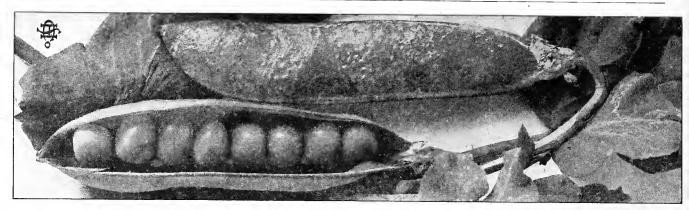
Italian Long Smooth.-New. Much sought for by German truckers; true.

Pkt. Oz. 14 Lb. Price of above.....



Holmes' Hollow Crown Parsnips





The best late Pea grown—ALDERMAN

Erbsen PEAS Pisello Groch NORTHERN-GROWN

These prices are subject to change without notice

Again, for the sixth year, the Pea crop is short; in fact, at this writing, there is no telling just the damage done, but we are assured that many varieties of Peas have been cut very short by reason of the frosts and snow. So beware of cheap seed.

*Culture.**—To grow for market sow in single rows 1 inch apart and 2 to 3 inches deep, the rows from 2 to 4 feet apart. When grown in garden sow in double rows 6 to 8 inches apart; tall sorts require brush. Begin sowing the extra-early varieties as soon as the ground can be worked in March; continue for a succession, every two weeks until June. One quart will plant 100 feet of drill; 1½ bushels to the acre.

NOVELTY NEW ENGLISH PEA, LITTLE MARVEL

Still another year's experience makes us hold this distinct, new, dwarf first-early in even higher esteem. We are sure that as soon as American gardeners, whether for pleasure or profit, become acquainted with Little Marvel, they will drop both Little Gem and Nott's Excelsior, popular as these two varieties are today. The vines of dwarf, even growth, average 15 inches in height and are heavily set with fine pods, frequently borne in pairs. The pods average 2½ inches in length, are square at the bottom and well filled with six to seven quite large, deep green Peas. The Peas are ready for the table fully as early as American Wonder or Nott's Excelsior, while the pods are larger and the vines produce a much heavier crop. All who desire a fine early crop of the choicest quality wrinkled Peas will be delighted with Little Marvel. See illustration.

NOVELTY

NEW ENGLISH PEA, SUTTON'S EXCELSIOR

Its great merit is that it is an early, dwarf, wrinkled Pea in the front rank for earliness, yet with much larger, handsomer pods than any other dwarf wrinkled. Similar in habit of growth to Nott's Excelsior, which is one of the most popular. It holds the place in the extra-early class that is now so acceptably filled by Stratagem and Telephone in the later sorts. The height is about 12 to 14 inches, showing a great abundance of long, bread extraitly toget of pole green. broad, straight pods of pale green.

 $\begin{array}{cc} 2 \; \mathrm{Lbs.} \\ .50 & \mathrm{postpaid.} \end{array}$ Price of above..... Pkt. .10 .30

GRAND NEW GARDEN PEA, QUITE CONTENT

A sensational novelty of England which is, without doubt, the largest podded Pea in existence. At all the principal shows in England Carter's "Quite Content" is now preeminent.

It is ready for picking at the same time as the well-known Alderman, which it closely resembles, but has considerably larger pods. The vines attain the height of 5 to 6 feet; pods enormous, dark green, measuring 5 to 6 inches and contain 8 to 12 Peas of delicious flavor. We have seen pods of this new Pea 7 to 8 inches long and fairly crowded from tip to tip with fine large tender Peas.

NEW LATE PEA, ALDERMAN

This fine second-early, wrinkled Pea has proven in our trials to be a very valuable acquisition. We predict for it a place in every catalog, and, once in the hands of the gardener, the old Telephone and Duke of Albany will be forgotten. Vines vigorous, growing about 3½ feet high, with coarse, dark-colored leaves and producing an abundance of very large, dark green pods, filled with immense Peas of delicious flavor. A splendid shipper and we recommend this to all large Pea growers.

Price of above..... Pkt. Lb. . 25 2 Lbs. 100 Lbs. . 10 .45 postpaid. 18.00

DWARF EXTRA EARLY VARIETIES Require no staking or brush

American Wonder.—10 to 12 inches. Extra early; of dwarf, compact growth, wrinkled; of the finest quality.

Little Gem.—16 to 18 inches. A dwarf, green, wrinkled Pea, prolific and of excellent flavor. A few days later than above.

Nott's Excelsior.—14 inches. A superior dwarf, wrinkled early; ready for the table in about 45 days; vigorous constitution and wonderfully productive; quality extra fine.

Premium Gem.—15 inches. A fine dwarf Pea of the "Little Gem" type, on which it is a great improvement.

EXTRA EARLY VARIETIES OF MEDIUM HEIGHT

Alaska.—2 feet. A wonderfully early, smooth, blue Pea; vines slender; pods very dark green, about 3 inches long, well filled with small, smooth, blue-green Peas. The earliness, uniformity in ripening and deep color render it a desirable market and canning Pea.

Holmes' Pedigree Extra Early.—2½ feet. An extra early round, smooth white Pea unequaled in earliness, uniformity in ripening, size, yield and flavor. The universally popular extra early Pea for both market and private gardens.

private gardens.

Holmes' Market-Gardeners Extra Early.—A superior strain of the Extra Early Peas, ripening even throughout the crop. 2 feet.

2 Lbs. .40 postpaid. Price of above Pkt. Lb. 100 Lbs 16.00

NOVELTY

NEW PEA, HOLMES' MASTERPIECE Extra-Early Large Podded

We have watched the behavior of this splendid Pea with much interest, We have watched the behavior of this splendid Fea with much interest, for it always seemed to us that it would outrank, as a large early Pea, the justly famous Gradus, or Prosperity, and it has. We believe this to be one of the finest and most prolific large-podded Peas ever introduced. The pods contain 8 to 10 perfectly formed Peas, and are of such large size and excellent flavor that they sell on sight at market. In quality and flavor the Peas are all that can be desired. See illustration, back cover.

NOVELTY

NEW ENGLISH PEA, LAXTONIAN

This is the Largest Podded of All Early Dwarf Peas

A new sort of decided merit. The vines are vigorous, growing about
16 inches high and produce a large crop of good-sized pods, averaging from
9 to 10 Peas to the pod. The Peas are of exquisite flavor and mature early.
Many people who have tried Laxotonian consider it superior to either
Gradus or Thomas Laxton and claim it to be the best of all the early dwarf
sorts. It is certainly worth a trial. See illustration.

Price of above..... Pkt.

Lb. 2 Lbs. . 55 postpaid. .30

100 Lbs.

SPECIALTY NEW PEA, GRADUS ALSO CALLED EARLY TELEPHONE Earliest Large-Podded Pea ever Introduced—Height 3 feet; Plant Thickly

In the Gradus we have one of those long strides of progress not often found in the ordinary advancement of vegetables. The variety is an imported one, having been raised by Thomas Laxton in England. The vine has very heavy stems and produces uniformly large pods, measuring 4 to 4½ inches long, nearly round, and well filled with 8 to 10 large handsome Peas. In flavor and quality Gradus is of the highest "marrow" type, melting and sugary, retaining, when served, its bright, vivid green.

SPECIALTY

NEW PEA, THOMAS LAXTON

A new variety, producing large pods in abundance. Delicious; matures as early as the extra-early smooth Peas and, being a wrinkled sort, is much sweeter.

Lb. 2 Lbs. .50 postpaid. Price of above...... Pkt. .10 100 Lbs. 20.00

SECOND OR MEDIUM EARLY VARIETIES

Advancer.—2½ feet. A great favorite and popularly known as the Dwarf Champion; green, wrinkled peas of fine flavor.

Champion; green, wrinkled peas of fine flavor.

Abundance.—3 feet. A deservedly popular variety, branching from the bottom and bearing abundantly roundfish pods 3 to 3½ inches long, well filled with 6 to 8 large wrinkled Peas of excellent quality.

Everbearing.—3 feet. A prolific and continuous-bearing Pea, giving it especial value for both summer and autumn use; pods 3 to 4 inches long, containing 6 to 8 large wrinkled peas, ½ inch in diameter.

Horford's Market Garden.—2 feet. A grand wrinkled Pea, noted for its uniform growth and prodigious yield. The pods, though of medium size, are packed with peas of sweet flavor.

Carter's Daisy, or Dwarf Telephone.—Cross of Stratagem on Telephone. Very productive. Pods long and well filled.

NEW DWARF CHAMPION.—A hardy, robust and vigorous grower of handsome green pods and the quality is unsurpassed. Height of vine 26 inches, 68 days from planting. For a reliable, staple market variety we believe it will fill a long-felt want.

MAIN CROP OR LATER VARIETIES

MAIN CROP OR LATER VARIETIES

MAIN CROP OR LATER VARIETIES

Long Island Mammoth, or Telegraph.—Large pods and peas. 3½ feet.

Pride of the Market.—(Imp.) Large pods; popular for market. 1½ feet.

Yorkshire Hero.—A spreading variety; very productive. 3 feet.

Duke of Albany, or American Champion.—4½ feet. A grand, largepodded, wrinkled Pea, each pod containing from 9 to 12 immense peas;
the largest of all varieties, while the quality is superlatively fine, tender,
rich and sweet; very productive.

Champion of England.—5 feet. A superior selection of this well-know
favorite, noted for the rich, marrow-like quality of its large, wrinkled Peas.

Juno.—2 feet. A dwarf main crop, green, wrinkled, marrow Pea of superb
flayor and vigorous constitution.

flavor and vigorous constitution,

2 Lbs. .45 postpaid. Price of above..... Pkt. 100 Lbs. 18.00

PEAS—Concluded

string; very sweet; tender.

These prices are subject to

*Stratagem.—2 feet. A dwarf, blue, Wrinkled Pea; a heavy cropper, producing large pods well filled with large marrow Peas of excellent flavor. *Telephone, Special Strain.—1½ feet. Strong-growing; exceedingly productive pods of largest size, containing 6 to 7 large, wrinkled marrow Peas of rich, sugary flavor.

Black-Eyed Marrowfat. -512 feet. An old favorite; prolific market Pea. White Marrowfat.-51/2 feet. Similar to above, but of better quality.

Price of above..... Pkt. 2 Lbs. 100 Lbs. .45 20.00

SUGAR, or EDIBLE-PODDED PEAS

The pods are cooked like string beans; if used when about half-grown they are deliciously tender and sweet.

change without notice

*Dwarf Sugar.-11/2 feet. Extra-fine quality; productive and early. Melting Sugar.-5 feet. Mammoth variety; pods "snap" without

MAMMOTH LUSCIOUS.—Excels in size, productiveness and quality. Vines average 36 inches; pods gigantic in size; broad, sweet and tender; extremely fleshy; equal best snap beans for cooking pods and all. See illustration.

*Tall Gray Sugar.-4 feet. Immense pods; snap; 78 days.

Price of above..... Pkt. 100 Lbs. .30 . 50 20.00

Cowpeas and Field Peas .- See Farm Seed Department.

PUMPKINS

Melonen Kurbis Zucca Bania

Culture.—Sow in good soil in May, in hills 8 to 10 feet apart each way; or in fields of corn about every fourth hill. Avoid planting near other vines. One ounce will plant 15 hills; one pound for an acre.

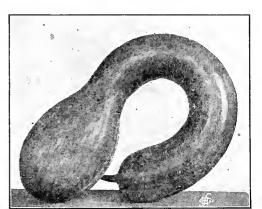
MAMMOTH GOLDEN CASHAW, or CROOKNECK

This splendid variety is of a rich golden-orange color, and grows to a large size. In its early stages it is dark green, ripening to a warm and rich color. The flesh is much thicker, sweeter and finer grained than in any other Pumpkin, and a deep rich yellow. For making pies this variety is superior, while for stock-feeding and keeping purposes it has no equal.

JUMBO, or MAMMOTH POTIRON

No other Pumpkin ever introduced has reached such enormous weights, and been awarded so many prizes. Hundreds of our customers have raised specimens weighing over one hundred and fifty pounds each. It frequently attains a diameter of over 4 feet. The flesh and skin are golden yellow, and, notwithstanding its enormous size, it makes a good table Pumpkin.

Price of above..... Pkt. Oz. Lb. 1.50 .20



Mammoth Golden Cashaw Pumpkin



Jumbo, or Mammoth Potiron Pumpkin

Cheese.—The most popular for pies and table use; large, flat-round; creamy yellow skin; thick, orange flesh of fine quality.

Small Sugar.—A handsome and productive small Pumpkin; 10 to 12 inches in diameter; round-flattened; skin orange, flesh deep yellow, fine-grained and very sweet.

Winter Luxury.—A superior pie Pumpkin, small, but enormously productive, and an excellent keeper; shape rounding-oblong, about 10 inches in diameter; golden-russet, finely netted; flesh deep golden, sweet and tender.

Improved Green Striped Cashaw.—Improvement on White Cashaw, green and white striped; flesh rich yellow, solid, fine-grained, thick and sweet.

Quaker Pie.—Shape nearly oval. Cream-colored skin and flesh; fine quality.

Tennessee Sweet Potato.—Bell-shaped, white flesh, very thick and sweet.

Japanese .- Surpasses all others in flavor. Flesh thick, salmon-colored, fine-grained, sweet.

Price of above..... Pkt. .05 .10

Connecticut Field.—A productive, large, orange-colored field Pumpkin, usually grown for stock feeding, but it also makes good pies.

Price of above...... Pkt.

PURE NORTHERN-GROWN SEED POTATOES

SPECIAL NOTICE.—This year Seed Potatoes are very scarce and FIRST-CLASS stock will be hard to get. Our stock will be the same as in former years—pure and of the finest selection.

Standard varieties of Seed Potatoes weigh 165 pounds to the bag. Plant 10 bushels to the acre. Finest select stock.

Holmes' Improved Early Ohio.—This grand strain of the old reliable Early Ohio is, without doubt, the earliest and most productive variety.

Irish Cobbler.—One of the best extra-early varieties. Very large, white and heavy cropper; of excellent quality. Earlier than the Ohio.

Vermont Gold Coln.—Excellent flavor; small shallow eyes, thin skin, fine-grained flesh; shape slightly oblong, rather broad and thick through. The strong-growing quality and exceptional productiveness make it the best Potato for general crop.

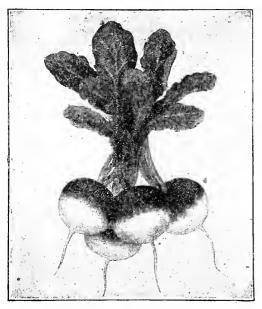
AS THESE PRICES ARE MADE EARLY, THEY ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

Improved Early Rose.—Pure and genuine.

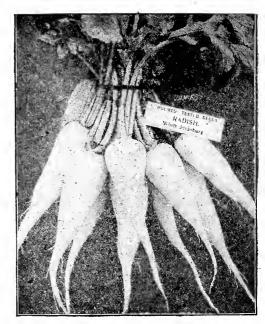
Maine Rose.—The best variety of the rose type.
Early Harvest.—An unusually heavy yielder.
Early Fortune.—Is very productive and early.
Qulck Crop.—Very early vigorous grower.
Sir Walter Raleigh.—New, valuable variety, late.
Rural New-Yorker.—The tubers are large, late.
Carman No. 1.—Finest second early Potato, late.
Carman No. 3.—Best late sort; yields heavily, late.
White Elephant.—Very large and late; excellent variety.



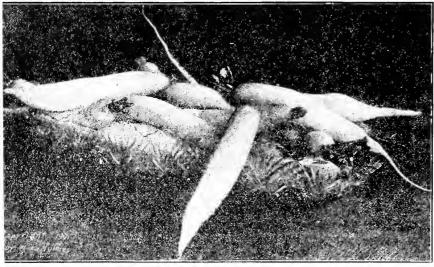
WRITE FOR PRICES



Sparkler, or White Tip Scarlet Turnip Radish



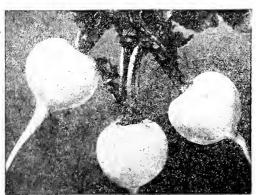
White Strasburg Summer Radishes



Icicle Radish (from a photograph)



Early Scarlet Turnip Radish



Felton's White Box Radishes



Holmes' Royal Red Forcing Radish



Holmes' Scarlet Globe Radishes

Lb.

RADISHES

Radles Ravenello Rzod kiew

Our stock of Radishes Is French-grown. Being sown in beds and transplanted, we are positive of having straight sorts.

Lb. 1.50

Culture.—Radishes delight in light, rich, mellow soil, and to be crisp and tender must make rapid growth. For very early use, sow in a gentle hotbed in January, and continue sowing every two weeks until September, in drills 10 inches apart, thinning plants to 2 inches apart. Sow winter Radishes in midsummer and take up before severe frosts and store in sand or earth in a cool cellar. One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill; 10 pounds in drills will sow an acre.

WHITE STRASBURG SUMMER

This variety is now the most popular summer Radish. Both skin and flesh are pure white, almost transparent, and of a delightful, pungent taste. It can be pulled five weeks from time of sowing, yet it will continue to grow without losing its fine quality and remains tender longer than any other summer sort. See illustration.

SPECIALTY

VICK'S EARLY SCARLET GLOBE

The roots of this Radish are slightly olive shaped; a rich, bright scarlet in color; flesh tender and white. It is fit to pull among the very earliest and is much larger than most of the extra-early Radishes. We especially recommend this to gardeners whose market demands a large, first-early, forcing Radish.

EARLY LONG SCARLET SHORT TOP IMPROVED

This variety is a standard and excellent sort for private gardens or the market. The roots grow half out of the ground, are very uniform in shape, smooth and very bright red in color, and continue crisp and tender until fully matured, when they are about 6 inches long. This is the variety grown so extensively in Petite Cote, Ontario, where the finest Radishes in America are produced.

SPECIALTY

EARLY SCARLET TURNIP WHITE-TIPPED

Or Coopers Sparkler

Handsome; a little later than the extra-early forcing Radishes, but will give entire satisfaction where extreme earliness and small top are not the chief consideration. Roots slightly flattened on the under side; color very deep scarlet with a distinct white tip; flesh white and of the best quality; fine flavored, crisp, juicy, solid, and with never a hint of pithiness. This is an excellent variety, both for home and market purposes.

SPECIALTY

Price of above.....

Pkt. Postpaid .05

NEW WHITE ICICLE

The finest flavored quick-growing Radish now in cultivation

We have no hesitancy in saying it is one of the finest long, white, forcing radishes known. The name is derived from the almost transparent whiteness of the root, which has no comparison among all existing Radishes. Leaves are short; taste is exceedingly fine. If well cultivated, Icicle produces its 31/2 to 4-inch cylindrical roots within 22 days from date of sowing. This means the acme of crispness. We find that for successive planting Icicle succeeds as well in midsummer as when sown early; even in an advanced state it retains its fine flavor, never becoming woody. See illustration.

SPECIALTY

HOLMES' ROYAL RED FORCING

Best for forcing in or out doors; quick grower; makes Radishes in three weeks. Globe-shaped; deep red; crisp and tender; tops small. The beautiful color and shape of this Radish make it a very attractive table relish.

SPECIALTY '

GIANT FORCING

For Forcing or Open-Ground Culture A Variety for Market Gardeners CRIMSON RADISH

A new Early Turnip Radish, double the size of any of the early turnipshaped type. This variety develops to 6 and often 7 inches in circumference, weighing up to an ounce per bulb, or about four times the weight of similar sorts; but notwithstanding its immense size, does not get hollow or pithy, the flesh remaining sparklingly white, solid, crisp and juicy, and of the mildest flavor. The shape of the bulb varies between round and almost oval, but the bright, deep crimson color of the skin remains quite constant. Excellent, both for forcing and open-ground culture.

FELTON'S MODEL WHITE BOX RADISH

Felton's Model possesses all the excellent qualities of the old Philadelphia White Box, but is superior in being much handsomer and carlier, with fewer and shorter leaves; hence it can be sown more thickly in the row, enabling the grower to raise at least one-third more Radishes in the same space under glass, in boxcs or open ground.

Price of above.....

1/4 Lb. Postpaid

EARLY ROUND, or TURNIP-SHAPED RADISHES

Early Round Dark Red .- Rich, dark red; medium; uniform. Early Scarlet Turnip.—Medium; bright scarlet; mild flavor. SCARLET BUTTON .- Small; round; bright scarlet, white tip.

EARLY OLIVE AND OVAL-SHAPED

French Breakfast .- Oval; bright scarlet; white tip; dainty on the table. HOLMES' DAINTY FORCING.—Three weeks; sweet, tender and crisp; olive shaped.

Scarlet Olive Shaped .- Half long; bright scarlet; flcsh white; excellent for market.

Surprise.-Earliest yellow; fine for early or summer.

White Olive Shaped.—Similar to Scarlet olive shaped.

Yellow Olive Shaped .- Second early; skin golden yellow; tender.

EARLY LONG

Cincinnati Market, or Glass.—Long, scarlet, straight; small top. Long Brightest Scarlet.—Scarlet; tipped white; mild flavor.

Long White Vienna, or Lady Finger.-Mild and tender.

PEARL FORCING.—Skin pure white; very early; resembles Vienna.

Wood's Early Frame. - A favorite for frame culture.

SUMMER AND AUTUMN

CHARTIER.—Summer Radish; long; large; handsome; flesh white; delicious.

Giant White Stuttgart.—Turnip-shaped summer Radish; tender, mild. Half-Long Deep Scarlet, or Paris Beauty.—Bright; crisp; flesh.

White Summer Turnip.—A flat, round, early summer Radish.

WINTER

California Mammoth White .- A favorite winter Radish. Long Black Spanish .- A leading winter variety; excellent keeper.

Rose China Winter.—Skin rosy rcd; flcsh white and firm.

Round Black Spanish .- Roots round; skin black; flesh white.

Price of above..... 1/4 Lb. Postpaid

WHITE CHINESE, or CELESTIAL RADISH

Never has a winter Radish won so much favor, and indeed it is worthy of all the praise given it. Mr. Austin G. Rupp has been growing this variety for some years and gets very high prices in market for the Radishes. So valuable did he consider it that for years he thought it policy not to tell his neighbors the name of the Radish, The true stock of this variety is stump-rooted, as will be seen in the photograph, and although a winter Radish, it can also be grown in late summer, as were those photographed and shown in our illustration. The flesh is firm, solid and pure white. It keeps all winter in prime condition and is of mild flavor.

Price of above.... Postpaid

RHUBARB, or PIE PLANT

Rhabarber Rababarbo

Rhubarb, also known as Pie Plant, or Wine Plant, is the earliest spring vegetable and is grown for its leaf stalks, which are extensively used for pies

and sauce.

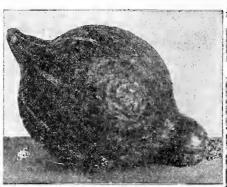
Rhubarb succeeds best in deep, somewhat retentive soil and the richer this is and the deeper it is stirred, the better. Sow in drills an inch deep and thin out the plants to six inches apart. In the fall transplant into very highly manured and deeply stirred soil, setting them four to six feet apart each way and give a dressing of coarse manure every spring. The stalks should not be plucked until the second year. When a blossom stalk appears, it should be cut back well into the ground and the plant never allowed to exhaust itself by running to seed. Our seed is saved from selected plants of the Linnaeus, Victoria, Giant and other improved sorts, but like the seeds of fruit trees, rhubarb seed can not be relied upon to reproduce the same varieties.

Roots—by mail, prepaid, 15c each; by express or parcel post, not prepaid, \$1.25 per dozen. Victoria.—A very large, thick, red-stalked late variety of fine quality.

Price of above	Pkt. .05	Oz. .15	½ Lb. .40	Lb. 1.25
Roots	Each .15	Doz. 1.00	100 5.00	1,000 38.00







Improved Hubbard Squash



Giant Summer Crookneck Squash

Sassefrica

Jarzynowa

SQUASH

Kurbisz Mickuzr

Culture.—The squash is one of the most nutritious and valuable of garden vegetables. The summer varieties come to the table early in the season, while the fall and winter sorts can be had from August until the following spring. The winter varieties are very well adapted for stock feeding, and we heartily

the fall and winter sorts can be had from August until the following spring. The winter varieties are very well adapted for stock feeding, and we heartily recommend them for that purpose.

Squash plants are very tender and sensitive to cold and so planting must be delayed until settled warm weather. General methods of culture are the same as for cucumbers and melons, but the squash is less sensitive to unfavorable conditions of soil. Summer varieties should be planted four to five feet apart each way, and winter sorts eight to twelve. Three plants are sufficient for a hill. In gathering the winter sorts care should be taken not to bruise or break the stem from the squash, as the slightest injury will increase the liability to decay. Winter squashes should be stored in a moderately warm, dry place and the temperature kept as even as possible. For those who desire very early squashes, seed can be planted in boxes, and transplanted.

Insect pests that attack the vines when small, such as the striped beetle, may be kept off by frequent dustings with air slaked lime, tobacco dust, soot or sifted ashes diluted with fine road earth. For the large squash bug, a good remedy is a kerosene emulsion. Probably the most effective way is to place a small piece of board, about 4 x 12 inches, on the ground near the plant. Towards evening or early in the morning the bugs may be gathered from under the boards and destroyed.

the boards and destroyed.

Boston Marrow.—Fall and winter variety; large, oval form; skin thin, bright orange, with netting of light cream-color, flesh rich salmon-yellow, fine grained, excellent flavor.

Golden Custard, or Yellow Bush (Cymlin).—Mammoth scalloped bush; extra quality.

Golden Hubbard.—A true Hubbard, except in color, which is bright red.

Wonderfully productive, fruits weigh six to eight pounds; shell warty and strong; flesh deep orange to shell; cooks very dry; good-flavored.

Improved Hubbard.—One of the best winter Squashes; flesh bright orange-yellow, fine-grained, very dry.

Mammoth White Bush Scallop.—Fruit beautiful, clear waxy white; superior in size and beauty.

Mammoth Yellow Summer Crookneck.—Vine larger and stronger than the old Summer Crookneck, and producing fruit fully twice as large, deeper colored and with rough surface.

Price of above..... Pkt. .15 1.25

AUTUMN AND WINTER

Delicious (Gregory).—Fine quality; excels any in flavor. Large Warted Hubbard.—Large size; productive; hard, green, warty shell. Mammoth Chili.—Often weighs 200 pounds; flesh rich, fine flavored.

Price of above..... 14 Lb.

SALSIFY (Vegetable Oyster) Haferwurzel

Culture.—It succeeds best in light, well-enriched soil. Sow early and quite deep. The roots are perfectly hardy and may remain out all winter, but should be dug early in spring. One ounce for 75 feet of drill. Ten pounds to the acre. Large White.—Common variety; medium-sized; smooth; flesh white. Pkt. Price of above

.05 MAMMOTH SANDWICH ISLAND .- Larger and less liable to branch than Large White. Price of above.....

½ Lb. Oz. .15

Spinat Spinace SPINACH

Culture.—Sow in early spring in drills a foot apart, every two weeks for a succession, and thin out for use. For fall use sow in August; for winter in September. Cover with straw or leaves in winter. Varieties prefixed (*) may be sown in the fall for spring crop. One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill. Twelve pounds to the acre in drills.

**BLOOMSDALE or Norfolk Savoy.—Fall planting; fleshy; curled; hardy.

Giant Eskimo.—New. A variety we imported from Japan; very large.

LONG SEASON.—Can be grown successfully in hot weather without going quickly to seed. Leaves are very dark green, and grow in a thick, rounded cluster; tender and succulent; remain fresh and crisp for a considerable time after cutting.

Long-Standing.—Excellent; compact; thick, fleshy, dark green leaves.

New Zealand.—Abundant; never cooks stringy.

Round-Leaved.—Thick, round, succulent leaves.

Thick-Leaved.—Produces large, thick, bright green, crumpled leaves.

Victoria.—Very heavy, broad, deep green leaves, crumpled.

Victoria.—Very heavy, broad, deep green leaves, crumpled. Price of above 1/4 Lb. Lh



Sandwich Island Salsify

Holmes' Everbearing Tomato. Full description see page 34.

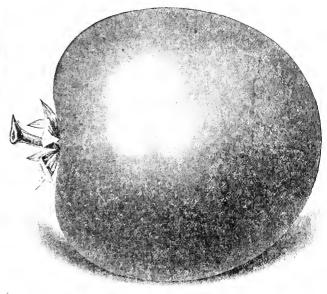


Liebesapfel Pomo d'oro Pomidor

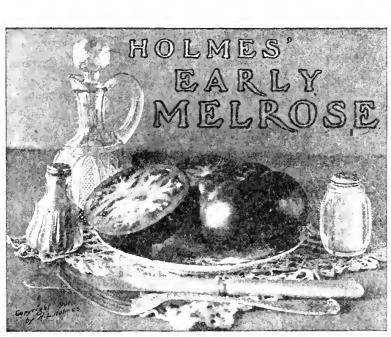
All our Tomato seeds are from seed stocks carefully selected. We challenge comparison with any offered.

Culture.—Tomatoes do best on light, warm, not overrich soil. Sow in hotbeds from six to eight weeks before they can be set out of doors; when the plants have four leaves transplant into shallow boxes or coldframes, setting them 4 to 5 inches apart. Set out of doors as soon as danger from frost is over. The fruit will be better in quality if the vines are tied to trellis or stakes.

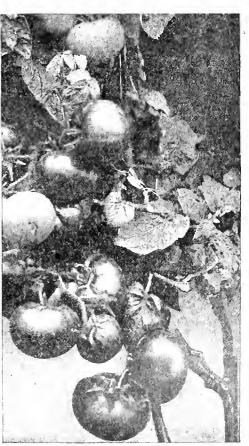
One ounce for 1,500 plants, 14 lb. for an acre.



Livingston's Globe Tomato



Beefsteak or Crimson Cushion Tomato



Stone Tomatoes

TOMATOES

SPECIALTY

BEEF STEAK, or CRIMSON CUSHION

THE VERY BEST LARGE-FRUITED BRIGHT CRIMSON TOMATO

The Crimson Cushion is well worthy of its name; in beauty of color-ing and symmetry of form, it is indeed without a peer. The vines are of strong, vigorous growth, well set with fruit; the foliage is very rich dark green in color. The fruits are of the largest size, which size is maintained throughout the season.

ENORMOUS.-Most large Tomatoes grow rough and of bad shape for slicing, but these giants are smooth, round, solid and with few seed. A standard main-crop Tomato of great size. "Everybody is buying it."

SPECIALTY "EARLY BONNY BEST."—Nearly as early as Earliana; color intense scarlet and ripening even up to the stems; round and slightly flattened at the stems. Of good size and uniform. Good for early, medium and late

crop.

CHALK'S EARLY JEWEL.—One of the best for main crop. Bright scarlet; very solid; fine flavor.

Crine's June Pink.—Extra early; fruit smooth, about 3 inches in diameter, almost round; flesh solid; finely flavored; free from acidity. DWARF CHAMPION .- Early; prolific; smooth; medium-sized; pink-

Livingston's Coreless.—Bright red; immense clusters; mild acid flavor.

LIVINGSTON'S DWARF STONE .- Resembles Livingston's Stone in color and shape. Specimen fruits weighing 1 pound are common. More productive and as early as New Dwarf Stone.

LIVINGSTON'S NEW GLOBE.—Globe-shaped; early; large size; smooth; firm-fleshed; color glossy rose, tinged purple; very delicate.

MATCHLESS.—Fruit large, smooth, free from core; rich cardinal red. Ponderosa.-The largest Tomato of all.

SPARK'S EARLIANA.—Remarkable for earliness; large size; handsome shape and bright red color; solid; fine quality.

STONE.—Fruit round, apple-shaped; very large; deep red; heavy.

Trophy.—Extra selected: an old favorite.

Truckers' Favorite.—Reddish-purple; fleshy; vines strong and vigorous. Yellow Plum, Yellow Pear, Red Pear.-For preserving.

Price of above..... Postpaid .05

NOVELTY

HOLMES' EVERBEARING TOMATO

THE EARLIEST, LARGEST, MOST PROLIFIC AND MEATIEST RED TOMATO GROWN

This wonderfully prolific new Tomato was introduced by Holmes Seed Co., of Harrisburg, and was illustrated in one of the Harrisburg daily papers, July 20, 1912. The illustration is from a photograph of one stem bearing 17 fine large fruits, and weighing 7% pounds. The clusters will average 15 fine, large, red or scarlet Tomatoes, and the beauty of it is that there all suppose that there is the state of th that they all run about the same size and absolutely free from the acidy taste so common in most varieties. The seed-cavities are exceedingly small, and we believe it to be the meatiest Tomato grown. This Tomato combines all the good qualities of each parent—earliness of the Earliana, size from Ponderosa, and color and smoothness of the Stone.

Price of originator's own stock...... Pkt.
Postpaid .10 Lb.

ACME.—Early; medium sized; smooth; solid; prolific; purplish pink. BEAUTY .- Early; prolific; medium sized; smooth; solid; purplish red.

Buckeye State. - Large; solid; mcaty; deep purple; heavy cropper.

CUMBERLAND RED .- Color bright red; medium early.

Favorite.—Large; solid; smooth; bright scarlet; ripens evenly.

Golden Queen.-Large: handsome form: begutiful clear vellow color. Early Paragon.—Bright red; standard for market and canning.

Perfection .- Smooth, tough skin of brilliant scarlet; solid, rich flavor.

1/4 Lb. Postpaid .05 3.00

TABLE TURNIPS

One ounce for 100 feet; 2 pounds to the acre

Rzoper Cruklew

For feeding stock in fall and winter there is nothing superior to Turnips and Rutabagas, as they are much liked by all kinds of stock and serve to keep them in good condition. We can not too earnestly recommend farmers to increase their sowings largely, for we are sure the crop will prove remunerative.

This wholcsome and agreeable vegetable is most easily affected in its form and flavor by soil, climate and mode of culture. There are a great many varieties, but our list comprises the best for the garden or farm.

Sow in drills about two feet apart and half an inch deep, or sow broadcast, but in either case be sure to have the ground rich and freshly stirred. Be careful to weed and thin out, so the young plants will not be checked and injured. Any overcrowding will result in rough and poorly flavored roots. It is important to get the spring and summer crops started very early so that the Turnips may have time to grow to sufficient size before hot weather causes them become tough and bitter.

In the Middle and Western States sow for fall and main crop from middle of July to last of August, and in the manner given for spring sowing. In

the field, Turnips are often sown broadcast, though in most cases better results are obtained by drill culture.

To preserve Turnips in good order for winter, store in a cool cellar and cover with sand or turi to keep them fresh. Another method is to put them in a pit dug in dry soil where there will be no danger of water standing, and to cover with straw overlaid with earth sufficiently deep to keep out frost. Thus protected, Turnips will keep well till spring.

WHITE-FLESHED VARIETIES

Cow Horn, or Long White.—Carrot-like in form, slightly crooked. Delicate and well flavored; valuable as a market sort for fall and carly winter, also for turning under.

EARLY PURPLE-TOP STRAP-LEAVED .- Early; favorite for table use; medium size; flesh white.

Early White Flat Dutch .- Standard early, white flat Turnip.

Extra-Early Purple-Top Milan .- All in all, these Milan Turnips leave little to be desired in the way of an extra-early garden Turnip.

PURPLE-TOP WHITE GLOBE.—Nearly as large as Pomeranian White Globe; white flesh; excellent, equally desirable for table or stock. White Eqg.—Oval or egg-shaped; firm; mild, sweet and very tender. White Globe.—Globe-shaped; early, mild and tender.

Price of above.....

YELLOW-FLESHED VARIETIES

Golden Ball, or Orange Jelly.-Medium size.

Purple-Top Yellow Aberdeen.-Large, globe-shaped.

YELLOW, or AMBER GLOBE.-Yellow-fleshed; globe-shaped; large.

RUTABAGA

(RUSSIAN, or SWEDISH TURNIP)

Two to three pounds to acre

Improved American Purple Top.—Old popular standard; rich flavor

SWEET. POT AND MEDICINAL HERB SEEDS

full bloom, then dried quickly and packed closely, excluding the air.

Anise (Grüner Anis). For garnishing, cordials and flavoring.

By Mail, Postpaid.

Pkt., 05; Cz., 10; ¼ Lb., 25; Lb., 90

Balm (Citronen-Melisse). For tea and balm wine; useful in fevers.

Pkt., 05; Oz., 20; ¼ Lb., 60; Lb., 2,00

Basil, Sweet (Basilikum). Used for soups, stews and sauces.

Pkt., 05; Oz., 20; ¾ Lb., 60; Lb., 2,00

Caraway (Feld Kümmel). Used in confectionery, cakes and medicine

Pkt., 05; Oz., 20; ¾ Lb., 60; Lb., 2,00

Coriander. For garnishing; seeds are aromatic, used for flavoring.

Pkt., 05; Oz., 10; ¾ Lb., 25; Lb., 75

Dill. Aromatic seeds, used in pickles, preserves, soups, sauces.

Pkt., 05; Oz., 10; ¾ Lb., 25; Lb., 75

Fennel (Fenchel). Leaves used for fish sauces and garnishing; seed in confectionery and for flavoring liquors. Pkt., 05; Oz., 10; ¾ Lb., 25; Lb., 75

Horehound. For tonic and cough.

Lavender. (Lavendel.) Popular aromatic herb; delightful perfume

Pkt., 05; Oz., 35; ¾ Lb., 1.00; Lb., 3.50

Marjoram, Sweet (Marjoram). Used for seasoning.

Pkt., 05; Oz., 35; ¾ Lb., 1.00; Lb., 3.50

Marjoram, Sweet (Marjoram). Used for seasoning.

Pkt., 05; Oz., 20; ¾ Lb., 75; Lb., 2.50

Sage (Salbei). Leaves used in dressings and sauces.

Pkt., 05; Oz., 20; ¾ Lb., 75; Lb., 2.50

Sayory, Summer. Used for seasoning, flavoring soups and dressings.

Pkt., 05; Oz., 20; ¾ Lb., 40; Lb., 1.50

Thyme, Broad Leaved (Thymian). Used for seasoning; also as bee food

Pkt., 05; Oz., 40; ¾ Lb., 1.25; Lb., 4.00 No garden is complete without a few Herbs for culinary or medicinal purposes. These should be harvested on a dry day, just before they come into



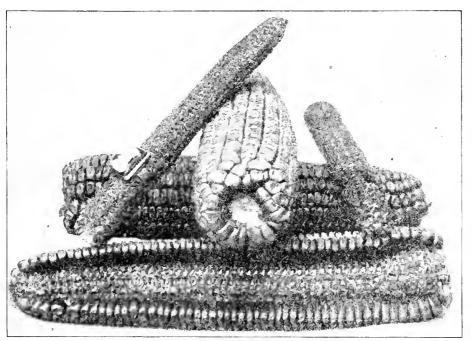
EXTRA SELECTED FARM SEEDS

Fully realizing the great importance of supplying the farmer with the highest quality of Farm Seeds, we have given this branch of our business special study, exercising the greatest care in growing and securing seed of the highest standard in purity and quality—fully matured, plump, sound, fresh and clean. The care exercised in selecting our seeds has given Holmes' Field Seeds an enviable reputation and today our house is recognized as head-quarters for the most reliable field and grass seeds.

HOLMES' EARLY GOLDEN SURPRISE CORN

90-DAY FIELD CORN

THIS REMARKABLE VARIETY IS INCOMPARABLE IN SOLIDITY, UNIFORMITY, DEVELOPMENT OF THE TIP AND BUTT, EXTRA-ORDINARY YIELD AND SMALLNESS OF COB



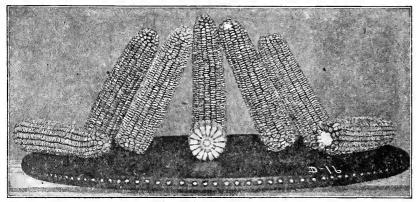
Holmes' Early Golden Surprise

No other Corn has given such universal satisfaction as our Early Golden Surprise. Its preportency and power of reproduction is so great that neither wet nor dry weather noticeably influences its growth and maturity. Unapproachable as a yielder, it withstands the harshest weather and when shelled this Corn produces a superior quality on account of extreme smallness of cob and depth of grain. The cobs are so small that many may be encased in an ordinary finger ring, as seen by our illustration. The grains are of a rich golden color, very deep, and profitable on account of small percent of waste of cob. The cob is so small that 35 pounds of ears produced 31½ pounds of shelled Corn. The Corn is a vigorous grower, with short, strong stocks and an abundance of deep green toliage, which makes it an excellent fodder Corn. It matures uniformly in 90 days from planting, and all points considered it is the best field Corn in cultivation. Golden Surprise is the greatest money earner yet introduced to the American farmer. There can be nothing of greater importance to him than to increase the yield and feeding value of Corn. Early Golden Surprise will give that result. Lige. Pkt., by mail, postpaid, 10 cts., lb. 30 cts., 3 lbs. 70 cts., by freight or express, not prepaid, 1b. 20 cts., peck \$1.00, ½ bushel \$1.75, bushel \$3.50, 2-bushel sack \$6.25.

The past season when other varieties failed to grow, Golden Surprise gave excellent results. Our customers report that every grain grew.

Special Notice: We are compelled to make prices in advance on Field Seeds given in the following pages

THESE PRICES ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE



Reed's Golden Dent Seed Corn

The stalk is rather light, short and well developed. The foliage is abundant. The well-developed roots and strong, wiry stalks enable it to stand up ven during windy seasons. When mature, the husks are loose, dropping away from the ear. Considering well, even during windy seasons. When mature, the husks are loose, dropping away from the ear. Considering the size of the ear it is a surprisingly good yielder, due to the fact that a great many of the stalks bear two ears. Its rich golden color and fine quality of grain make it superior for grinding into meal. It is perfect in every respect.

Pkt. 10 cts., lb. 25 cts., by mail, postpaid; by freight or express, lb. 20 cts., peck \$1.00, bushel \$3.00.

IMPROVED MASTODON

OUR FAMOUS ENSILAGE CORN

Is a yellow Corn with white cap and red cob. The ears attain exceptional size, being from 9½ to 12 inches long and from 7½ to 8½ inches in circumference. Some of the ears retain a slight taper from butt to tip, but the large majority are very cylindrical. The ears weigh 11 to 18 ounces, having from 16 to 22 rows. The crown is slightly roughened, with rounding corners, the rounding corners giving a smoother appearance to the Corn than it really has. The kernels set very close together and have a fine large development of the germ. This Corn carries a large percent of oil and protein. We have obtained some striking results as to yield with the Improved Mastodon. Under ordinary conditions this Corn yields over 100 bushels an acre. The stalk is large and stiff, producing a great amount of luxuriant foliage, which, when cured, affords a very superior article of fodder. It stands about 10 feet high, the ear appearing 4 feet from the ground. It has come into such favor as an ensilage Corn that there is a great demand for it by dairymen throughout the country. It matures in 120 days and is recommended for any soil. Pkt. 10 cts., lb. 25 cts., 3 lbs. 60 cts., by mail, postpaid. By freight or express, lb. 20 cts.. neck soil. Pkt. 10 cts., 1 \$1.00, bushel \$3.00. , lb. 25 cts., 3 lbs. 60 cts., by mail, postpaid. By freight or express, lb. 20 cts., peck

REED'S GOLDEN DENT

A deep, pure vellow Corn, with uniform ears 8 to 10 inches long, 7 to 8 inches in circumference, cylindrical, with well-filled butts and exceedingly well-developed with well-filled butts and exceedingly well-developed tips. The kernels are rough, deep, § to ½ inch long, § inch wide, broad wedge and uniform. One of the chief characteristics of Golden Eagle is its large percentage of grain, in which respect it exceeds any other variety. The average is about 90, often above. The very small, light cob, deep kernel and perfect cylindrical shape make this high average possible. Each ear contains 16 to 18 rows of kernels and each row 50 to 60 kernels. Forty bushels of Ear Corn will shell 44 bushels of grain.

This is an early variety, maturing in about 90 days. It grows well on almost any soil. It is used extensively

This is an early variety, maturing in about 90 days. It grows well on almost any soil. It is used extensively as a replant corn and is especially desirable for fields which for some reason have to be planted late. It stands high with feeders because of the small cob. It is easily broken and readily masticated by cattle. As it matures thoroughly, it is sweet and palatable, making the very best grain fed.



A Half Bushel of Improved Mastodon

IMPROVED GOLDEN BEAUTY

HAS THE LARGEST GRAIN AND SMALLEST COB OF ANY CORN IN CULTIVATION

The productiveness of the Golden Beauty Corn is due to the economical shape of the ears and the fact that a large proportion of the stalks produce fine ears. It is the largest grained and handsomest golden yellow Corn we have ever seen. The ears are of perfect shape, with 10 to 14 straight rows. Cobs are unusually small; when broken in half the grains will reach across them. The richness of color and fine quality of grain make it superior for grinding into meal. We can guarantee this Corn to give good satisfaction wherever grown. Lb. 25 cts., 3 lbs. 60 cts., postpaid; by freight or express, peck \$1.00, bushel \$3.00.

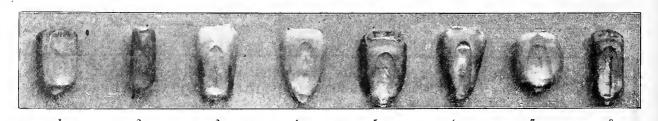
WHITE CAP DENT CORN

This combines the earliness and hardiness of the Pride of the North, with ears of very large size. The stalks are stout, growing 6 to 7 feet in height, with abundant foliage. Ears of handsome appearance, 8 to 10 inches in length, well filled, having 10 to 18 rows of deep grains. The cob is small, grains being very deep and quite wide. The outer end of the grain is white, deeply dented, while the inner portion is a clear amber-yellow. The grains are flattened and set squarely on the cob and completely fill the entire surface of the ear. Choicest stock grown by the originator at prices quoted below. Lb. 25 cts., 3 lbs. 60 cts., postpaid. By freight or express, peck \$1.00, bushel \$3.00.

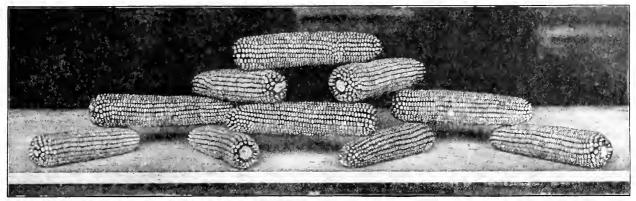
GOLD STANDARD LEAMING CORN

We have increased the size of ears and percentage of grain by breeding from tapering to cylindrical shape. We have also increased depth and roughness of kernel and feeding value by increase of protein and fat. The ears range from 9 to 11 inches long, 7½ to 8 inches in circumference, weighing 12 to 17 ounces. The stalks range from 9 to 12 feet in height, are well developed below the ear and slender above. They are very valuable for ensilage and thrive well on all soils where many other varieties fail. It is an immense yielder, producing, under favorable conditions, 100 bushels or more to the acre.

Prices same as White Cap Dent.



Group of Kernels showing Desirable and Undesirable Shapes. Nos. 3, 4, 5, 6 are fair to best shapes, while 1, 2, 7 and 8 are to be avoided



Holmes' Emperor Dent

HOLMES' EMPEROR DENT

DECIDEDLY THE LARGEST AND BEST FIELD CORN IN CULTIVATION. ABSOLUTELY DROUGHTPROOF PENNSYLVANIA GROWN

Holmes' Emperor Dent, grown in Dauphin County, is the most productive of any field Corn that we know of. The stalks grow uniformly, from 10 to 12 feet high, with ears set rather low for such tall fodder, making it very easy for husking. It matures in about 90 days, and the large, handsome ears vary from 16 to 20 rows each, measuring 10 to 12 inches in length, the majority of them having 18 rows of deep, broad grains of a rich golden yellow color. It has a red cob, thus denoting its healthy character. The six points of merit of this magnificent new field Corn are: (1) It being an extremely heavy cropper. (2) Maturing in 90 days. (3) Its evenness in maturing, the ears all being about the same length, and a large proportion having two fully developed ears to each stalk. (4) It can be used for a silo corn, as the fodder grows very strong, which gives it a double advantage over ordinary field Corn. (5) It is one of the best yielders that we know of, producing from 125 to 150 bushels to the acre on fair soil. (6) For seed Corn, it will sell on sight, and farmers will make more money from this Corn than any we know of.

The illustration on this page is an exact reproduction from photograph of average ears. This Corn may be ground almost as soon as husked, as it dries very rapidly. This year we offer Holmes' Emperor Dent at the following prices: Pkt. 10 cts., lb. 25 cts., by mail, postpaid; peck \$1.25, ½ bushel \$2.00, bushel, \$3.75, 2-bushel sack \$6.50, 10 bushels and over at \$3.00 per bushel, sacks included.

\$1.00, bushel \$3.50.

Cuban Giant Mammoth Ensilage. Has produced 70 tons of fodder to the acre and is one of the very best and most popular for Ensilage. The fodder is sweet, tender, juicy; grows 13 to 14 feet in height. Peck

Red Cob Ensilage. the silo. Peck \$1.00, bushel \$3.50.

A new variety of extreme merit. We highly recommend it as the heaviest cropping variety, producing from 50 to 75 tons per acre. The fodder is tender, sweet and juicy and grows 12 to 14 feet high. Unexcelled for

Sugar Corn for Green Fodder. Best for early fall green feed. Very profitable for cattle. A favorite with dairy farmers, also excellent for soiling. Peck \$1.00, bushel \$3.50.

New Keystone Mammoth Pride Corn

Absolutely droughtproof. The most productive; bears largest ears and is absolutely droughtproof. The stalks grow uniformly about 10 to 12 feet high, with ears set rather low for such tall fodder, making it very easy for husking. It matures in about 115 days, and the large, handsome ears vary from 10 to 18 rows each, the most of them high 15 days, and the large, handsome ears vary from 10 to 18 rows each, the most of them high 16 for swo of deep grains, which are of a rich golden yellow color. It has a red cob, thus denoting its healthy character; cobs are remarkably small for such mammoth ears, being only 1½ inches thick. This grand new Corn can only be obtained from us. By express or freight, at purchaser's expense, peck \$1.00, ½ bushel \$1.75, bushel \$3.25.

IOWA GOLD MINE

Ears of good size and symmetrical; a bright golden yellow; grain very deep; cob small, drying out quickly when ripe. From 70 pounds of ears, 60 to 62 pounds of shelled corn may be obtained. Early, and of the highest market value. Peck \$1.00, bushel \$3.00, bag of two bushels \$5.75.

PRIDE OF THE NORTH. Used in northern latitudes. Stalks short-jointed and leafy. Kernels are very deep, closely set on the ear. Qt. 25 cts., peck \$1.00, bushel \$3.25.

VIRGINIA EUREKA ENSILAGE

Has a record of 70 tons and 800 pounds of Corn grown on one acre. Enough to feed seven head of cattle for one year and enough left over for 261 days, feeding at the rate of 50 pounds per day.

This Corn was originated in Virginia about 25 years ago and has been grown on the same farms there for us ever since. It is the result of careful selection for many years from the old southern prolific Corn which often has five to eight ears on a stalk. This selection was made with the view of getting a larger ear and more foliage. It has been grown entirely away from ther kinds and it is a distinct variety and a great improvement over any other Southern White Dent Corn.

Corn has been offered by others under the name of Eureka, but it is simply the common Southern White that they are offering and at the time of cutting there will be as much difference as there is between Crosby and Stowell's Evergreen. Eureka is a Smooth White Dent Corn with short kernels, while many of the southern white varieties have the horse tooth kernels. Be sure and get the genuine.

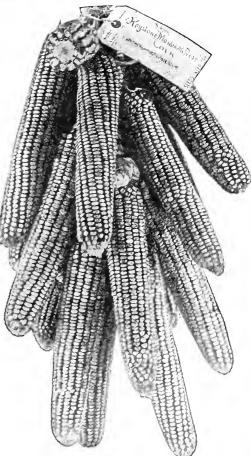
WHEN IS THE PROPER TIME TO CUT ENSILAGE?

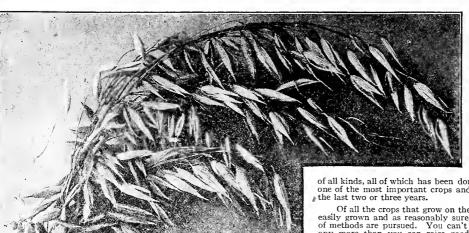
As Corn is simply overgrown grass and everyone knows that grass should be cut when it is in the blossom, then Corn should be cut when it is in that same condition. Don't look for the ear; simply watch the tassel. It is better to cut Corn too early than too late. Mature cars should never be put in the silo. The grain bin is a much better place. The silo was not invented as a substitute.

Eureka Corn has a record of 70 tons and 800 pounds of green corn from one acre.

record was made by weighing one square rod taken from an agreen corn from one acre. This record was made by weighing one square rod taken from an acre which was first divided into four equal parts, and the weighing was done by three reliable disinterested parties. We have several estimates of even more than this and we believe that this record can be broken. Price, ½ peck 60 cts., peck \$1.10, ½ bushel \$2.00, bushel \$3.75, 2-bushel bag \$7.00, 10 bushels and over \$3.35 per bushel.

NOTE—Our stock is the genuine, being grown by one of the best growers in Virginia.





Seed Oats

There is Big Money in Oats

IF YOU GROW THE RIGHT KIND

The New · Alberta Oats

In almost every line of agriculture today improvements have been made—better stock, better corn, better cotton, better alfalfa, better fruits and vegetables ne by breeding. But it seems that oats, despiest to grow has been left out until

of all kinds, all of which has been done by breeding. But it seems that oats, one of the most important crops and easiest to grow, has been left out until

Of all the crops that grow on the great American continent nothing is so easily grown and as reasonably sure as a good crop of oats, if the right kind of methods are pursued. You can't raise good oats from poor, inbred seed any more than you can raise good cattle or pigs or good corn, unless you select the best. It is an absolute impossibility.

For many years we have made the growing of Seed Oats a specialty, importing our seed stock for our own use, from which we grew much of our seed, but in the progress of time we find many progressive farmers who want the best the world can produce, and as good as any seedsman or seedhouse in America uses for growing

THE NEW ALBERTA

The cut bordering this page is a fine illustration of the head of the New Alberta Oats, except these were photographed below the average size and only shows the head $\frac{1}{2}$ natural size.

These new Oats were introduced into the Alberta country only four years ago by emigrants who took their seed from Iowa, and were known at that time as the Regenerated Swedish Select Oats, but owing to the great success and results made and given they soon thereafter took the name of New Alberta, often yielding 125 to 140 bushels per acre and weighing out from 45 to as high as 52 pounds per measured bushel. Since their first introduction into Alberta they have been continually grown on new, clean virgin land, free from weeds, located in the greatest Oats producing country in the world, which produces these vigorous hardy Oats—Seed Oats that is full of life and vigor that will easily make you a yield of three times as much as common ordinary varieties.

> The New Alberta is of strong, stiff straw; stands up well on rich ground, as near rustproof as any Oats in existence; ripens medium early, two or three weeks ahead of late varieties, and is the all-round best variety and quality of Oats to be found anywhere.

> Price, at purchaser's expense, by express or freight, peck 75 cts., $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel \$1.35, 1 bushel \$2.50, 2 to 4 bushels \$2.35, 10 bushels and over \$2.25.

NOTE-Our Oats are direct from the Alberta country. You can rely on securing the genuine seed if purchased from us.

Long's Improved White **Tartar**

Direct from the new importation. Outyields nearly all others and is the very best for all-round purposes. Earliest variety grown, with long straw, usually averaging 4 to 5 feet, and rustproof. Succeeds well on all soils. Golden-yellow color. Grains white with golden cast. Withstands stormy weather without lodging or falling off of grains. A measured bushel weighs 42 pounds. Lb. 25 cts., 3 lbs. 65 cts., postpaid. By freight or express, peck 75 cts., bushel of 32 lbs. \$2.50, 2 bushels \$2.25, 10 bushels \$2.10 per bushel, 20 bushels and over \$2.00 per bushel. Bags holding 2½ bushels 25 cts. each, extra.

Long's Storm King

Mr. Isaac Long, a successful, scientific and widely known farmer, imported this remarkable Oats from Tartary. We have named it Long's Storm King because it stood up completely and perfectly during very heavy storms the month preceding oats harvest. It was then 4 to 6 feet tall. It yielded over 100 bushels to the acre, and weighed 45 pounds to the measured bushel—clean and bright, no smut. There were 190 to 250 grains to each head. Greatest drought-resister known, and Mr. Long's crop shows it is the greatest yielder ever brought here. The illustration shows Mr. Long holding a small sheaf. Note the wonderful length of the straw and heaviness of head. Lb. 35 cts., 3 lbs. 75 cts., postpaid. By express or freight, peck 75 cts., bushel of 32 lbs. \$2.50, 2-bushel sack \$4.50, 10 to 20 bushels \$2.00 per bushel, 21 to 50 bushels \$1.90 per bushel, 21 to 5

Remember, we have the originator's stock and offer this from the original importation.

Mrs. J. M. Irvine, Loysville, Pa., writes: "We have been selecting seed from your seed book for several years and always were well pleased with the seed bought of you and found them the cheapest in the end, because they always grow and prove to be just as you represent them."

BENJ. G. WENGER, Murrell, Pa., writes: "Enclosed find our order for seeds. We have ordered seeds from you for several years and have always found them very satisfactory.

Holmes' Superior Recleaned Clover Seeds



Alfalfa, or Lucerne

Note. The prices of some varieties of Clover, Grass and Field Seeds may change as the season advances. Prices now given are those prevailing when this catalog was published. It will be to advantage of intending purchasers to write for samples and special prices before ordering in large quantities.

Alfalfa (Medicago sativa), also known as Lucerne and Chili Clover. One of the most valuable forage or pasture grasses, being very nutritious, both as a green feed and as hay. It requires moist land or frequent irrigation and often bears from five to six crops of hay a year. It does well in almost any climate and improves any soil that is sown with it. A good stand of it will choke out and practically kill wild morning-glory. Prepare the land by deep plowing and thorough harrowing, and sow 17 to 25 pounds per acre broadcast and harrow it. Alfalfa sced is graded by the amount of dead matter and the percentage of weed seeds it contains. The very worst weed is dodder, which infests seed grown on low lands. Dodder is a yellow parasitic plant with abundant stems but no leaves; the roots live on the alfalfa plant and quickly kill it. A little thought will show that Alfalfa which contains no dodder is worth several cents a pound more than Alfalfa which contains this weed. Our Alfalfa is grown out of the state on high land, and is dodder-free. Lb. 30 cts., 3 lbs. 75 cts., postpaid. Price per bushel on application.

RED MEDIUM CLOVER. This is the common Red Clover so largely grown throughout the country. Lb. 30 cts., 3 lbs. 75 cts., postpaid. Price per bushel on application.

MAMMOTH, or PEA-VINE CLOVER. This grows much taller, with larger, leafier stalk, and large, slightly-pointed leaflets. Lb. 30 cts., 3 lbs. 75 cts., postpaid. Price per bushel on application.

WHITE DUTCH CLOVER. The best variety for lawns; valuable in permanent pastures. Lb. 45 cts., postpaid. Price per bushel on application.

Alsike, or HYBRID CLOVER. The hardiest of all, sometimes called Giant White Clover. It is a perennial, therefore adapted for permanent pastures or for hay crop. Never heaves or throws in the winter; thrives equally well on wet or dry soil, through extreme droughts or excessive rains; grows on clover-sick land and yields a heavy bulk of herbage where no other Clover succeeds. Its superior pasturage is much liked by cattle. Blossom-heads round; flesh-colored; sweet and fragrant; much liked by bees. Sow to 0 20 pounds per acre in spring or fall. Lb. 35 cts., postpaid. For larger quantities write for prices.

Crimson, or SCARLET CLOVER. An annual variety providing large crops of green forage, or, if cut while in bloom, will make excellent hay. As a green manuring crop for grain, fruit or trucking crops, it gives the very best results, while for improving poor land it has few equals. It succeeds on every kind of soil, standing southern suns and northern winters, and is now grown largely in Delaware, Maryland, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Virginia, and has succeeded in every state where tried. Sow 15 pounds to the acre from July to September. Lb. 25 cts., 3 lbs. 60 cts., postpaid. For larger quantities write for prices.

Holmes' Superior Recleaned Grass Seed

All prices on Grasses subject to change. Write for special quotations

CREEPING BENT GRASS (Agrostis stolonifera). Excellent for lawns; thrives on moist lands. (Bu. 20 lbs.)..... CRESTED DOG'S TAIL (Cynosurus cristatus). An excellent grass for hard, dry soils; valuable for pastures and lawns. (21 lbs. per bu.)... ENGLISH RYE GRASS (Lolium perenne). Nutritious, vigorous; for meadow and pasture. (Bu. 24 lbs.)..... HARD FESCUE (Festuca duriuscula). One of the most desirable dwarf grasses, excellent for dry soils and shady places. ITALIAN RYE GRASS (Lolium Italicum). A valuable European variety, adapted to any climate and produces large and nutritive crops. (18 lbs. per bu.). KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS (Poa pratensis). Well known and extensively grown in all parts of the country; used for lawns. MEADOW FESCUE (Festuca pratensis). Fine permanent pasture; heavy and nutritious. (Bu, 22 lbs.)..... MEADOW FOXTAIL (Alopecurus pratensis). One of the earliest and best pasture grasses; grows rapidly when cut or eaten down by stock. (7 lbs. per bu.)... ORCHARD GRASS (Dactylis glomerata). A valuable pasture grass, adapted for growing in shady, moist places under trees, etc. (14 lbs. per bu.) . . PERENNIAL RYE (Lolium perenne). Nutritious; for meadow or permanent pasture. (Bu. 20 lbs.)..... RED, or CREEPING FESCUE (Festuca rubra). Valuable for lawns. (14 lbs. per bu.).... RED TOP GRASS (Agrostis vulgaris). Valuable for either pastures or lawns. (14 lbs. per bu.).....



Timothy

garis). Valuable for either pastures or lawns. (14 lbs. per bu.).

RHODE ISLAND BENT GRASS (Agrostis canina). Valuable for either pastures or lawns. (14 lbs. per bu.).

ROUGH-STALK MEADOW GRASS (Poa trivialis). Excellent for pastures and meadows, particularly on damp soils. As a lawn grass it forms a fine turf and does well in shaded locations. Sow 20 lbs. per acre.

SHEEP'S FESCUE (Festuca ovina). Excellent for sheep pasture; 6 to 10 inches high. (Bu. 12 lbs.)...

SWEET VERNAL, TRUE PERENNIAL (Anthoxanthum odoratum). It should be sown in connection with other grasses for pastures or lawns. (10 lbs. per bu.).

TALL MEADOW OATS GRASS (Avena elatior). This is a valuable variety for pastures. (10 lbs. per bu.).

TALL FESCUE (Festuca elatior). Early, nutritive and productive in permanent pastures on wet or clay soils. On moist lands yields a large amount of good hay. Height 3 to 4 feet. Not suitable for lawns. Sow 40 lbs. per acre. (14 lbs. per bu.).

TIMOTHY (Phleum pratense). A variety producing a profitable hay crop in almost any soil. One-half bushel per acre. Our seed is free from weed seeds and of high germinating power. (45 lbs. per bu.).

VARIOUS-LEAVED FESCUE (Festuca heterophylla). A perennial grass suitable for lown mowing of grazing. Height 2 to 3 feet. As a lawn grass it is valuable, especially for shaded places. Sow 40 lbs. per acre. (Bu. 12 lbs.).

WOOD MEADOW GRASS (Poa nemoralis). A very productive grass, adapted for lawns or pastures. Thrives well under trees. (14 lbs. per bu.).

Mrs. D. S. Kreps, Canalon, Mo., writes: "I have planted your seeds for about 12 years and have had good results all the time. I am well pleased with your promptness in filling orders.

By Freight or Express

rices on Applicatio

SPECIAL NOTICE: Owing to the many changes in the markets, customers are requested to write us for prices ruling at the present time.

MANURIAL CROPS

PRICES OF SEEDS ON THIS PAGE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

Modern agricultural practice proves that it is far more economical and desirable to grow the nitrogen fertilizers for soil than to attempt to produce this in the form of manure, especially on large farms or where much live stock is not kept. The chief thing the soil needs is organic matter, and if the farmer can not afford to give enough of this in the form of manure, he can afford to grow and turn down certain good cover-crops for fertilizing. The clovers of various kinds, such as the Mammoth Clover, Red Clover, Alfalfa, Alsike and the Sweet Clovers are beneficial as soil renewers, and in addition to these there are Cowpeas, Soy Beans and, in fact, Peas and Beans of all kinds, Sand and Spring Vetches, Sainfoin, Kidney Vetch, Yellow Lupine and other Legumes which have the power of catching nitrogen from the atmosphere and transforming it into available form for plant-growth.

Where soil is even too thin or poor in quality to grow Red Clover, Sand Vetch or Alsike can be started, and after growing these crops the Red Clover can then be grown with success. If these cover-crops are grown and turned under, the farmer then can add lime, phosphoric acid in the form of acid phosphate, and potash in the form of Kainit or wood ashes, and will find the soil then to contain fairly well-balanced rations for plant-food and be rich and productive in a few seasons.

COWPEAS

Can be grown in all parts of the country where Dent Corn succeeds. It one of the best for temporary pastures. As a grazing crop it is valuable is one of the best for temporary pastures. As a grazing crop it is valuable for producing milk, growing young stock and fattening all kinds of domestic fowls and animals. Effective fertilizing plant, and can be used as a green manure crop at any time during the summer and in almost every crop rotation. Can be grown on greater variety of soils than any other legume. LARGE BLACK EYE. Extremely early variety, matures peas in six to eight weeks.

BLACK. Quicker to mature than other varieties and better adapted for late planting or for growing north of Virginia.

CLAY. Tall, erect, large dark green leaves; stems of vigorous growth; pod large and yellow; seeds kidney-shaped, medium size, cream-colored; medium to late in ripening.

NEW ERA. A very regular variety; erect and not inclined to run; matures in 60 or 75 days.

WHIPPOORWILL. Usually an erect grower and rarely climbs; pods gray, long and full; seeds large, nearly spherical, mottled red and white; matures early. One of the best for late planting and growing.

Prices of above, pkt. 10 cts., 1b. 25 cts., 3 lbs. 60 cts., postpaid.

Barley, BEARDLESS. This variety is free from beard. Lb. 25 cts., 3 lbs. 60 cts.

Rye, WHITER. It is much hardier than wheat and can be grown on a greater variety of soils. It is not only grown for grain, but for straw and soiling purposes. Plowed under when about 6 inches high, it is in condition to add great fertility to the soil. Rye can be cultivated longer on the same land than any other crop. Can be sown at the last working of corn. Sow at the rate of ½ bushel to the acre. Lb. 20 cts., 3 lbs. 50 cts., postpaid.

SPRING. True stock. Spring Rye is an excellent catch-crop where winter grain has been killed out, or where a fall crop has not been planted. Lb. 20 cts., 3 lbs. 50 cts., postpaid.

Buckwheat, JAPANESE. Is much superior to the common superior flour. It is used as a poultry-food. Sow r bushel (48 lbs.) to the acre broadcast. Lb. 25 cts., 3 lbs. 60 cts., postpaid.

SILVER HULL. The grains are of a silvery gray color, making a white flour. Prices same as Japanese.

IMPROVED EVERGREEN. and quality of brush; ripens very early; grows about 8 to 10 feet high; brush of good length, fine and straight, and always of green appearance when ripe. Lb. 25 cts., 3 lbs. 65 cts., postpaid.

Spring Emmer. (Incorrectly called Speltz.) A grain especially can be sown very early in the spring like oats. Emmer grows best in the dry prairie regions with hot summers, and even does well in poor or stony ground. It is a better drought and rustresister than either oats or barley, and it also yields considerably better. The feeding value is high. Lb. 25 cts., 3 lbs. 60 cts., postpaid.

Milo Maize. A variety of sorghum, nonsaccharine, growing stalks 8 to 10 feet high. Useful for the large amount of green feed or cured fodder it produces and for its grain. It stands dry weather and makes its crops when corn would wholly fail. Plant in 3-foot rows and cultivate as corn; 3 to 5 lbs. to the acre. Lb. 20 cts., 3 lbs. 50 cts., postpaid.

Sorghum, or Sugar Cane. Sorghum is a sweet fodder of most luxuriand growth. There is no better feed for horses—very nourishing, fattening and keeps the bowels open, and can be safely fed at any stage of growth. Fedito cows, proves a great milk producer and is a wonderful feed to fatten hogs. Will produce as high as 20 tons per acre, and two or three cuttings hogs. in a single season.

EARLY AMBER. Grows from 11 to 12 feet in height and can be planted by the first of May. The seed ripens almost invariably, affording an excellent food for stock and poultry. Lb. 20 cts., 3 lbs. 55 cts., postpaid. EARLY GEM. This is a strong grower and will outyield any other Sorghum; is highly recommended as a feed for horses and cows. Lb. 25 cts., 3 lbs. 65 cts., postpaid.

Kaffir Corn. One of the best forage-plants. If the crop is wanted mainly for fodder, it is recommended to cut down the whole stalk when the first seed heads come into bloom. The second growth springing at once from the roots, will still mature a full crop of grain and a second full crop of forage by October 15. For grain sow in rows 3 feet apart, 5 lbs. to the acre. For fodder, sow 3 pecks broadcast. Pkt. 10 cts., Ib. 25 cts., 3 lbs. 60 cts., postpaid.

Sunflower,
By freight or express, b. 15 cts., 100 lbs. \$12.

CANADA. "Peas could be made to bring more dollars."—Year Book of the U. S. Department of Agriculture. Peas are second only to clover in their soil-enriching properties and can be grown to turn under. Peck \$1.50, bushel (60 lbs.) \$4.75, 2 bushels \$9.00.

be grown to turn under. Peck \$1.50, bushel (60 lbs.) \$4.75, 2 bushels \$9.00.

LARGE MARROWFAT. Growth immense. The best of the Field Beans for hay. Peck \$2.50, bushel (60 lbs.) \$9.00.

New Velvet Bean. A very heavy yielding legume belonging to the Soja and Cowpea class. The most rampant growing of all these sorts. Popular in the South—and of value in the North for a cover crop. Pkt. 10 cts., lb. 30 cts., postpaid. For larger lots write for prices.

Giant Spurry. An annual plant extensively cultivated in Europe as a winter pasture for cattle and sheep; grows well on poor, dry, sandy soil; an excellent fertilizer for light soil and valuable for forage. Sow 12 lbs. to the acre. Lb. 30 cts., 3 lbs. 75 cts., postpaid. For larger lots write for prices.

Teosinte. A valuable continuous-cutting forage plant for the Southern and Southwestern States, furnishing a most nutritious food, green or dry, for horses and cattle. Sow in May or June in drills 3½ to 4 feet, 2 to 3 lbs. to the acre. Pkt. 5 cts., oz. 15 cts., ¼ lb 75 cts., lb. \$2.50, postpaid.

Soja Beans. The Soja Bean is often used to take the place of clover where the soil is not fertile, both for hay and for fertilizing purposes. It is a sure cropper. Ordinary yield of beans 25 to 40 bushels per acre. One of the richest of natural food stocks. Sow about 1 bushel to the acre, either broadcast or drilled.

MAMMOTH YELLOW. Lb. 30 cts., 3 lbs. 75 cts. Write for prices in larger lots.

MAMMOTH YELLOW. Lb. 30 cts., 3 lbs. 75 cts. Write for prices in larger lots.

Dwarf Essex Rape. This plant is extensively grown for sheep forage, and for green manure. Farmers who desire to get young cattle, sheep or lambs into favorable condition to be sold advantageously in the fall, can do it most cheaply by growing this. Three pounds of seed to the acre in rows, or broadcast at the rate of 6 pounds to the acre. Our stock is the true Essex Dwarf. Lb. 30 cts., 100 lbs. and over at \$25.00.

Vetch, Spring, or TARES (Vicia sativa). Used for the same with oats, using a bushel of each to the acre. Lge. pkt. 5 cts., lb. 30 cts., postpaid. For larger lots write for prices.

SAND, HAIRY, or WINTER (Vicia villosa). The winter cover-crop. A large yielding and nutritious forage-crop; splendid for grazing and soil improving. It is very hardy, is valuable as a winter cover-crop to prevent leaching. It is an annual, but resows itself and will come up year after year on the same gound. Valuable where clover does not thrive. The Department of Agriculture estimates the value of an acre of this Vetch plowed under equal to commercial fertilizer at the rate of \$16 to \$40 an acre. One to one and one-half bushels of seed required to the acre. Lb. 35 cts., postpaid. For larger lots write for prices. 35 cts., postpaid. For larger lots write for prices.

MILLETS

GERMAN, or GOLDEN MILLET. Matures two weeks later than the common Millet. The seed we offer will produce more than double the quantity of fodder usually got on the same ground. Four to five feet high. Sow 1 bushel to the acre. Lb. 25 cts., 3 lbs. 60 cts., postpaid. For larger lots write for prices.

PEARL MILLET, or PENICILLARIA. An immense fodder yielder, attaining a height of 8 to 10 feet. Can be cut several times during a season. Sow 10 pounds to the acre. Lb. 30 cts., 3 lbs. 75 cts., postpaid. For larger lots write for prices.

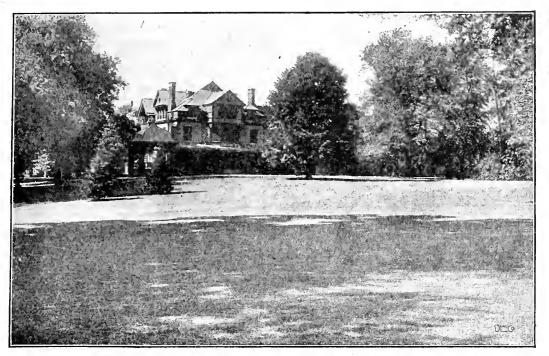
SIBERIAN. Rapidly becoming the most popular of all Millets, Very productive; grows 4 to 5 feet. Withstands drought wonderfully. Lb. 25 cts., 3 lbs. 60 cts., postpaid. For larger lots write for prices.

COMMON MILLET. Best quality for feeding. Lb. 20 cts. For larger lots write for prices.

lots write for prices.

JAPANESE MILLET. Particularly valuable in the Northern States as a quick-growing forage and ensilage crop. Six to eight feet, yields 10 to 18 tons of green fodder to the acre. Two parts of the Millet with one part Soja Beans form a completely balanced ration that may be fed without grain. Sow 10 to 12 pounds to the acre. Lb. 25 cts., 3 lbs. 60 cts. For

HUNGARIAN. A very valuable forage-plant of the Millet family, but not so coarse. Sown and cultivated same as Millet, and quite a favorite with stockmen. Lb. 20 cts., 3 lbs. 60 cts. For larger lots write for



This Lawn was sown with Holmes' Capitol Park Lawn Grass Seed

Choice Lawn Grass Seed **Mixtures**

A Few Words Here. The seedsman is always censured if weeds come up in the lawn. We invariably purchase the invariably purchase the finest grasses we can obtain, either here or abroad. Weed seeds are carried by the thousands by birds and by the manure you put on the soil. Even if you plant nothing, weeds will come. We know of soil come. We know of soil which was excavated at a depth of 70 feet and inside one month was covered with a magnificent growth of numerous weeds.

MAKING AND CARING FOR THE LAWN

Preparing and Manuring the Ground. In making a new lawn, all grading, tree planting and laying out of walks and drives should he done first. The ground should be thoroughly dug or plowed to a depth of 10 or 12 inches, after which some good fertilizer—pure ground bone or pulverized sheep manure is especially recommended—should be applied at the rate of 600 to 800 pounds per acre. The ground should be fine and perfectly smooth and even.

Sowing the Seed, Rolling and Weeding. The best time for sowing grass seed is in spring, from Fehruary to May, or if in fall, from September to November, using on small plots at the rate of one quart of seed to each 15 square feet, and for large lawns, golf-links, tennis, cricket and croquet-grounds, use at the rate of 80 pounds of seed per acre, and for putting-greens 100 pounds of seed per acre. After the seed has been sown broadcast the ground should be thoroughly rolled; or, on small places, beaten with the back of a spade to "firm" the surface and press the seed into the soil. Annual weeds, natural to the soil, will appear before the young grass becomes established; none of these should be allowed to ripen their seeds.

Renovating Old Lawns. This should be done either in the spring or early fall, by raking the soil where bare spots occur, and sowing seed, taking care that it is not covered too deep, and also to roll or pat the surface smooth with a shovel.

Cutting, Weeding and Watering. When the grass has attained a height of 4 inches it should be mown, care heing exercised not to cut it too close. Frequent rolling and mowing will make the turf close and compact, strengthen the grass and render the lawn smooth and attractive. Lawns require frequent watering and feeding to keep up their vigor. We recommend Holmes' Lawn Dressing as the best fertilizer for nourishing lawns.

Top-Dressing in Fall. A coating of wood-ashes and ground bone in the late fall is very beneficial and gives the lawn a good start in the spring. It is also advisable to roll the lawn after the last cutting

Holmes' Capitol Park Lawn Grass Seed

BOTH FOR FORMING NEW LAWNS AND RENEWING OLD LAWNS. THE KIND THAT GIVES LASTING RESULTS. FOUR WEEKS FROM SOWING YOU CAN USE YOUR MOWER

A good lawn once made will last for years if the right material is used and the work properly done. Our Capitol Park Lawn Seed has been thoroughly A good awn office nade win tast for years it the fight inaterial is used and the work properly done. One Capitol Park Lawn seed has been thoroughly tested in all parts of the country and gives perfect satisfaction. Its use will insure a beautiful, green, smooth, velvety sward, which is often ready for cutting in from four to six weeks. Composed of fancy, recleaned domestic and foreign grasses, best adapted for a perfect and enduring lawn. No more solding one Capitol Park Lawn Seed is used; for, if directions are followed, you are sure of good results. Lawn seed can be sown at almost any time, from early spring to late in the fall. Qt. 25 cts., 2 qts. 45 cts. (add 5 cts. per quart extra if sent by mail). Seed in bulk, by freight or express, peck \$1.25, bushel of

HARRY W. MILLER, Harrisburg, Pa., writes: "It affords me a great deal of pleasure to express the satisfaction I have experienced in the sowing, on new and heavily weeded ground, of your Capitol Park Lawn Grass Seed Mixture. The grass was above the surface of the ground four days after it had been sowed, and today there is a thick, velvety verdure which is the admiration of the neighborhood. I have never seen its equal anywhere. This goes to prove that seed, if properly sown according to your booklet. The American Lawn Beautiful, which you advised me to read, will give results; and the beauty of it all is no weeds have made their appearance."

HOLMES' TERRACE MIXTURES

A mixture of grasses best adapted for sloping ground and terraces. Has deep, spreading roots that hold enbankments and cover terraces with a beautiful green turf. By freight or express, qt. 30 cts., peck \$1.50, bushel of 20 lbs. \$5.

Holmes' Shady Nook Lawn Mixture

The beauty of many lawns today is marred by the unsightly bare spots under trees and shrubbery and close to walks, due to all-day shade. Unfortunately the regular Lawn Grass Seed will not thrive well in shady places, but we have, by long experience in the study of grasses and their growing natures, succeeded in making a special mixture that will produce a velvety green sod in the very shadiest nooks and corners. The special grasses that are used in this mixture are mostly imported and high-priced, and we can recommend this variety to our most critical trade. The grasses are all fancy recleaned and we make the prices as low as possible consistent with the quality offered. Ground that is densely shaded is usually covered with moss and clumps of coarse grasses, which should be removed and the ground covered with slaked lime before sowing our special mixture. Qt. 35 cts., postpaid. By freight or express, qt. 30 cts., 4 qts. \$1, peck \$1.60, bushel of 20 lbs. \$5.50. \$5.50.

V. Grant Forrer, Supt. Harrisburg Park Commission, writes: "I desire to say that the grass seed which you furnished of your Shady Nook Mixture for the shady places on Front Street under the trees speaks for itself. The results obtained were more than satisfactory, and I can unhesitatingly recommend your seed, not only the Shady Nook, but also the grass seed you furnished for golf-course and lawns, as being thoroughly reliable."

The above photograph taken on Front Street speaks for itself. The seed was sown early in spring, and on the date the photograph was taken, May 28, there was a beautiful sod. PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE



Holmes' Shady Nook Mixture

Holmes' Golf-Links Mixture

For some years past we have made up a special mixture of Grasses adapted specially for golf courses. This mixture is composed of Grasses that produce in a This mixture is composed of Grasses that produce in a very short time a permanent, low-growing, tough green sward of beautiful appearance. By the use of our famous mixtures for fair greens and putting greens, a permanent turf can be produced in a very short time. Holmes Fair Greens Mixture. Qt. 20 cts., 2 qts. 35 cts., 4 qts. 50 cts., peck 85 cts., bushel of 15 lbs. \$3.25, 5 bushels \$15, 10 bushels \$27.50, 25 bushels \$65.

Holmes' Putting Green Mixture. Qt. 30 cts., 4 qts. 90 cts., peck \$1.50, bushel of 20 lbs. \$6, 5 bushels \$28.75, 10 bushels \$55.

bushels \$28.75, 10 bushels \$55.

The Fair Green Mixture you supplied to the Colonial Country Club for use on the golf course has answered the purpose exactly. This seed was sown from April 27 to 30. On all parts of the grounds where soil conditions, etc., were good it came up beautifully and in six weeks' time has made a fine sod. On hard, shaly knolls, extreme slopes and ground subject to heavy washes, of course no sod could be expected for years, but even on those spots we have got a foundation that will hold next seeding. With light seeding fall or spring we shall have a fine sod next spring.

As regards the lawn in front of clubhouse, seeded October, roji, it shows up beautifully and certainly speaks well for Holmes' Capitol Park Mixture—Stewart McEwan, Professional Greenkeeper.

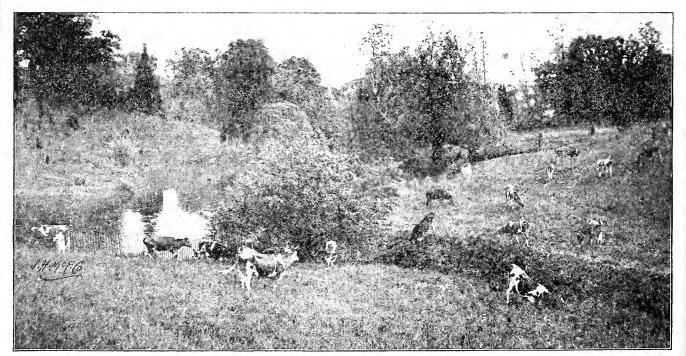


Holmes' "Tough Sod" Grass Mixture

FOR TENNIS-COURTS, CROQUET-GROUNDS, BOWLING-GREENS, BALL-PARKS, ETC.

It quickly forms an indestructible turf, smooth, firm, elastic, standing wear and tear of outdoor games. Under congenial conditions it will be ready for mowing four weeks from sowing, and in six weeks ready for playing.

Holmes "Tough Sod" Grass Seed is a blend of Grasses especially suited for the making of Grass tennis courts, croquet grounds, bowling greens, etc. The turf required for outdoor sports must be closely interwoven, firm, elastic, smooth, and durable to stand to wear and tear. These requirements are met in Holmes "Tough Sod" Mixture, which is composed of native and acclimated foreign fine-leaved, fibrous, deep-rooting Grasses that spread and intermingle, the seeds of which are blended in the proper proportions to form and maintain a tough, matted sward, constantly green, even in dry weather. These varieties of Grasses, being low-growing and fine-leaved, require to be sown liberally if a playing turf is desired quickly; not less than one quart should be used for 300 square feet, or 5 bushels per acre; half that quantity will do for renovating. Price, delivered free in the United States, qt. 30 cts., 4 qts. 75 cts., peck \$1.35, bushel of 20 lbs. \$5.



Holmes' Special Grass Mixture

FOR PERMANENT PASTURE AND HAY

Our famous mixture is becoming more generally used each season by progressive and successful farmers who desire an abundance of hay and permanent Duri famious mixture is necoming more generally used each season by progressive and successful farmers who desire an abundance of may and permanent pasturage. This mixture is made up of the Grasses best calculated to afford an abundant and nutritious food supply for stock, and its formula is based upon years of successful experience. It thrives well on all soils and is not seriously affected by the different climatic conditions. Will outyield timothy and will thrive in soils where the latter fails. Not only does it produce an abundance of hay, but will give an excellent pasturage after it has been cut. In many cases it will produce two crops a season, whereas from timothy alone you can cut but one. If your fields are old and worn out it will pay you to plow up and seed again, when you will soon be cutting heavy crops from Holmes' Permanent Pasture Mixture. Sow 3 to 4 bushels to the acre, or half this amount in established pasture. In ordering, state whether for light or heavy soil. Should you desire a special mixture for renewing old pasture, etc., write us and we will give information. Lb. 25 cts., by mail 35 cts.; bushel of 15 lbs. \$3, 5 bushels \$13.75, 10 bushels \$26, 25 bushels \$62.50, 50 bushels \$120.

Summer-Flowering Bulbs and Roots



Caladium Esculentum (Elephant's Ear)

Begonias, Tuberous-Rooted

There is hardly a single garden in which there are not semior entirely shaded spots where the average flower will not grow. Such places are ideal for this flower; yet it will make a dazzling show in the open. Enormous wax-like flowers appear uninterruptedly from June till frost.

		SINGLE	;		DOUBL	E
	Each	Doz.	100	Each	Doz.	100
Crimson	10	\$1 00	\$6 00	15	\$1 50	\$10 00
Orange	10	1 00	6 00	15	1 50	10 00
Pink	10	1 00	6 00	15	1 50	10 00
Scarlet	10	1 00	6 00	15	1 50	10 00
White	10	1 00	6 00	15	1 50	10 00
Yellow	10	1 00	6 00	15	1 50	10 00
Mixed		70	5 00	12	1 20	8 50

Add 10 cts. per dozen for mailing Single Bulbs mailed free

Second-Size 3 cts.



Pearl Tuberose

Holmes' Selected Cannas

Name of Canna	Color of Flower	Color of Foliage	H	eight
AustriaCana			4	feet
AllemaniaScarle	t and vellow	Green	4	feet
America	en orange	Bronze	4	feet
Cherokee Dark			5	feet
Mille Berat Rose			4	feet
David Harum Verm	ilion scarlet	Bronze	3	feet
Black PrinceVelve				feet
TarrytownLight	crimson	Green	4	feet
MephistoReal			5	feet
Egandale Curra			4	feet
Shenandoah Old re	ose salmon	Bronze	5	feet
General MerkellScarle	et with orange base	and f	3	reet
	e		4	feet
MusafoliaThis	canna is used for fo	liage	4	reet
	У			
IndianaGolde	n orange	Green	-	feet
KanzleiterLight	ombor vollant	Creen	5	
Dishard Watters Disas	amber yenow	Green	5	feet
Richard Wallace Pleasi			5	feet
WyomingOrang	ge	Purple	4	feet
Italia Rcd t	bordered yellow	Green	6	feet
Prince WiedRich	deep crimson,	Green	5	feet
LouisianaVivid	scarlet	Green	7	feet
Pennsylvania Deep	orange scarlet	Grcen	6	feet
Gladiator Brigh	t vellow spotted crir	nson.Green	6	feet
Gladioflora Crims	son changing to car	mine	- '	
	e		5	feet
King HumbertOrang			4	feet

Price of any of the above varieties in strong roots, 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz., by mail postpaid; \$6.00 per 100, by express. Mixed Dwarf French, 5 cts. each, 50 cts. per doz., \$35 per 100; Tall Shorts Mixed, 5 cts. each, 50 cts. per doz., \$3.50 per 100. After May 1 we supply plants at 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.

Caladium Esculentum

As centerpieces or specimens in flowerbeds, Caladiums answer well. They also make an excellent edging for a hardy bed of grass, for ricinus and other tall-growing plants. When planted in a bed alone, a border of scarlet sage removes the one-color effect and makes a beautiful contrast. Do not plant Caladiums outdoors until after May 1, but to get them in early growth, they may be started indoors.

	Each	Doz.	100
Monster Bulbs	30	\$3 25	\$20 00
Mammoth Bulbs	20	2 20	15 00
First-Size Bulbs	10	1 10	8 00
Second-Size Bulbs	07	75	5 00
Single Bulbs mailed free. Add for po	stage to	dozen	prices as
follows. Manatas Pulho 15 ata Massach	10 040	Diene C	ian E ata

Holmes' Prize Dahlias

THE CHOICEST OF THEIR RESPECTIVE CLASSES

Add 10 cts. per clump if wanted by mail

Our Dahlia roots are, in all cases, splendid, large, original specimens, often weighing 10 to 16 ounces each, and containing 6 to 8 tubers. We do not cut the roots into small pieces to save postage, but make our prices by express or freight.

DECORATIVE DAHLIAS

ong roots, 10 cts. each,		Each	Doz.
00, by express. Mixed	Admiral Dewey. Rich purple; very free	15	\$1.50
35 per 100; Tall Shorts	Madame Van den Dael. Large; white		1 50
r 100. After May 1 we	Jack Rose. Rich crimson; large	15	1 50
\$10 per 100.	Clifford W. Bruton. Canary-yellow	15	1 50
	Lyndhurst. Brilliant cardinal-red		1 50
Sulvia Deep pink pure u	white center		1 50
Nymphaea White suffus	ed with pink		1 50
Maid of Kent Cherry re	d, tipped white	15	1 50
Mrs Possovelt Possetife	il light pink.	20	2 00
Mrs. I Condner Consett	Deep rose-pink; large	50	5 00
Mis. J. Gardner Cassatt.		50	5 00
	CACTUS DAHLIAS	Each	ъ.
Countries of Londole (National and analysis		Doz.
Countess of Lonsdale.	Salmon-pink and amber	20	\$2 00
volker. Yellow: free-now	ering	25	2 50
Kriemniide. Brilliant pir	1k	20	2 00
J. H. Jackson. Crimson-	maroon; large	20	2 00
Eva. Dwart, white; profu	se bloomer	20	2 00
Mrs. Edw. Mawley. Soft	yellow; large	25	2 50
Floradora. Pure garnet;	splendid form	15	1 50
	SHOW AND FANCY DAHLIAS		
	SHOW AND FANGI DARLIAS	Each	Doz.
Arabella. Light sulphur-v	rellow	15	\$1.50
John Walker, Elegant p	ure white	20	2 00
Red Hussar. Pure cardin	al-red	15	1 50
Emily. White tipped soft	lilac		1 50
Admiral Schley Rich cr	imson	15	1 50
A D Livoni Clear soft r	pink, quilled		1 50
Dorothy Poscock Clear	soft pink	75	7 50
White Swan Large pur	e white		2 00
SINCIE DALII IA "Dab	acco Manham ?? Duna mhite	50	5 00
NEW "CLANT CENTUR	ecca Mayhew." Pure white Y" DAHLIAS. Write for list and prices.	50	5 00
Holm	es' Special Dahlia Catalog sent free for the asking		

Holmes' Special Dahlia Catalog sent free for the asking



Nymphaea Dahlia

Gloxinias

A gorgeous plant, either for conservatory or garden. The plants prefer a moist soil and a shady situation. Bulbs may be started as early as January, but should not be set outdoors until after May 15. They can be easily made to bloom in the house as pot-plants. Bulbs must be lifted in the fall. Bulbs may be started as early as

	Each	Doz.	100
Named Colors	d 15	\$1 50	\$10 0 0
Choicest Mixed Colors	10	1 00	6 00

Summer-Flowering Bulbs and Roots-Continued

Holmes' Superb Gladioli



Gladiolus Augusta

The Gladiolus is the most useful of all flowers. Apart from its striking beauty and effectiveness while blooming in the garden, its practical value as a cut-flower is becoming more highly appreciated the better it becomes known.

We name below a few of the latest introductions:

By Mai

By Exp. Each \$2 75 2 75 AMERICA. Soft lavender-pink . . 05 AUGUSTA. Lovely, pure white with blue anthers.... BARON HULOT. Rich, deep indigo-blue; very rare... 0.5 3 50 06 CHILDSII. Finest mixed varieties. Large size; bril-05 2 50 5 00 liant colors Hant colors
EUGENE SCRIBE. Rose color, shaded carmine-red.
GEORGE PAUL. Crimson, stained yellow, spotted GROFF'S NEW HYBRIDS, MIXED. Selected from the cream of high-quality Gladioli.
HOLMES' SUPERB MIXTURE. Every bulb is extra choice: the very largest and finest kind of flowers. I. S. HENDRICKSON. Irregular mottling of white 6 00 2 00 04 35 2 00

I. S. HENDRICASOUS. A Communication of the Communic 6 00 4 00 6 00 3 00 7 50



Gladiolus America

MISCELLANEOUS BULBS AND BULBOUS PLANTS

CINNAMON VINE. A beautiful hardy annual climber, 15 to 30 feet high. Leaves thick and glossy. The white flowers, borne in clusters, emit a delightful cinnamon-like perfume. Strong roots 5 cts. each, 50 cts. per doz.; extra-strong roots 8 cts. each, 80 cts. per doz., postpaid. MADEIRA, or MEXICAN VINE (Climbing Mignonette). Thick, glossy leaves, and long, hanging stems of feathery, fragrant, white flowers. Strong roots 5 cts. each, 40 cts. per doz., \$3 per 100, postpaid. OXALIS, Summer-Blooming. Deppi, white. Lasiandra, pink. Either variety, 2 cts. each, 15 cts. per doz., \$1 per 100. TUBEROSES. Excelsior Pearl, pure white. 3 cts. each, 25 cts. per doz., \$1.50 per 100. Mammoth Bulbs 5 cts. each, 50 cts. per doz. \$3 per 100. Add 15 cts. per doz. for mailing.

Ornamental Vines

AMPELOPSIS Veitchii (Boston Ivy). The best climber to cling to walls, trees, etc. Strong plants 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100; extra-strong plants 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz, \$18 per 100.

ARISTOLOCHIA Sipho (Dutchman's Pipe). A strong grower, with large leaves and pipe-like flowers. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

BIGNONIA grandiflora (Trumpet Vine). Large, orange-red flowers. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

Radicans. Dark red; very free-flowering. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

CLEMATIS paniculata (Japanese Virgin's Bower). One of the finest climbers; clouds of small fragrant flowers in August. Strong plants 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100; extra-strong plants 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz., \$15 per 100.

Henryi. Creamy white; large. 50 cts. each.

Jackmani. The popular rich purple variety. 50 cts. each.

Ville de Lyon. The nearest approach to a red. 50 cts. each.

WISTARIA Sinensis (Chinese Wistaria). Blue. 50 cts. each. AMPELOPSIS Veitchii (Boston Ivy). The best climber to cling to walls,

Peonies

These old-time favorites are being planted more and more than ever before. They are admired in open borders, beds along walks and drives; well suited to intermingle among either shrubs or perennials. Their great flowers are perfectly formed, and some are fragrant and as delicately colored as a rose. Peonies grow best in rich, deep soils and sunny positions. They flower at the alone of New More and I have a statement of the sun of the su colored as a rose. Peonies grow best in rich, dee They flower at the close of May and in June.

Named Varieties I5 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz. Mixed Varieties I2 cts. each, \$1.25 per doz.

MOUTAN (Tree Peony). These differ from the herbaceous varieties by their growth, which is in the form of a dwarf shrub; they commence blooming about three weeks earlier, and while also perfectly hardy are benefited by slight protection through the winter. We offer strong plants in shades of crimson, pink and white. \$1 each, \$9 per doz.

TENUIFOLIA fl. pl. Interesting on account of their rich crimson, double flowers, and the fine, feathery foliage which makes a handsome ornamental plant. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

OFFICINALIS. This type is the old-fashioned Peony and comes into bloom from ten days to two weeks ahead of the other herbaceous sorts. All are strong growers, with large, full-double, fragrant flowers.

Alba. Blush-white.

Rosea. Bright rose-pink. Rubra. Deep crimson.

30 cts. each; 1 of each for 75 cts.

HOLMES' HARDY ROSES

Hardy Roses are permanent guests in your garden or about your home. As often as summer comes again they are there with the fragrance and beauty and elegance of old-fashioned places. Put a bed in an empty place, or a row around the outside. The plants we offer are all two-year-old, pot-grown, 2 feet high, many of them in bud when shipped. All are absolutely free from disease and are guaranteed to be satisfactory.

Any of the following large two-year-old plants 50 cts. each, \$5 per dozen, by express, you pay charges; one-year-old plants of the same varieties 35 cts. each, \$3 per dozen, you pay express.

SOUV. DE PIERRE NOTTING. Superb new Tea Rose. A cross of Marechal Niel on Maman Cochet. Color, apricot-yellow tinged with golden. Rim of petals shaded beautiful carmine-rose. Great quantity of

KAISERIN AUGUSTA VICTORIA. Hybrid Tea. Large, strongly fragrant flowers of snowy whiteness, produced in great profusion; a strong,

fragrant flowers of snowy whiteness, produced in great profusion; a strong, healthy grower with large foliage.

KILLARNEY. A splendid new Hybrid Tea Rose; strong, robust grower; free, continuous bloomer; color is brilliant, sparkling pink; flowers are extra large and the buds long and pointed.

CLOTHILDE SOUPERT. Tea Polyantha. One of the freest flowering Roses in our collection, producing perfectly double flowers of a French-white, deepening to rosy blush in the center.

DUCHESSE DE BRABANT. Tea. One of the most deliciously scented and beautiful in cultivation; silvery pink; free growth.

ETOILE DE LYON. Tea. A splendid rich yellow, beautiful in the bud as well as in the flower.

MAD. FRANCISCA KRUGER. Tea. A fine bedding Rose; color, copper-yellow, shaded with peach; large and full.

HERMOSA. Bourbon-China. The old favorite bright rich pink, which is always in bloom.

HERMOSA. Bourbon-China. The old favorite bright rich pink, which is always in bloom.

MAMAN COCHET. Everblooming Tea. An extra-strong grower, producing large buds and flowers in the greatest profusion; color, deep rose-pink, inner side of petals silvery rose; borne on long, stiff stems; very double and exquisite when in bud.

WHITE MAMAN COCHET. Everblooming Tea. Identical with Maman Cochet, except in color, which is pure white.

FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI. Hybrid Perpetual. This is an ideal hardy white Rose, pure in color, perfect in form, strong grower and remarkably free-flowering; superb in every way.

HELEN GOULD, or BALDUIN. Tea. An excellent bedding variety, with large full flowers of fine form; bright, glowing carmine; a free and continuous bloomer

GENERAL JACQUEMINOT. Hybrid Perpetual. Brilliant scarlet-

crimson.

LA FRANCE. Hybrid Tea. An old favorite and probably the most popular Rose the world over. Flowers clear, satiny pink; large; very full of perfect form.

and of perfect form.
GLOIRE LYONNAISE. Hybrid Perpetual. White, tinted with yellow; large, full and of good shape; very distinct.
MAGNA CHARTA. Hybrid Perpetual. Bright pink, suffused with carmine; a beautiful Rose; strong, vigorous grower.
MRS. JOHN LAING. Hybrid Perpetual. Soft pink of beautiful form; exceedingly fragrant and remarkably free flowering.
PAUL NEYRON. Hybrid Perpetual. The largest Rose; smoky rose color. An old favorite. PAUL NEYRON. H color. An old favorite.

Climbing Roses

CRIMSON RAMBLER. Plants 2 to 3 feet, 50 cts. each. PINK RAMBLER. Plants 2 to 3 feet, 50 cts. each. WHITE RAMBLER. Plants 2 to 3 feet, 50 cts. each. YELLOW RAMBLER. Plants 2 to 3 feet, 50 cts. each.

Our Guarantee. The shipping of Roses and other plants by mail is so unsatisfactory to the buyer that we have decided to offer only large, strong one and two-year-old plants by express, which we will guarantee to please you. Roses and Hardy Climbers will not be ready to ship before May 1, and unless otherwise ordered, we will send all plants on or about that date.



In all cases the order will be filled exactly as desired, but in order to take advantage of this reduced price offer, it will be necessary to mention the fact in the order.

HOLMES' SUPERIOR

FLOWER SEEDS

On the following pages are listed the very best flower seeds that can be grown. We offer them with the full consciousness of their superiority, knowing that they will give unbounded satisfaction. We guarantee all of them to be absolutely fresh, new crop, tested and of strong germination power. We have listed all seeds by using the botanical in some instances and the English names in others. There are also cross references wherever needed so that every variety may readily be under either name.

Following seeds name will be found letters according to the follow-

Following each name will be found letters according to the following table, showing the nature and character of each plant, and figures showing the height to which it naturally grows. The letters and their meanings are as follows:

Annual-Blooming the same year of planting, but dying in the

A. fall.

HA. Hardy Annual—Growing with but little care.

IIHA. Half-Hardy Annual—Requiring protection in unfavorable seasons.

Seasons.

B. Biennial—Lasting two years.

HP. Hardy Perennial—Permanent in growth, coming up each spring from the roots, and increasing in size and beauty.

TP. Tender Perennial—Requiring mulching or protection during

the winter.

P. Greenhouse Perennial Plants—Those suitable only for grow-

In the conservatory or house.

S. Greenhouse Shrubby Plants—which are appropriate for greenhouse culture, but which can be planted outside during the

summer.

We shall be glad, at all times, to answer questions relative to the growing of flowers, and will cheerfully give our patrons the benefit of our experience. Write us for any information desired.

Special Collections of Flower Seeds

A NEW MONEY-SAVING PLAN—SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

To give our patrons all the advantages possible in their purchase of flower seeds, we have devised a plan wherehy everyone has a chance to make his own selection of seeds, but to obtain them at reduced prices.

By this plan selections and payments may be made as follows:

Select Flower Seeds to the value of \$3.00 and remit \$2.00 with the order.
Select Flower Seeds to the value of \$2.00 and remit \$1.40

with the order.
Select Flower Seeds to the value of \$1.50 and remit \$1.00 with the order.
Select Flower Seeds to the value of \$1.00 and remit \$0.70

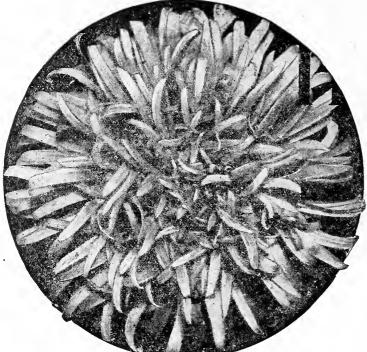
with the order.

	ALL FLOWER SEEDS DE	LIVER	ED FREE,
		Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
1	ABRONIA umbellata (Sand Verbena). A. Trail-		
	ing. Rose-colored flowers in clusters. For baskets, borders and rockeries	05	25
5	ABUTILON (Flowering Maple). GS. 4 ft. Ten-	05	23
	der shrub, with handsome foliage and bright		
	bell-shaped flowers. Mixed colors. For garden, greenhouse or house	10	40
10	ACHILLEA Ptarmica, "The Pearl" (Yarrow;	10	40
	Milfoil). HP. 2 ft. Double white flowers in		
	clusters	10	30
	of helmet-shaped flowers.		
15	Napellus. Blue	05	25
16 20	Napellus. White	05	40
20	flowers; mixed colors. Fine for winter		
	decoration	05	15
25	ADLUMIA cirrnosa (Allegheny Vine). B.	10	25
30	Climbing. Splendid climber, with pink flowers. ADONIS aestivalis (Flos Adonis). A. I ft.	10	25
	Feathery leaves; blue flowers	05	15
	AGERATUM (Floss Flower). A. For edging; blooms all summer.		
31		10	20
32	Blue Star. 5 in. Bright blue	15	50
33 34	Dwarf White. 9 in. White	05 10	15 15
35	grandiflora alba. 9 in. White; large flowers. Princess Victoria Louise. 6 in. Light blue,	10	15
	white center	10	30
36	Fine Mixed. Both colors mixed.	05	15
	AGROSTEMMA. HP. 2 to 3 ft. Free blooming. Fine for dry places.		
46	coronaria (Rose Campion). Rose-colored	05	15
	ALLEGHENY VINE. See Adlumia. ALTHAEA. See Hollyhock.		
	ALYSSUM. Clusters of small flowers all summer.		
	For edging.		
51	saxatile compactum (Basket of Gold). HP.		Oz. 75
52	I ft. YellowLittle Gem. HA. 6 in. White; spreading.	05 05	50
52 53	procumbens (Carpet of Snow), HA. White;		
54	very dwarf	05 05	60 25
34	AMARANTHUS. A. 2 to 3 ft. Handsome	U5	25
	foliage and plume-like flowers.	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
59	caudatus (Love-Lies-Bleeding). Red	05 05	15 30
60	salicifolius (Fountain Plant). Red; drooping.	05	30





Holmes' Late Giant Branching Aster



ASTERMUM. A Glorified Aster

74	ANCHUSA capensis. HP. 11/2 ft. Purple flowers.	Pkt. 05	Lge. Pkt.
79	ANEMONE (Wind Flower). HP. 2 ft. Charm-		20
	ing double flowers; all colors	05	20
	ANTIRRHINUM (Snapdragon). HP. Magnifi-		
	cent trusses of odd-shaped flowers.		
0.4	Tall Varieties. 2 to 3 ft.		
84 85	Giant Pink	10	25
86	Giant Scarlet	10 10	25 25
87	Giant White	10	25
88	Giant Yellow	10	25
89	Giant Mixed	íŏ	20
	Semidwarf Varieties. 1 to 1½ ft.		
94	Daphne. Bright Pink	15	40
95	Firefly. Scarlet and white	10	20
96 97	Golden Queen. Yellow Queen of the North. White	10	20
97	Queen of the North. White	10	20
98	Golden Sun	10	40
99	Mixed	05	20
	AQUILEGIA (Coiumbine). HP. 2 ft. Quaint,		
	spurred flowers on long stems.		
105	Long-spurred Hybrids. Mixed colors	10	40
106 107	Canadensis	05	25
107	chrysantha. Golden yellowchrysantha alba. White	10 10	. 25
109	California Hybrids. Yellow and scarlet	10	25
110	caerulea. Blue	10	40
111	glandulosa. Blue and white	15	40
112	Haylodgensis delicatissima	20	50
113	nivea grandiflora	05	15
114 115	Rose Queen	20	50
116	Single Mixed. All colors	05 05	15 15
125	ARISTOLOCIHA Sipho (Dutchman's Pipe).	03	13
1-0	HP. Climbing Vine. Brown and vellow		
	flowers; large, heart-shaped leaves, 30 seeds	10	
130	ASCLEPIAS tuberosa. HP. 2 ft. Orange		
	flowers in spikes	10	
	ASPARAGUS. GP. Trailing. Feathery long.		/
135	stems, for pots and baskets. plumosus. Fine, lace-like foliage	25	\$1 00
136	Sprengeri. Coarser foliage; red seed berries.	10	51 00
100	oprometrics.	10	30

Elmira, N. Y., Nov. 9, 1914.

Holmes Seed Co., Harrisburg, Pa.

Gentlemen: In reply to your favor of October 31, your Emperor Celery and Columbia are not at all alike in size, shape or growth.

The Emperor is a much heavier stalk and stalkier heads, large, thick, fine ribs. Also a larger leaf.

One's first glance, the Emperor resembles the Columbia, but on close inspection they are entirely different. We are growing both and have concluded to grow only the Emperor for late next season. It is the kind of the late varieties.

of the late varieties. Please pardon delay; absence from home cause of delay.

Respectfully yours.

MILLER BROS. Per A. G. M.

Asters. A. 1 to 2 ft.

The best known and most popular of all late-blooming garden annuals. Some are handsomely quilled, and others rival the largest chrysanthemums in form and beauty. Special instruction in their cultivation will be sent upon application.

ASTERMUM. A Glorified Aster

ASTERMUM. A Glorified Aster (See illustration)

The plant itself grows straight up with very strong, sturdy stems starting near base and reaching from 18 to 24 inches; even the center stems are plenty long enough for the market.

The three colors are unsurpassed. The lavender has never been produced before. The pink is the beautiful pink of the rose and the white is as white as the driven snow. Each plant yields from 10 to 15 blooms, measuring fully 5 inches in diameter, and their solidity is such that they make good shippers. They do not require either disbranching or disbudding, in fact, there are but few side buds. Owing to the symmetry of the plants, they may be set only 9 inches apart. They seem to vie with each other in reaching up and the roots are better shaded; in case of storm, they support each other and the bloom remains case of storm, they support each other and the bloom remains unharmed.

Pink. A beautiful rose-pink.

138 Lavender.
139 White. As white as the driven snow.

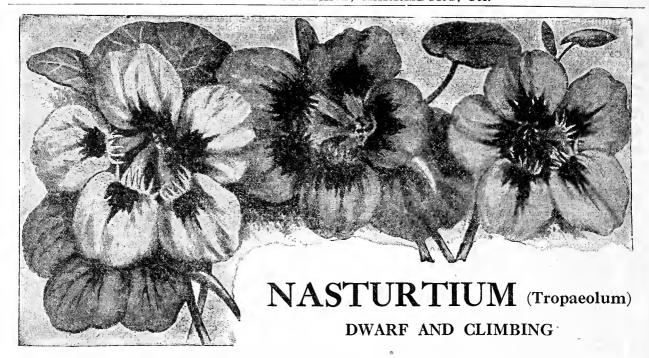
Pkt. 20 cts., ¼ oz., \$2.50. One packet of each color for

W 1257/5	FRt. 20 cts., 74 oz. \$2.50. One packet of 50 cts.	or each	color for
		Pkt.	0-
	True Comet type; extra large. 140 Daybreak. Shell-pink	10	Oz. \$3 00
Spide Spide	141 Lavender. Charming shade	10	3 00
	142 Purity. Pure white	10 10	3 00 3 00
	150 Holmes' Lavender Gem. Delicate	10	3 00
	color; feathered like an ostrich-		
	plume	10	2 50
	curved and twisted petals.	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
	155 Rochester, Lavender-pink: very		
	large	15 15	50 50
	160 Holmes' Rose King. Brilliant rose-	Pkt.	Oz.
	color; very large	15	\$2 50
	handsome: dwarf	10	2 50
	handsome; dwarf	8	
	and curled	10	2 00
	Ciant Comet Asters Resemble chrysonthemums		200
175	often 6 inches across; petals long and twisted. Rose. Delicate shade.	10	2 00
175 176	Rose. Delicate shade	10 10	3 00 3 00
176 177	Mixed Colors		2 00
	Glant Ostrich-Feather Asters. Petals very much twisted, resembling a handsome plume.	Pk+	⅓ oz.
180	White	10	60 dz.
181	Rose	10	60
182 183	Carmine. Blue.	10 10	60 60
184	Mixed Colors Giant Late Branching Asters. Extra large	10	50
	Giant Late Branching Asters. Extra large	Pkt.	0-
190	flowers. Fine for cutting. White	05	Oz. \$1 50
191	White Pink Purple Lavender Crimson	05	1 50
192 193	Purple	05 05	1 50 1 50
194	Crimson	05	1 50
195	Mixed Colors	05	1 50
	Crimson. Mixed Colors. Holmes' Queen of the Market Asters. Distinct type; very large flowers on long		
	stems. Extra early.		
200 201	Indigo-blue	05 05	= 1 00 1 00
202	Red	05	1 00
203	White Mixed Colors	05	1 00
204	AUSTRALIAN STRAW FLOWER. See Heli-	05	1 00
~	chrysum.		
	chrysum. AVENA sterilis. See Grasses. BACHELOR'S BUTTON. See Centaurea. BALLOON VINE. See Cardiospermum. BALSAM, Camellia-flowered (Impatiens Balsamina). Lady Slipper. HHA. 1½ ft. Well-known, old-fashioned garden plant, bearing dainty, double, rose-like flowers on an		1
	BALLOON VINE. See Cardiospermum.		-
	BALSAM, Camellia-flowered (Impatiens Bal-		
	samina). Lady Slipper. HHA, 1½ it. Well-known old-fashioned garden plant, bear-		
	ing dainty, double, rose-like flowers on an		
210	ing dainty, double, rose-like flowers on an erect stalk. See, also, Impatiens.	10	\$1 00
210 211	Salmon-plnk	10	\$1 00 1 50
212		10	1 00
213 214	White Choice Mixed. All colors. BALSAM APPLE; BALSAM PEAR. See Momordica.	10 10	1 50 75
214	BALSAM APPLE; BALSAM PEAR. See		
219	Momordica. BARTONIA aurea. HA. I ft. Golden-yellow		
219	BARTONIA aurea. HA. I ft. Golden-yellow flowers, fragrant in the evening. Deeply cut	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
	foliage	10	15
224	foliage BABY'S BREATH. See Gypsophila. BEANS, SCARLET RUNNER. A. Climbing. Broad foliage and scarlet flowers followed by		
22.1	Broad foliage and scarlet flowers followed by	Pkt.	Pt.
	long, edible beans. Fine for porches BEGONIA. GP. 1 to 1½ ft. Handsome foliage	05	20
	and flowers.		-
	Samperflorence type Everblooming For	D1 -	
			Lge. Pkt.
220	bedding and pot culture.	Pkt.	65
230 231	bedding and pot culture. Anna Regina. Rose-color Zulu King. Blood-red flowers: dark red foliage.	15 15	65 65
230 231 232	bedding and pot culture. Anna Regina. Rose-color Zulu King. Blood-red flowers; dark red foliage. Queen of Carpet Bedders. Red foliage;	15 15	65 65
231 232	bedding and pot culture. Anna Regina. Rose-color Zulu King. Blood-red flowers; dark red foliage. Queen of Carpet Bedders. Red foliage; orange-red flowers; compact in growth	15 15 15	65 65 40
231	bedding and pot culture. Anna Regina. Rose-color Zulu King. Blood-red flowers; dark red foliage. Queen of Carpet Bedders. Red foliage; orange-red flowers; compact in growth	15 15 15 15	65 65 40 30
231 232 233	bedding and pot culture. Anna Regina. Rose-color	15 15 15	65 65 40

	BECONIA—continued Tuberous-rooted. For massing in	ъ		Commence of the second
252	shady places. Pkt. Lge. F Single Varieties, choice mixed 15	65		
253	Double Varieties, choice mixed 25 See. also, Summer-flowering Bulbs and Roots.		Service St.	
	BELLIS perennis (English Daisy). B. 4 in. Dainty little flowers in			
260	early spring. Pink and white. Holmes' Mammoth White 15	65	2000	
261	German Double Mixed	40		
	BLANKET FLOWER. See Gaillardia. BOSTON IVY. See Ampelopsis.			
266	BRACHYCOME (Swan River Daisy). A. Ift. For edging. Mixed 05	20	5 11/	
254	BRIZA maxima. See Grasses. BROMUS brizaeformis. See Grasses.			
2/1	BROWALLIA (Amethyst). A. 2 ft. Blue and white flowers. Fine for garden and house blooming 05	20		
	BUTTERFLY FLOWER. See Schizanthus.	20		
276	A. 1½ ft. Pretty tassel-like			
	scarlet flowers		W.	The state of the s
	r to 2 ft. Charming house plants, with curious striped and mottled			
281	flowers. hybrida grandiflora. Tall; mixed			
282	colors	75 75	101	
283	pacta. Dwarf mixed 25 James' Perfection Strain. All colors; beautifully marked 50 \$1	75 25		
	CALENDULA officinalis (Pot Marigold). A. 1 to 2 ft. Showy garden			
288		Oz.		
289	and orange	25 25		
290	Double Mixed. Orange, yellow and white	25		
	CALIFORNIA POPPY. See Esch- scholtzia.		a.V	3 PLESTA T
295	CALLIOPSIS, or COREOPSIS. 1 to 2 ft. Showy, large, daisy-like flowers. coronafa. A. Yellow 05	25	15 (1)	
296 297	coronata. A. Yellow	25 25	M / M	YANA GAS
298	Ianceolata (Coreopsis). HP. Brilliant	50		
303	CALLIRHOE involucrata (Poppy Mallow). HP. Trailing, Bright saucer-shaped flowers; crimson, white centers	Pkt. 10	1	Group of Double Annual Pinks, see page 44 CELOSIA. A. 1 to 2 ft. Brilliant bedding plants,
	CAMPANULA. Bell-shaped flowers in splendid spikes.		383	with unique flowers. Fine for pots. Pkt. Lge. Pkt. Dwarf Feathered. Rose-colored
	Biennial Varietles: Medium (Canterbury Bells). 2 ft.	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt. 384 385 386	Thompsoni magnifica. Yellow and red 10 25
308 309	Pkt. Lge. Pkt. Blue 05 30 310 White Pink 05 15 311 Mixed	05 10	15 29	
	Calycanthema (Cup-and-Saucer). 2 ft. Pkt. Lge. Pkt.		20 000	Button). HA. I to 3 ft. Handsome old-fashioned flowers. Pkt. Oz.
316 317	Blue 10 30 318 White	10 10	30 392 25 393	
324	Carpatica (Harebell). 6 to 8 inches. Blue.	05	394 15 395	Pink 05 25 396 Single Mixed 05 25
325 330	WhitePersicifolia grandiflora (Peach Bells). 4 ft.	05	15	CENTAUREA imperialis (Giant Cornflower). Sweet-scented. Pkt. Lge. Pkt.
335	White flowers in stately spikes. Pyramidalis (Chinney Bellflower). 6 ft. Ma-	15 05	30 400 401 20 402	Lavender
	jestic pyramids of blue, bell-shaped flowers CANDYTUFT (Iberis). HA. Clusters of small flowers; fine for borders and cutting. All colors.	Pkt.	Oz. 403	Brilliant Pink
340 341	Holmes' Giant White. 1 ft. Extra fine Carmine. Deep scarlet	10 05	69 405 40 406	6 White
342 343 344	Empress. White; extra large.	05 10 10	30 40 50 410	CENTAUREA, White-leaved. (Dusty Miller). For edges. 2 ymnocarpa. Finely cut: silvery gray
345 346	Little Prince. White; dwarf; for edges Pink sempervirens. Perennial. White; dwarf	05 10	50 410 40 411 \$3 00 415	candidissima. Broad leaves, cut 10 30
347 360	White Rocket. Long, heavy spikes	05	25	some, fragrant purple and white flowers 05 CHEIRANTHUS. See Wallflower.
	grown from roots, but can successfully be grown from seed, by cutting seed with a sharp		25	CHIMNEY BELLFLOWER. See Campanula. CHINESE BELLFLOWER. See Platycodon.
	file. Mixed colors. See, also, Bulbs and Roots CANTERBURY BELLS. See Campanula. CARDINAL FLOWER. See Lobelia cardinalis.	05	25	CHINESE PRIMROSE. See Primula. CHRYSANTHEMUM. IIP. 1½ to 3 ft. Double Mixed. All colors; autumn
365	CARDIOSPERMUM halicacabum (Balloon		42:	frutescens (Marguerite, or Paris Daisy).
	Vine; Love-in-a-Puff). HHA. Pretty and			
	Vine; Love-in-a-Puff). HHA. Pretty and graceful climber, with white blossoms and balloon-like seed-pods	10	25	CIGAR PLANT. See Cuphea.
	Vine; Love-in-a-Puff). HHA. Pretty and graceful climber, with white blossoms and balloon-like seed-pods		25	house plants, with brilliant round flowers of
370 371	Vine; Love-in-a-Puff). HHA. Pretty and graceful climber, with white blossoms and balloon-like seed-pods	Pkt. 10 10	. Lge. Pkt. 40 40 42	CINERARIA. GP. 6 to 18 inches. Handsome house plants, with brilliant round flowers of many colors. 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1
371 374	Vine; Love-in-a-Puff). HHA. Pretty and graceful climber, with white blossoms and balloon-like seed-pods	Pkt 10 10 10	. Lge. Pkt. 40 40 42 42 42 43	CINERARIA. GP. 6 to 18 inches. Handsome house plants, with brilliant round flowers of many colors. 15
371	Vine; Love-in-a-Puff). HHA. Pretty and graceful climber, with white blossoms and balloon-like seed-pods	Pkt. 10 10	. Lge. Pkt. 40 42: 40 42: 25 42:	CINERARIA. GP. 6 to 18 inches. Handsome house plants, with brilliant round flowers of many colors. 1

40	TODMILD D.		COMIT	1111,	HARRISDURG, TA.		
	CINNAMON VINE. See Bulbs.	D1-+	I go Dlet	1	DIAMOND FLOWER. See Ionopsidium.		100.00
445	CITRIODORA (Lemon Verbena). TP. Pale	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.		DIANTHUS (Pinks). B. 1 ft. Charming, clove-		
450	green, lemon-scented foliage	10			scented flowers of the old time gardens. See, also, Carnations.		1 10
450	various colored flowers	05	15		Double Varieties:	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
455	CLEMATIS. HP. Climbing vines of rapid growth. paniculata (Japan Virgin's Bower). Great			550 551	Chinensis. All colors mixed	05 05	15 20
400	profusion of sweet-scented, small white flowers.	05	20	552	Dwarf Fireball. Blood-red; globe-shaped	10	20
458	Large flowered. See under Climbing Plants. CLEOME pungens (Spider Plant). A. 4 ft.			557	Single Varieties: Salmon Queen. Salmon-pink; fringed	0.5	20
430	Bushy plant with odd pink flowers	05	20	558	stellarius (Star Pink) Mixed colors	05 05	15 20
	COBAEA scandens (Cup-and-Saucer). A. 20 ft. rapid climber, bearing quaint cup-and-			559 560	Japonicus "Eastern Queen " Fringed	05 05	20 15
	saucer-like flowers.			561	Dainty. White	US	15
463 464	White Violet-blue	05 05	30 15	562	ter scotius (Florist's Pink). Mixed	05 10	15 20
101	COCKSCOMB. See Celosia.	0.5	13	563	laciniatus, Mixed. All colors	05	15
	COIX lachryma. See Grasses. COLEUS. GS. 2 ft. Handsome plants, with			564	Large White. Resembles a Carnation Barbatus (Sweet William).	05	20
	foliage of many colors curiously marked and			569	Holmes' Giant Double Mixed	05	20
469	splashed. Large-leaved. Bronzy foliage	15	65	570 571	Brilliant RedPure White	05 05	20 20
470	Finest Mixed. All colors		50	572	Perfection. Single; mixed colors	05	20
	COLUMBINE. See Aquilegia. CONEFLOWER. See Rudbeckia. CONVOLVULUS. See Morning-Glory.	,			DICTAMNUS fraxinelia (Gas Plant). HP. 2 ft. Showy border plant; large spikes.		
	CONVOLVULUS. See Morning-Glory.			582	rosea. Rose-pink. alba. White	05	15
	COREOPSIS. See Calliopsis. CORNFLOWER. See Centaurea.			583	DIGITALIS (Foxglove). HP. 4 ft. Majestic	05	15
	COSMOS. A. 2 to 6 ft. Handsome, stately				spires of tubular flowers of all colors.		
	plants, with feathery foliage, bearing multi- tudes of brilliant flowers late in the season.			588	monstrosa. Extra large; the spire is sur- mounted by one large flower	10	30
	Pinch tips of plants when a foot high to induce			500	DUSTY MILLER. See Centaurea and Cineraria.	-	
475	bushy growth. Holmes' Mammoth Perfection. Mixed	Pkt.	Oz.	598	ECHINOCYSTIS lobata (Wild Cucumber). HA. Climbing vine. A rampant grower, covered in		
	colors: flowers very large and round	05	50		summer with dainty spikes of white flowers,	Pkt.	Oz.
476 477	Lady Lenox. New. Large, shell-pink Klondyke. Golden yellow	05 10	\$1 25 . 1 25 . 75		followed by curious seed-podsELEPHANT'S EAR. See Caladium.	05	30
478 479	New Giant Mixed	05	75		ELEPHANT'S EAR. See Caladium. ESCHSCHOLTZIA (California Poppy). HA.		
480	White Pond-Lily. 5 inches across Dawn. Dwarf; early; white	05 05	75 75		I ft. Masses of showy poppy-like flowers all summer.		
481 482	Mammoth Pink	05 05	75 75	603	Holmes' Mammoth White. White; large Hunnemannia. Bush-form; yellow	05 05	30 75
483	Rainbow. All colors in one flower	05	1 50	605	Golden West. Orange-vellow	05	40
487	COWSLIP. See Primula veris. CROTOLARIA retusa (Florida Rattlebox). A.			606	Mandarin. Orange-yellow	10 10	35 40
201	1½ ft. Golden yellow; much like a sweet pea			608	Rose. Carmine-rose	05	25
	in shape. Seed-pods rattle	10		613	EULALIA Japonica. See Grasses. EUPHORBIA variegata (Snow-on-the-Mountain)		
490	Seed-pods rattle	10		013	HA. 2 ft. Veined and margined white.		
	I ft. Quaint scarlet tubular flowers, with white tips. For baskets	15			Ornamental foliage	05	30
	CUP-AND-SAUCER. See Campanula and				EVENING-GLORY. See Ipomoea. EVENING PRIMROSE. See Oenothera. EVERLASTING FLOWERS. See Xeranthemum FALSE DRAGON HEAD. See Physostegia.		
	Cobaea. CUP FLOWER. See Nierembergia.				FALSE DRAGON HEAD. See Physostegia.	•	
	GUT-AND-COME-AGAIN. See Stocks.				FEATHER GRASS. See Grasses. FEVERFEW. See Matricaria. FLAME FLOWER. See Tritoma. FLORIDA RATTLEBOX. See Crotolaria.		
	GYCLAMEN, Holmes' Superb Giants. GP. 9 in. One of the handsomest of all conserva-				FLAME FLOWER. See Tritoma.		
	tory or house plants, with exquisitely shaped				FLORIDA RATTLEBOX. See Crotolaria.		
	and colored flowers and curiously mottled foliage. Our Cyclamen seed is grown specially				FLOS FLOWER. See Ageratum.		
	for us by the leading expert in England, and				FLOS ADONIS. See Adonis. FLOSS FLOWER. See Ageratum. FLOWERING FLAG. See Iris. FLOWERING MAPLE., See Abutilon. FLOWERING TOBACCO. See Nicotiana. FORGET-ME-NOT. See Myosotis, FOUR O'CLOCK. See Mirabilis. FOXGLOVE. See Digitalis. FOXGLOVE. See Digitalis. FUCHSIA (Lady's Eardrop). GS. 2 ft. Dainty.		
	we can guarantee its purity and blooming quality.	Pkt.	100 Seeds		FLOWERING TOBACCO. See Nicotiana.		
492 493	Duke of Connaught, Crimson	50 50	\$1 50 1 50		FORGET-ME-NOT. See Myosotis.		
494	Exceisior. White, with red eyegrandiflora alba. White; extra large	50	1 50		FOXGLOVE. See Digitalis.		
495 496	Princess of Wales. Pink	50 50	1 50 1 50	618	FUCHSIA (Lady's Eardrop). GS. 2 ft. Dainty, two-parted flowers, in various colors	Pkt. 30	100 Seeds 50
497	Mixed. All colors	50	1 25	1	GAILLARDIA (Blanket Flower). 2 ft. Brilliant	• •	
498	The regular Giganteum strain of any of the above varieties.	35	1 25		daisy-like flowers in shades of yellow and orange.		
502	CIPERUS afternitorius (Umbrella Plant). GP.			623	Annual Varieties:	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
	2 ft. Graceful house plant with long stems and palm-like foliage	Pkt. 10	Lge. Pkt. 50	624	Lorenziana fl. pl. Mixed colors	05	15
	CYPRESS VINE (Impomoea Quamoclit). A. 20 ft. Graceful climbing vine, with feathery			426	Perennial Varieties:	10	20
	foliage and star-like flowers.	Pkt.	Oz.	626 627	grandiflora. Mixed colors; brown center grandiflora compacta. Dwarf	10	20
507 508	WhiteScarlet	05 05	30 30	628 629	Salmon-red. Orange edgesulphurea oculata. Red eye	10 10	30 30
509	Mixed	05	25	"2"	GAS PLANT. See Dictamnus.		- 0
	CYPRESS, SUMMER. See Kochia. DAHLIAS. HHA. 2 to 5 ft. Superb, decorative				GERANIUM (Pelargonium). GS. 1½ ft. The well-known and popular bedding flowers.		
	plants, grown mostly from roots, but can be				Grow well from seed.	10	20
	successfully grown from seed. See, also, Bulbs and Roots.	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.	632 633	Zonal. Mixed colorsLady Washington. Mixed. 100 seeds, 75c	10 10	20
514 515	Superb Single. Mixed colors and forms Double Large Flowering. Mixed varieties Pompons. Choice mixed; small flowers	10	30		GLADIOLI. See Bulbs and Roots.		
516	Pompons. Choice mixed; small flowers	10 10	30 30		GLOBE AMARANTH. See Gomphrena. GLOXINIA. GP. 2 ft. Curious, velvet-throated		
	DAISY, English. See Bellis perennis. Swan River. See Brachycome. Shasta. See Chrysanthemum.				flowers, handsomely marked, spotted and		
	Shasta. See Chrysanthemum.			637	stained. Holmes' Tiger-spotted. Gorgeous coloring.	25	75
	Paris, or Marguerite. See Chrysanthemum. DELPHINIUM (Larkspur). Stately spikes of			638	Mixed Hybrids. Brilliant colors; velvety	25	75
	beautiful flowers in June and in fall.				foliage. See, also, under Bulbs		
525	Perennial Varieties: Belladonna. 5 ft. Delicate blue	25	65	643	some garden plants, in constant bloom. Bijou. Blush-pink	05	15
526	Belladonna. 5 ft. Delicate blue Burbank's Hybrids. 4 to 5 ft. Mixed	25	50	644	gloriosa. Blood-red	05 05	15 15
527 528	Chinese (D. grandinorum album). White	05 05	15 20	645	Finest Mixed. All colors	05	13
529	formosum. 5 ft. Deep blue	10	50		GOMPHRENA (Globe Amaranth). As I to 2 ft. Coarse plants, with a profusion of globe-		
530 531	Zaiil. 4 ft. Sulphur-yellow	10 05	50 20		shaped everlasting flowers. For winter	-	
536	Annual Varieties: Emperor. 3 to 4 ft. Mixed colors	Pkt. 10	Oz. 40	650	bouquets. aurea superba. Golden yellow		Oz. 30
537	Tall Rocket. 2 ft. Mixed colors	05	30	651	nana compacta. Dwarf; red flowers	O.E.	30
538	Double Dwarf Rocket. 1 ft. Mixed Giant Hyacinth-flowered:	05	25	652	Mixed. All colors	05	25
542	Dark Biue. 2½ ft	05	60		growth, bearing yellow flowers and curious	. (1	
543 544	Shell-pink. 3 ft	05 05	60 60	655	seed-vessels. Sugar Trough (Sap Bucket). Largest		342) 25
545	Mixed. 3 ft. All colors	05	50	656	White Egg (Nest Egg). Very useful	-05	25

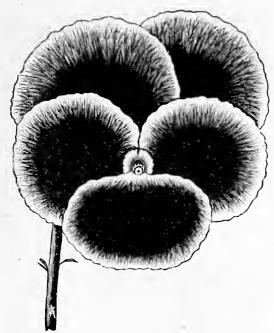
657 658	GOURDS—continued Dishcloth (Luffa, or Bonnet Gourd) Mock Orange. The best known	Pkt. 05 05	Oz. 25 25		LOBELIA. Handsome garden plants; valuable for their blue and white flowers. Annual Varieties:	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
659	Mixed Ornamental. All sorts	05 Pkt. 05	20 Lge. Pkt. 15	783 784 785	compacta alba. White; trailing compacta. Mixed colors Crystal Palace. Dwarf; blue; trailing	10 10 10	30 30 25
666	Briza maxima (Quaking Grass). A. For bouquets. Bromus brizaeformis. A. Winter bouquets. Coir Locksuma (Job's Tears). Seed recombine	05 05	15 15	786	Perennial Varlety: cardinalis (Cardinal Flower). Rich cardinal- red	10	50
668 669 670	Coix lachrymae (Job's Tears). Seed resembles tears	05 05	10 15	791	LOVE-IN-A-MIST. See Nigella. LOVE-IN-A-PUFF. See Cardiospermum. LUNARIA biennis (Honesty; Satin Flower). B. 2 ft. Interesting garden plants, with purple		
67 I	Fine	05 05	15 15		flowers and curious, transparent seed-pods, much used for winter decoration LUPINUS (Lupin). A. and HP. 2 ft. Splendid	Pkt. 05	Oz. 40
672	Pennisetum Rueppellanum (Purple Fountain Grass). A. Crimson plumes	05	15	704	showy plants, bearing fine spikes of pea- shaped flowers of all colors.	0.5	20
673	Stipa pennata. HP (Feather Grass) SPECIAL OFFER. One packet each of the above 9 varieties of Ornamental Grasses, 40 cts. postpaid.	05	15	796 797 802	Annual Varieties. All colors mixed Perennial Varieties. All colors mixed LYCHNIS Chalcedonica (Jerusalem Cross). HP. 2 ft. Fine, showy garden plants, with	05 10	20 30
678	GYPSOPHILA paniculata (Baby's Breath). HP. 3 ft. Small white flowers in sprays forming a misty effect above the plant HELIANTHUS (Sunflower). A. and HP. Bold,	05	15		scarlet cross-shaped flowers in clusters MADAGASCAR PERIWINKLE. See Vinca. MALLOW. See Hibiscus. MARGUERITE. See Chrysanthemum. MARIGOLD (Tagetes). HA. Favorite garden	05	40
683 684	majestic plants, with large ray flowers. cucumerifolius. A. 3 ft. Yellow multiflorus. P. 4 ft. Double; golden	05 05	15 15		annuals in all shades of yellow, brown and red. Very free flowering: require sunny situation.		
685 686	multiflorus. P. 4 ft. Double; golden "The Dahlia." P. 7 ft. Double; golden Silver-leaved. A. 4 ft. Foliage silvery	05 05	15 15	807	Large African Varieties. 3 ft. Lemon Queen. 3 ft. Lemon-yellow Eldorado. 3 ft. Yellow; large	05	\$1 00
687 692	Miniature. A. 3 ft. Small; orange-yellow. HELENIUM Bigelovii. HP. 5 to 6 ft. Daisy- like yellow flowers	05 10	15 30	808 809	French Varieties:	05 05	1 00 75
697	HELICHRYSUM (Straw Flower). A. 2 to 3 ft. One of the best "everlasting" flowers. All colors HELIOTROPE. GS. 2 ft. Beautiful sprays of	05	15	814 815 816	Legion of Honor. 6 in. Yellow and brown. Striped Single. 1 ft. Yellow and brown Brown-marbled. 1 ft. Red and brown	05 05 05	75 50 50
702	small flowers of exquisite perfume. Holmes' Mammoth Blue. Largest of all.	•		817 818	Double Mixed. Tall, 18 in. Mixed Dwarf Striped. Dark brown	05 05	75 75
703 708	Flower heads often measure a foot across Choice Mixed. All shades; delicious perfume. HESPERIS (Sweet Rocket; Dame's Rocket;	10 10	50 25	823	MARIGOLD, POT. See Calendula. MARVEL OF PERU. See Mirabilis. MATRICARIA (Feverfew). HA. 2 ft. Showy,		4.5
	Dame's Violet). HP. 2 to 3 ft. Spikes of white, lilac and pink flowers; fragrant HIBISCUS (Mallow). HP. 2 to 3 ft. Magnificent, large, saucer-shaped flowers of exquisite colors.	05	15		double, white flowers; for bedding or pots MATTHIOLA. See Stocks. MAURANDYA. GP. 10 ft. Graceful climber, with foxglove-like flowers.	05 Pkt.	40 Lge. Pkt.
713 714	Golden Bowl. Cream-color; flowers, 6 to 9 in. moscheutos roseus. Rose-pink	05 05	20 20	828 829	Large-flowering Rose. New	05 05	25 25
715	palustris. Pink	05	20	830	Fine Mixed. All colors	05	25
720 721	spires of flowers of splendid colors. Chater's Superb Double. Mixed colors Allegheny. Semidouble; mixed; fringed HONESTY. See Lunaria.	Pkt. 10 10	\$2 00 I 00	835	Charming old-time favorite of exquisite per- fume. Holmes' Giant Sweet-scented. Golden yel-	Pkt.	Oz.
	HONESTY. See Lunaria. HORDEUM jubatum. See Grasses. HORN-OF-PLENTY. See Datura.			836 837	low; very fragrant	10 05 05	50 75 75
	HONEYSUCKLE. See Climbing Plants. HUMBLE PLANT. See Mimosa.			838 839	odorata grandiflora. Large and fragrant gigantea. Mixed colors Bismarck. Compact plant; large flowers	05 05	15 30
726	HUMULUS Japonicus variegata (Japanese Hop). A. 20 to 30 ft. Rapid climber, with green and white foliage	05	75	840 841 842	Bismarck. Compact plant; large flowers Giant Pyramidal. Bright red Goliath. Red; extra large	05 05 05	2 00 50 1 50
	IIYACINTHUS. See Bulbs. IBERIS. See Candytuft. ICE PLANT. See Mesembryanthemum.	03	75		MESEMBRYANTHEMUM (Ice Plant). A. 6 inches. For edging and baskets.	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
	IMPATIENS (Sultan's Balsam). GS. 2 ft. A charming house plant, with dark green, shining			847 848	crystallinum. Foliage icy in appearance tricolor (Wax Plant). Foliage feels icy MEXICAN FIRE BUSH. See Kochia.	05 05	15 15
73 I 73 2	foliage and bright flowers; always in bloom. Sultanl. Rosy scarlet flowers. Holstil. Bright scarlet flowers.	Pkt. 15	Lge. Pkt.	853	MIMOSA pudica (Sensitive Plant). A. 18 in. Purplish white flowers; leaves droop when	05	15
737	balsamina. See Balsam. IONOPSIDIUM acaule (Diamond Flower). A. 3	15	65	858	touched	05	30
	in. Splendid rockery plant, with violet flowers. IPOMOEA (Evening-Glory). A. Climbing Vine. Rapid grower, with large flowers opening in	10		859 864	tigrinus (Monkey Flower). Resembles a monkey's face	05	30
742	the evening or on cloudy days. noctifiora (Moonflower). White	Pkt. 10	Oz. 75	004	Peru). A. Red and yellow flowers all sum- mer, opening four o'clock	05	15
743 744	grandiflora superba. Blue, with white margins Mexicana grandiflora alba. White	05 05	25 25		MOMORDICA. HHA. Climbing, bearing yellow flowers and ornamental fruit of medicinal value.		
750	the "Flags." Blooms second year from seed.	10	75	869 870 ·	Balsamina (Balsam Apple). Yellow pods, scarlet seeds	Pkt. 05	Oz. 30
751	Finest Mixture. Newest Japanese varieties JACOBEAN LILY. See Amaryllis.	10	1 00	870	shaped pods	05	30
	Finest Mixture. Newest Japanese varieties JACOBEAN LILY. See Amaryllis. JAPANESE HOP. See Humulus. JERUSALEM CHERRY. See Solanum. JERUSALEM CROSS. See Lychnis. JOR'S TEARS.				MONK'S HOOD. See Aconitum. MONTBRETIA. See Bulbs. MOURNING BRIDE. See Scabiosa.		
756	VENIL WORTH IVV Con Lineria			0.75	MORNING-GLORY (Convolvulus). A. Climbing. The old and well-known climbing vines.	0.5	25
750	KOCIIIA tricophylla (Summer Cypress, or Mexican Fire Bush). A. 3 ft. Forms a cy- press-like hedge, which turns deep red in	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.	875 [,] 876 877	Rochester. Blue, with white eye True Japanese. Mottled and striped Fine Mixed. All colors	05 05 05	25 25 10
	autumn KIDZU VINE. See Pueraria. LADY'S EARDROP. See Fuchsia.	10	15	878	tricolor, or minus. Blue; trailing MUSK PLANT. See Mimulus.	05	20
	LANTANA. GS. 2 ft. Verbena-like flowers in shades of yellow, and bronzy reds. Con-			883	MYOSOTIS (Forget-Me-Not). 6 in. Biennial Varieties. Bloom first year. alpestris, Victoria. Bright blue; large	Pkt. 10	Lge. Pkt.
76 I 76 2	stantly in bloom. Holmes' Mixed Hybrids. All colors Dwarf Mixed. All colors	Pkt. 05 10	Oz. 20 20	884 885 886	Eliza Fonrobert. Large; bright blue grandiflora alba. Large; white flowers	10 10 10	20 25 25
763	Tall Mixed. All colors	10	20	887 888	Eliza Fonrobert. Large; bright blue	10 05	40 20
768	LATHYRUS latifolius (Perennial Pea). HP. Climbing Vine. Resemble sweet peas, but last for years. Mixed colors	10	30	893 894	Perennial Varieties: Increase each year. dissitifiora. Deep blue flowers palustris semperflorens. Everblooming	10 10	40 30
773	LAVATERA trimestris. A. 2 ft. Glossy foliage and mallow-like red flowers	Pkt. 05	Lge. Pkt. 20		MYRSIPHYLLUM. See Smilax.		
778	LEMON VERBENA. See Citriodora. LINARIA cymbalaria (Kenilworth Ivy). GS. 3 to 6 ft. Trailing plant, with violet flowers. Fine for baskets and window boxes	05	30	chase deali	Mr. R. W. EDELBLUTE, Lewisberry, Pa., writes: ed from you this year has proved entirely satisfact ng with your house for many years, occasionally r parties, but I decided to place my orders where I can	ory. I getting	have been seed from

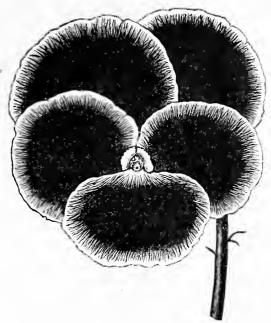


PRICES OF NASTURTIUMS IN QUANTITY, except Lilliput, Lobbianum, Ivy-leaved and Spencer varieties: ½ 1b. 25 cts., 1b. 75cts.

This old favorite flower has been so wonderfully improved of late that the different varieties present an array of colors almost bewildering in their magnificence. They flower most profusely when the soil is not too rich. The climbing varieties form splendid screens, while the dwarf kinds are admirable for borders or in front of shrubbery.

				1		
	Tall or Climbing Varieties:	Pkt.	Oz.		Pkt.	Oz.
900	Chameieon (Coquette). Splashed and bordered	. 05	10	980 Prince Henry. White, spotted scarlet	05	15
901	Coccineum, Scarlet	0.5	10	981 Ruby King. Ruby-red	05	10
902	Coccineum tol. aureis. Yellow foliage	0.5	10	982 Rudolph Virchow Scarlet. Brilliant	05	15
903	Dunnett's Orange (Sunlight). Golden	0.5	10	983 Spotted King. Dark yellow, brown spots	05	15
904	Edouard Otto. Lilac-brown	0.5	10	984 Vesuvius. New. Salmon-rose	05	15
905	Fordhook Fashion. Veined old rose Hemisphaericum. Straw; rose blotched	05	15	985 Tom Thumb Varieties Mixed. All colors	0.5	10
906	Hemisphaericum. Straw: rose blotched	05	10	Queen of Tom Thumbs. Variegated foliage:		
907	Jupiter. Golden yellow	05	îŏ	995 Bright Rosy Scarlet. Very bright	05	10
908	Pearl (Moonlight). Creamy white	05	îŏ	995 Bright Rosy Scarlet. Very bright 966 Brilliant Crimson. White veins	05	15
909	Vesuvius. Salmon-rose	05	10	997 Chameleon. Variable colors	05	15
910	Finest Mixed Tail Varieties. All colors	05	10	998 Crystal Queen. Orange, blotched	05	10
/10	Lobb's Climbing Varieties. Lobbianum.	03	10	999 Deep Orange-Scarlet. New, Brilliant	05	îŏ
920	Asa Gray. Cream-yellow	05	15	1000 Golden Yellow. Handsome	05	10
921	Black Princess. New. Dark maroon	05 05	20	1001 Sulphur-Yellow. Very refined	05	10
922	Brilliant. Bright scarlet	05 05	15	1002 Oueen of Tom Thumbs Mixed	05	10
923	Crown Prince of Prescie Deal bland and	05		Tom Thumb Spencer Varieties:	V3	10
924	Crown Prince of Prussia. Dark blood-red	05	15		05	- 25
925	Firefly. Orange-yellow.		15	1012 David Burpee. Velvety purple-scarlet	05 05	25
926	Primrose Cream-White. Maroon spotted	05	15	1013 Lady Bird. Orange; dark foliage		25
920	Princess Victoria Louise (Margaret). Cream-			1014 Riemke Groot. Bright scarlet	05	25
0.05	white, spotted and veined scarlet	05	15	1015 Spencer Mixed. All colors	05	15
927	Queen Alexandra. Blood-red; variegated	10	25	1025 NEMOPHILA insignis (Love Grove). A. 1 ft.	DI 4	T Total
928	Queen Dowager Emma. Crimson; varie-				Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
	gated	10	25	shaped flowers, all colors	05	15
929	Queen of the Morning. New. Scarlet	10	25	1030 NICOTIANA affinis (Flowering Tobacco). TP.		
930	Queen of the North. Yellow; variegated	10	25	3 ft. Showy plants, with broad foliage and		
931	Queen of Spain. Golden yellow; variegated	10	25	fragrant white flowers	05	15
932	Queen Wiihelmina. Scarlet; variegated	10	25	1035 NIEREMBERGIA frutescens (Cup Flower).		
933	Rudoiph Virchow. Soft, rosy pink	05	15	TP. 1 ft. Bedding plant, with white flowers		-
934	Spitfire. Fiery scarlet	05	10 -	tinted lilac	05	20
935	Finest Mixed Lobbianum Varieties. All			1040 NIGELLA Damascena (Love-in-a-Mist). A.		
	colors	05	10	I ft. Quaint blue flowers surrounded by		
	Lobbianum Lilliput Hybrids:		1.	finely cut foliage, forming a misty effect	05	15
940	Fairy King. White and dark rose	0.5	20	1045 OENOTHERA (Evening Primrose). A. 2 to 3 ft.		
941	Fairy Oueen. Yellow, turning to brown	0.5	20	Shrubby plants, bearing a great profusion of		
942	Lady Cherry. Dark wine-red	10	25	brightly colored flowers opening as the sun		
943	Othelio. New. Deep red	05	20	goes down. Mixed colors	05	15
944	Queen of Holland. Light yellow to purple		20	7.		
945	Rubin. Ruby-red	05	20			
946	Snow Queen. New. Cream-white	10	25	DA MOTEO		
947	Finest Mixed of above. All colors	0.5	15	PANSIES		
,	Lobbianum Ivy-ieaved Sorts:	0.0	13	# 1#1 (D.##D		
960	Emma Alida. Yellow and orange; laciniated.	10	25	See Page 47		
961	Mourning Bride. Velvety crimson	10	25	000 x 050 x.		
962	Prinzessin Juliana. Gold-orange; deeply cut.	10	25	1164 PASSIFLORA caerulea (Passion Vine). TP.		
963	Finest Mixed Ivy-leaved. All kinds and	10	23	8 to 10 ft. Interesting vine, with blue, wax-	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
703	colors	10	20	like flowers	05	25
	Tom Thumb, or Dwarf Varieties:	10	20	PETUNIAS. These are among the most easily	0.0	
970	Aurora. Terra cotta	0.5	10	grown of all garden annuals and furnish a		
971	Bronze. Splendid form	05 05	10	magnificent succession of brilliant flowers.		
972	Champeless Community market and a cold	05	10			1 -
973	Chameleon. Cream-white, spotted scarlet		15 10	1170 New Fimbriata, Canary Bird. Beautifully fringed flowers of distinct yellow, deeper in	Pbt	d Oz.
973 974	Golden Biotched. With scarlet blotch	05			15	\$1 75
	Golden Midnight. Dark purple		10		10	1 25
975	Golden Queen. Golden yellow		10		10	1 00
976	Golden Rose. Pink	05	10	1172 New Star. Perfect star in center; all colors	10	1 00
977	King of Tom Thumbs. Bright scarlet	05	10	1173 Holmes' Fancy Fringed. All colors	25	1 00
978	Lady Bird. Orange, spotted scarlet	05	15	1174 Double Giant. Large, 250 seeds, \$1.75	05	4
979	Pearl (Moonlight). Cream-yellow	05	15	1175 Hybrids, Finest Mixed, oz., \$1	03	





Bugnot's Exhibition

Cassler's Very Large-flowered Blotched

PANSIES

For a number of years we have been selling our Superb Mixtures of Different Varieties of Pansles, and, without a single exception, we have had the most flattering reports on the many beautiful varieties and colors never before seen by our customers in other mixtures, obtained elsewhere. We give a complete list of the different varieties in the mixtures that we are handling, and which include all the varieties obtainable from the best growers in Germany and other countries.

other c	ountries.						
		,					
1016	Holmes' Non Plus Ultra. The richest mixture			1 1068	Raphael (Benary). New; blue veins and dark		
1046	ever sent out, and containing the Blotched			1000	violet spots on white ground; beautiful	Pkt.	Oz.
	and Masterpiece varieties in greatest propor-	Pkt.	Oz.		varieties	25	\$10 00
	tion; very effective	25	\$10 00	1070	Auricula-flowered, Prince Bismarck. Light	-5	41 0 00
1047	Large-flowered Parisian. Mostly light colors;		410 00	1070	blue, striped rosy lilac	10	1 50
10-17	very gay and pretty	10	2 00	1071	King of Blacks. Violet-blue	10	1 50
1048	Glant French Large-stained. Beautiful and		- 00	1072	Giant Cassier, Hortensia Red. New	10	3 00
1010	very effective	10	2 25	1073	Giant Marmorata. Marbled on purple, red		0 00
1049	Princess. New, quite compact, upright-			1000	and crimson ground	10	2 50
101/	growing weatherproof class of Pansies, mostly			1074	Odier Five-spotted Yellow, Magnificent	10	6 00
	blotched, and some frilled flowers; very			1075	Odier Five-spotted White. Extra fine	10	6 00
	valuable	15	8 00	1076	Psyche. Velvety violet on white; curled	10	6 00
1050	Holmes' Trlumph of the Glants. Robust,		4	1077	Giant Vulcan. Dark red; five black blotches.	15	7 00
	compact-growing plants; flowers enormous in				Glant Trimardeau, separate colors:		
-	size, of rich and rare colors	15	8 00	1087	Adonis. Light blue	10	2 00
1051	Holmes' Mammoth Five-blotched. Mag-			1088	Atropurpurea. Dark purple	10	2 00
	nificent extra-large flowers, superbly marked	10	5 00	1089	Fire King. Brilliant yellow and purple:	10	2 00
1052	Holmes' Giant Masterpiece. Enormous			1090		10	2 00
	flowers, 4 inches across, with ruffled edges and			1091	Indigo-Blue. Very rich color	10	2 00
	distinct colors and markings	10	7 00	1092	Emperor William. Ultramarine-blue	10	2 00
1053	Bugnot's Giant Spotted. Color radiates on			1093	Lord Beaconsfield. Purple and lavender	10	2 00
	margin of petals; beautifully spotted	10	5 50	1094	Peacock. Blue, edged white	10	2 00
1054	Mme. Perret. Great American Giant, "Red,			1095	White with Eye. Black center; showy	10	2 00
	White and Blue"	10	3 00	1105	Crimson King. Very brilliant	10	2 25
1055	Odler Five-spotted Beautles. Of perfect			1106	Mauve Queen. Dainty mauve	10	2 25
	form and wondrous beauty	10	3 00	1107	Snowflake. Dazzling white	10	2 25
1056	Goliath Cattleya Orchid-flowered. Ex-		2 50		PHLOX Drummondii. 6 in. to 1 ft. Among		
	quisite	10	3 50		the best of all garden plants, producing masses		
1057	Giant Trimardeau. Enormous in size and		2.00	-	of flowers of dazzling colors constantly all		
	great variety of colors	. 10	2 00	1	summer.		
1058	Trimardeau Giant Spotted Parlsian. Extra	10	2.50	1105	Annual Varieties:	4.0	
1050	large; gorgeous colors	10	2 50	1185	Holmes' Large-flowering. Mixed colors	10	75
1059	Cassier and Trimardeau Mixture. Superb	10	2 25	1186	Starred and Fringed. Charming in shape;	10	75
10/0	mixture of large flowers	10	2 23	1187	all colors	10	75
1060	Very Fine Mixture, composed of all the sepa-	10	1 25	1188	Meteor. Brilliant scarletalba. White flowers	05 05	75 80
10/1	rate varieties. Remarkably showy	10	1 25	1189		05	2 50
1061		10	2 00	1190	Apricot. Beautiful shades	05	75
1062	Mixture) English Pansies, Mixed (the old "Faced	10	2 00	1191	Dwarf Compact. All colors	05	1 40
1002	Pansy."). Plants of compact habit	10	2 00	1192		05	50
1063	French Faced, Mixed	10	2 00	1172	Perennial Variety:	03	30
1064	Cassier's Very Large-flowered Blotched.	10	2 00	1200			
1004	The largest flowered class of Blotched Pansies.			1200	panicles	05	1 50
	Our famous, very showy and especially rich			1210	PHYSOSTEGIA denticulata (False Dragon	0.5	1 30
	strain; quality unsurpassed	10	3 50	1210	head). P. 3 to 4 ft. Spikes of tubular	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
1065	Bugnot's Superb Blotched. A very beautiful	20	0 30		flowers of all colors	10	20
1000	class. Large flowers, with broad blotches,				PINKS. See Dianthus and Carnations.	20	20
	many having the two upper petals finely				PLATYCODON (Chinese Bellflower). HP. 2 ft.		
	lined; great variety of handsome and rare				Splendid hardy garden plants bearing beautiful		
	colors	10	3 50		blue and white bell-shaped flowers in profusion.		
1066	Bugnot's Exhibition. Saved from best			1215	grandiflorum. Blue; large flowers	05	15
	selected plants. An incomparable strain,			1216	grandiflorum album. White flowers	05	15
	producing many beautiful and rare varieties	15	8 00	1217	Japonicus fl. pl. (Double Japanese Bellflower).		
1067	Bugnot's Dark Brown Shades	15	8 00		Deep blue	15	40

	POCKET FLOWER. See Calceolaria. POPPIES (Papaver). Brilliant and showy garden		
	flowers, growing freely from seed. Sow where		
	intended to bloom, as they will not stand transplanting.		
1225	Annual Varieties, Sinole:	TOLA	0.7
1225 1226	Brilliant. Dazzling red Danebrog. Scarlet; silvery white spot	Pkt. 05	Oz. 30
1227 1228	Dwarf Shirley. Beautifully variegated	05 05	25 30
1229	Japanese Dwarf. Mixed colors. Tulip-flowered. Mixed colors; tulip-shaped. Annual Varieties, Double:	05 05	30 50
1230			
1240 1241	Cardinal. Hybrids; scarlet; enormous size. Golden Gate. All colors; magnificent	05 05	20 20
1242	Improved Carnation-flowered. Fringed	05	20
1243	flowers; all colors	05	25
1250	Perennial Varieties: Oriental Giant. Enormous; brilliant	05	75
1251 1252	bracteatum. Brilliant scarlet, black spot nudicaule (Iceland Poppy). Brilliant	05 20	\$1 00 75
1253	Mixed Hybrids Corgeous large flowers	10	1 00
	POPPY MALLOW. See Callirhoe. PORTULACA. A. Trailing. Forms a brilliant		
	display of many-colored flowers, surmounting peculiar heavy foliage. Sow where they are		
	to bloom when ground is warm.	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
1263 1264	Finest Single Mixed. All colors Double Rose-flowered Mixed. All colors	05 05	15 50
	Double Rose-flowered Mixed. All colors PRIMULA (Primrose). 6 in. to 2 ft. Most beautiful greenhouse and garden plants, with dainty		
	flowers of all colors. Our seed is saved from		
	the finest specimens and is unexceptionally pure. Fringed Chinese Varieties:		
1270	the very finest varieties. Seed selected		
	from prize-winning plants	25 35	75 75
1271 1272	alba magnifica. White, with yellow eye Brilliant Red. Magnificent color Holborn Blue. Brilliant shade	35	75
1273 1274	Kermeslna splendens. Crimson	35 35 35	75 75
1275	Rosy Morn. Tender pink	35	75
1280	Obconica gigantea Varieties: lilacina. Pale lilac	20	65
1281 1282	Kermesina. Bright crimson	20 20	65 65
1283	alba. Pure white	20 20	65 65
1284	Obconica grandiflora Varieties:		-
1290 1291	Obconica grandiflora Varieties: compacta. Dwarf; rosy lilac fimbriata. Fringed; all colors	25 10	65 65
1292	Vesuvius. Dark crimson	25	65
1297	Buttercup. New. Yellow; for pots	25 25	65
1298 1299	Forbesi (Baby Primrose). Rosy lilac malacoides. New. Lilac; in clusters	25 25	65 65
1304	Hardy Varieties:		
	garden or potsveris (English Cowslip). Mixed colors; old	15	65
1305	and well knownvulgarls (English Primrose). Canary yellow.	10	20
1306	vulgarls (English Primrose). Canary yellow. The common hardy Primrose of gardens	10	40
1310	PUERARIA Thunberglana (Kudzu Vine). HP.		•
	Immense heart-shaped leaves and purple pea-	0.5	20
	shaped flowers. PURPLE FOUNTAIN GRASS. See Grasses.	05	30
1315	PYRETHRUM.roseum. HP. 2 II. Rose-colored,	10	25
	daisy-like flowers OUAKING GRASS. See Grasses. RED-HOT POKER. See Tritoma.		
	RESEDA. See Mignonette.		
	RICHARDIA (Calla). See Bulbs. RICINUS (Castor-Oil Plant). A. 6 to 12 ft.		
	Magnificent foliage plants with enormous leaves and clusters of beans.	Pkt.	Oz.
1320	Holmes' Giant. Enormous brown leaves.		
1321	Zanzibariensis. Very large leaves, varying	10	50
	from light green to purplish red. 10 ft	05 05	15 15
1322 1323	Borboniensis. 15 ft. Tall; green leaves Mixed. All kinds and colors	05	15
	ROSES, All Kinds. See Hardy Roses. ROSE CAMPION. See Agrostemma.		
1328	ROSEMARINUS officinalis (Rosemary). HP. 2 ft. Shrub-like plant, with fragrant foliage	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
	and blue flowers. Yields aromatic oil	05	25
	RUDBECKIA (Coneflower). HP. 2 to 3 ft. Strong-growing plants, bearing great numbers		
1333	of ray flowers on long stems. laciniata (Golden Glow). Bright yellow	05	20
1334	purpurea. Reddish purple, brown discsuperba. Yellow with brown disc	05 05	20 15
1335	SALPIGLOSSIS (Velvet Flower). HHA. 18 in.	0.5	13
	Beautiful orchid-like flowers, exquisitely marked and veined.		
1340	Emperor. New. Wondrous gold-veined flowers	05	40
1341	in clusters superbissima variabilis. New. Many colors,		
1342	veined with gold	05 05	30 25
	SALVIA (Flowering Sage). HHA. Most showy of all garden flowers, bearing great masses of		
1215	brilliantly colored blossoms in spikes.	10	30
1347 1348	Bonfire (Clara Bedman). Scarlet	15	40
1349 1350	splendens (Scarlet Sage). Brilliant	05 15	30 40
_500	SAND VERBENA. See Abronia.		

	SATIN FLOWER. See Godetia. SCABIOSA (Mourning Bride). HHA. 2 ft. Easily grown garden plants.	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
1355		05	15
1356	Dwarf Double Mixed. All colors	05	15
	SCARLET SAGE. See Salvia.		
1360	SCHIZANTHUS Wisetoniensis (Butterfly Flow-		
	er). HHA. 18 in. Orchid-like flowers of		
	all colors	05	65
	SENSITIVE PLANT. See Mimosa.		
1365	SMILAX (Myrsiphyllum asparagoides). GP.		
	Climbing. Delicate greenhouse climber, with	Pkt.	Oz.
	heart-shaped leaves	10	+.5
	SNAPDRAGON. See Antirrhinum.		
1370	SOLANUM capsicastrum (Jerusalem Cherry).		
	GP. I ft. Handsome pot-plant for the		,
	house, with yellow flowers followed by scarlet		
	cherry-like seed-pods	05	40
1375	SOLIDAGO Canadensis (Goldenrod). HP. 3 ft.		
	The well-known wild flower of autumn, with		
	golden plumes	05	50
	SPEEDWELL. See Veronica.		
	SPIDER PLANT. See Cleome.		
	SQUIRREL-TAIL GRASS. See Grasses.		
1380	STOKESIA Cyanea (Stokes' Aster). HP. 1½ to		
	2 ft. Splendid aster-like flowers of pale blue.		
	Always in bloom	10	\$2 50
	STRAW FLOWER. See Helichrysum.		
	STOCKS, Ten weeks (Matthiola; Cut-and-Come-		
	Again). HHA. I to I 1/2 ft. Old favorites of		
	the garden, with splendid spikes of fragrant		
	flowers of all colors.		
1385		19	40
1386	Holmes' New Largest-flowering Globe		
	Pyramidal. Mixed	10	50
1387		10	60
	SUMMER HYACINTH. See Bulbs.		
	SUNFLOWER. See Helianthus.		
	SWAN RIVER DAISY. See Brachycome.		
	SWEET ALYSSUM. See Alyssum.		

1390 NEW RED SUNFLOWER

The plants grow strong and sturdy to a height of 7 to 9 feet—according to the richness of the soil and the sunny warmth of location—producing several large flowers of refined form, the rays wide and long, the disc or center, small. The coloring varies from golden-yellow, splashed with red, to nearly all red, but the great majority will be Gaillardia colored, that is a wide or narrow zone of red surrounds the purplish-black center, the ends or tips of the petals being of a rich golden-yellow color; this combination is very rich and effective. Of course a small proportion of the plants may produce all yellow flowers, but even these will be showy and desirable.

The seed may be sown in the open ground when warm enough—or it may be started in the house or hotbed. The plants commence flowering in about eight weeks from seed sowing, and should stand not nearer than three feet apart for best development.

Price, per Packet, 15c.





SWEET PEAS

All our strains of Sweet Peas are grown especially for us by one of the best experts in the country, and we can recommend them as being absolutely fresh and true to name. The new types listed below will be a revelation to the lover of Sweet Peas, as they are of size, color and form never dreamed of before by the enthusiast.

BEST SPENCER VARIETIES.

CREAM-YELLOW SHADES	Pkt. 05	Oz.	1/4 lb. \$1 25	Lb. \$4 00
1400 Primrose Spencer	03	4 40	ĢI 23	φ¥ 00
DEEP ROSE, or PINK SHADES 1406 Beatrice Spencer	05	25	75	2 50
1407 George Herbert	05	25	75	2 00
1408 Helen Lewis	05	35	1 00	3 50
LIGHT PINK SHADES 1415 Blanche Ferry Spencer 1416 Countess Spencer 1417 Mrs. Routzahn Spencer	05 05 05	40 25 40	1 25 75 1 25	4 00 2 50 4 00
MAROON SHADES 1420 Othello Spencer	05	35	1 00	3 00
WHITE SHADES 1425 White Spencer. Pure white 1430 Holmes' Superb Spencers, Mixed.	05	40	1 25	4 00
All colors	4 05	35 -	1 00	3 00

CWEET	PEAS-continued	
SWEEL	PEAS—continued	

INWIN	WAVED	VARIETIES

LAVENDER SHADES 1435 Frank Dolby	Pkt. 05	Oz. 35	\$\frac{1}{4} \text{lb.} \\ \\$\frac{1}{1} \text{00}	Lb. \$3 00
LIGHT PINK SHADES 1440 Gladys Unwin	05	20	50	1 50
ROSE-PINK SHADES 445 Phyllis Unwin	05	25	75	2 00
WHITE SHADES 1450 Nora Unwin. Pure white 1455 Holmes' Superb Unwin's Mixed.		25	75	2 00
All colors	05	20	50	1 50
LARGE-FLOWERING GRAM	NDIF!	LOR	A TY	PES

This	11.4	acutaina	+ha	boot	of	+ha	standard	Surget	Done	with	large	ev-
1 ms	nst	contains	tile	Desc	OI	tire	standard	SWEEL	r cas.	WILLI	raige,	C.T-
		1 1 1 1	1 .									

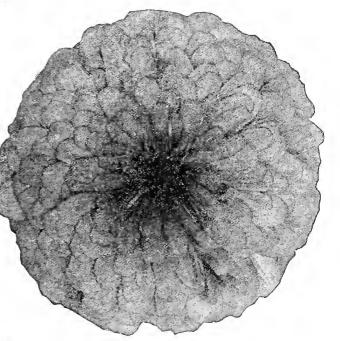
This list contains the bes	t or	the standard	Sweet	Peas.	with	iarge, ex-	•
panded or hooded petals.							

P					
DARK BLUE SHADES	Pkt.	Oz.	1/4 lb.	Lb.	
1460 Navy Blue	05	15	40	\$1 0	0
DEEP PINK SHADES					
1465 Coccinea	05	15	40	1 0	
1466 Janet Scott	05	25	75	2 0	0
LAVENDER AND BLUE SHADES					
1470 Countess of Cadogan	05	15	35		5
1471 Helen Pierce	05 05	20 15	50 35	1 5	75
LIGHT PINK SHADES	•	10			
1480 Agnes Eckford	05	20	50	1.5	in.
1480 Agnes Ecktord	05	15	40	1 (
1482 Blanche Ferry, Extra Early	05	15	40	î	
1483 Katherine Tracy	05	15	40	1 (00
1484 Lovely	05	15	40	1 (
I485 Prince of Wales	05	15	40	1 (00
MAROON SHADES					
1490 Black Knight	05	15	40	1 (
1491 Othello	05	15	40	1 (00
ORANGE SHADES					
1500 Hency Eckford	05	15	40	1 (
1501 Miss Willmott	05	15	35	-	75
PRIMROSE SHADES					W.
1505 Hon. Mrs. E. Kenyon	05	15	35	7	75
RED SHADES					1
1510 America	05	15	40	1 (
1511 George Gordon	05	15	35		75
1512 King Edward VII	05 05	15 15	40 40	1 (
I513 Queen Alexandria	03	13	40	1,	,0
VIOLET AND PURPLE SHADES					
1520 Duke of Westminster	05	15	40	1 (00
WHITE SHADES					
1525 Blanche Burpee. Pure white	05	15	40	1 (
1526 Dainty	05	15	40		90
1527 Dorothy Eckford. Pure white 1528 Lottie Eckford	05 05	15 15	40 40	1 (
1529 Phenomenal	05	15	40	· i d	
1535 Holmes' Superfine Mixture. All	00	10	-10	• (. •
colors	05	15	40	1 (0

FOR CHRISTMAS FORCING

	1011 01111101111110				
1541 1542 1543 1544 1545 1546 1547 1548	Burpee's Early White Christmas Meteor. Scarlet Christmas Pink Earliest of all. Pink and white Mrs. C. II. Totty. Pale mauve Mrs. E. Wild. Bright rose Mrs. G. Lewis. Pure white Mrs. Wm. Sim. Salmon-pink Ilolmes' Christmas. Mixed. All	Pkt. 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05 05	Oz. 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	14 lb. 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75	Lb. \$2 00 2 00
1000		05	15	50	1 50
	colors	US	15	30	1 50
	SWEET ROCKET. See Hesperis.				
	SWEET SULTAN. See Centaurea.				
	SWEET WILLIAM. See Dianthus.				
	TAGETES. See Marigold.				
	TASSEL FLOWER. See Cacalia.				
	TOUCH-ME-NOT. See Impatiens.				
1560	THUNBERGIA (Black-eyed Susan). A	A. Clim	be r.		
	Bears a profusion of flat white.				ge. Pkt.
	orange flowers, with bold black cer			5	20
1563	TRITOMA (Flame Flower; Red-Hot F	oker). '	TP.		
	3 ft. Long, compact spikes of ora	ange-sca	rlet		
	flowers. Brilliant and showy		10)	30
	UMBRELLA PLANT. See Cyperus.				
	VELVET FLOWER. See Salpiglossis				
	VERBENA. HA. 11/2 to 2 ft. The	well-kno	own		
	old favorites of the garden, with fla	t cluster	s of		
	fragrant flowers of all colors. Alway				Oz.
1565	Extra Cholce Mixed. Specially sele				\$1.50
1566	Holmes' Mammoth. Extra large	mixed	10		1 50
1567	Scarlet Defiance. Brilliant color		05		2 00
1568	Pure White. Very choice		05		2 00
1569	Blue with White Eye. Extra fine.		05		2 00
1570	Blood-Red, White Center		10		2 00
1571	Auricula-flowered. Mixed colors.		18		2 00
				-	_ ••

1581	VERONICA spicata (Speedwell). HP. 18 in. Fine border plant; long spikes of blue flowers.	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
	VINCA (Madagascar Periwinkle). HP. 1 ft.		
	Dwarf bedding plants, with glossy green foliage		
	and dainty flowers.		
1586		10	20
1587		10	20
1588		10	20
		10	20
1589		10	20
	VIOLET, Sweet-scented (Viola odorata). TP.		
	6 in. The favorite fragrant flowers, blooming	D1.4	T 135.4
	all season. Seed germinates slowly.	Pkt.	Lge. Pkt.
1595		10	40
1596		10	40
1597		10	40
	VIRGIN'S BOWER. See Clematis.		
	WALLFLOWER (Cheiranthus). TP. 18 in.		
	Handsome garden plant, bearing spikes of		
	fragrant flowers.		
1605	Fine German, Double. All colors; selected		
	seed	20	40
1606		05	15
	WAX FLOWER. See Mesembryanthemum.		
	WILD CUCUMBER. See Echinocystis.		
	WIND FLOWER. See Anemone.		
	WISTARIA. See Climbing Plants.		
1616	XERANTHEMUM (Everlasting Flower). A. 2 ft.		
1010	Interesting plants bearing peculiar straw-like		
	flowers; fine for winter decorations. Double		
		05	15
	mixedYARROW. See Achillea.	93	13
	IARNOW. See Achinea.		



Holmes' Improved Giant Large-flowering Double Zinnias

ZINNIA (Youth and Old Age). A. Favorite garden flowers; among the easiest to grow and bloom.

For many years we have been working on a strain of Giant Zinnias, as many of these beautiful flowers would run back to the small type. The strains from abroad seem to give the poorest flowers. This year our seed was grown in Colorado, and to our surprise we had flowers ranging in size from $4\frac{1}{2}$ to $5\frac{1}{2}$ inches across. The illustration above shows a flower which measures $5\frac{1}{2}$ inches across and had to be reduced to go in our satisfactors.

1626	Mammoth (Robusta Plenissima). Flowers of mammoth size, perfectly formed, very double and of striking colors; a fine strain; 2½	Pkt.	Oz.
	feet	10	\$1 00
1627	Flesh-pink. Delicate shade 1/4 oz., 35 cts.	10	1 25
1628	Crimson. Very rich	10	1 25
1629	Canary. Clear yellow 1/4 oz., 35 cts.	10	1 25
1630	Jacqueminot. Rich crimson-		
	scarlet	10	1 25
163I	Purple	10	I 25
1632	Scarlet. Bright and fiery	10	1 25
1633	White. Pure white	10	1 25
	Dwarf Varieties; 18 in.:		
1634	Snowball. Pure white	05	75
1635	Fireball. Brilliant red	0.5	75
1636	Pompon. Smaller flowers, all colors	05	75
1637	Mixed. All kinds and colors	05	60

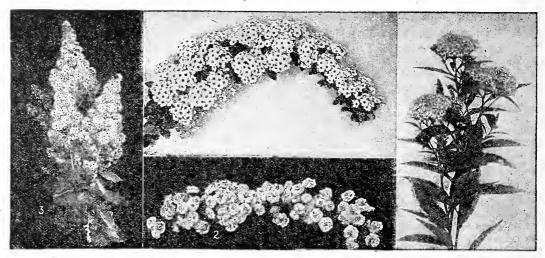
The Spireas include a great variation in flower and foliage effects.

No. 1 represents the type of flowers produced by the varieties Van Houttei and Reevesiana.

No. 2 is the oldfashioned Bridal wreath.

No. 3 Flowers of this type are borne by varieties Billardi, Billardi alba, Douglasi, Salicifolia and Tomentosa. They differ in color.

No. 4 represents flowers of varieties Bumalda and Anthony Waterer.



rnamental Flowering Shrubs

No ornamental plants possess such a wide range of usefulness as flowering shrubs.

They may be planted in masses, borders, or as individual specimens. The lower growing varieties make a much better effect in masses, for their beauty lies more in the volume of bloom than in the single flower. These low-growers are also best for border or hedge planting.

The tall sorts, and those with large, showy flowers, are more attractive when used as specimen plants. Among this latter class the Lilacs are perhaps the most representative.

Most of the different species of shrubs are hardy. In fact, all those in our list are perfectly at home in Harrisburg and for many miles north of

Azaleas

AZALEA ARBURESCENS. (FRAGRANT WHITE AZAI		pleasing
shrub bearing an abundance of white pinkish tinged f	lowers.	
, F	Each	Per 10
8 to 12 inches	85	\$5 50
A. MOLLIS. (CHINESE AZALEA.) This species of Aza		
the numerous varieties give excellent results in this lat		
be used in many ways—either as specimens on the lawr		
dation plantings, or in corners of walks, etc. Many co	olors are s	shown in
the various varieties.		

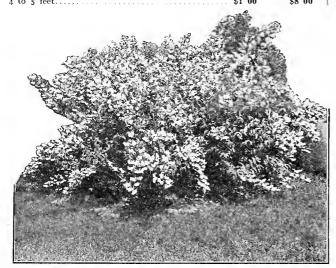
ı to 1½ feet.....

Crataegus. Hawthorn

CRATAEGUS OXYCANTHA. (ENGLISH HAWTHORN.) A shrub or low tree bearing an abundance of single white flowers. The foliage is bright green.

2 to 3 feet.....

3 to 4 feet 4 to 6 feet				70 85	5 50 6 75
C. OXYCANTHA ALBA flowers, which are double.	PLENO.	Like	the 1	preceding,	except the
nowers, which are gouble,				Each	Per 10



Deutzia

Deutzias

A family of profuse-flowering shrubs, that includes both dwarf and tall-growing varieties. The dwarf sorts are suited for planting in the foreground of the shrubbery border, while the upright-growing varieties serve very well in the background.

DEUTZIA GRACILIS. A hardy shrub bearing an abundance of white

2 to 3 feet..... D. LEMOINEI. A low-growing shrub, with slender spraylike branches.

Produces an abundance of white flowers in May. Per 10 \$5 50

D. PRIDE OF ROCHESTER. For general planting, and especially in this locality, this variety is considered best of the Deutzias. The flowers are large and double, white with a faint tinge of pink. It is a profuse bloomer.

D. SCABRA. Low-growing shrub, bearing white single bell-shaped

Diervilla. Weigelas

An important group, indispensable for ornamental planting. They thrive in any soil; are strong growers and generally hardy. When young, of upright habit; growing with age into more graceful shrubs. Useful as specimens and desirable for groups or masses. In May or June the Weigelas are aglow with a wealth of flowers borne all along their branches, and some varieties flower sparingly even through the summer.

EVA RATHKE. The best red-flowered kind; almost a continual bloomer. Each 75

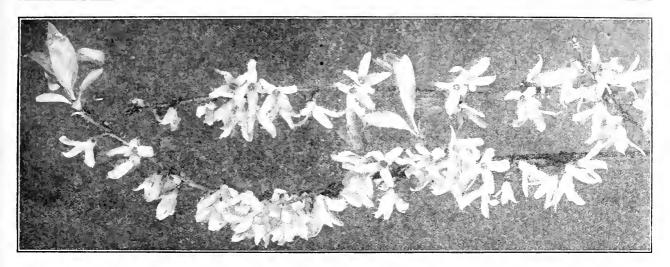
Euonymus

EUONYMUS JAPANESE. This shrub possesses a striking individuality. It is particularly ornamental and interesting on account of its curious corky bark. The small, delicate flowers of late spring are followed by attractive red berries in the fall. It is also valuable on account of its autumn foliage, which is scarlet.

30 00

E. EUROPAEUS. (EUROPEAN BURNING BUSH.) Grows to considerable size; bears numerous rose-colored seed capsules in autumn.

3 to 4 feet......\$1 00



Forsythia

Hibiscus. Althea, or Rose of Sharon

These shrubs are very desirable on account of their blooming all summer. In the varieties mentioned below many of the different colors are represented.

ALBA PLENA. Flowers are double white with crimson center.

Cook

				Eath	1 61	10
2	to	3	feet	35	\$2	25
3	to	4	feet	45	2	75
+	to	5	feet	55	4	00

DOUBLE ROUGE. Large double, dark red flowers.

2 to 3 feet		\$2 25
JOAN OF ARC. Considered the best.	The	flowers are
large, double and pure white.	Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet	35	\$2.25

flowers.	IMPLEX.	Numero	ous sing	ie wnite
nowers.			Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet			35	\$2 25
3 to 4 feet			40	2 75

4 to 5 feet.....

Hydrangeas

No class of shrubs is better known than the Hydrangeas, because they include some of the most showy flowering plants that are found in cultivation. They transplant easily, have no insect enemies, and, with the exception of the Hortensis varieties, are reliably hardy. A crowning feature is that they bloom during the comparatively flowerless months of July to September.

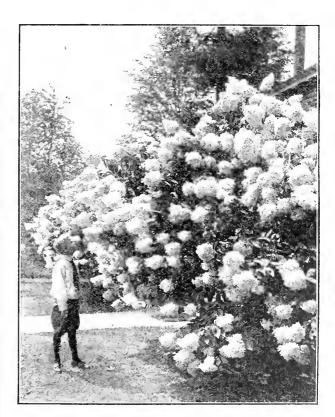
HYDRANGEA JAPANESE BLUE (HORTENSIA). (HILLS OF SNOW.) Many people consider this the best Hydrangea. The foliage is green, with bluish markings on under side.

In June and July this shrub bears a multitude of large snowywhite flowers.

Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet	\$5 00

H. PANICULATA GRANDIFLORA. A handsome variety commencing to bloom in June and lasting until early fall. Flowers are pure white, which change to pink as the season advances. Can be used in either hedge, mass or specimen planting.

				Eacn	rer	10
2	to 3	feet	 	 . \$1 25	\$11	00



^{*} Hydrangea

Lonicera. Honeysuckle

LONICERA XYLOSTEUM. A vigorous shrub bearing an abundance of white flowers. In autumn numerous scarlet berries make their appearance.

Each Per 10

3 to 4 feet		75 \$5 00	0
4 to 5 feet		85 6 00	0
L. MORROWI. Bears	• .	s, followed by	У

Philadelphus. Mock Orange

PHILADELPHUS CORONARIUS. (COMMON MOCK ORANGE.) Bears fragrant white flowers in May and June.

	Each	Per 10
3 to 4 feet	65	\$5 00
P. LEMOINEI. (AVALANCHE.)	A graceful shr	ub, with

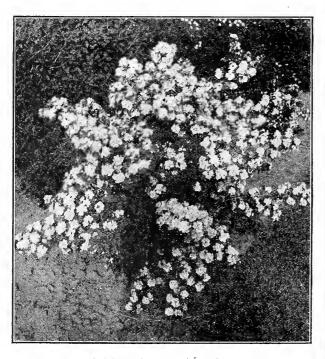
slender drooping branches covered with snowy-white flowers.

Each Per 10

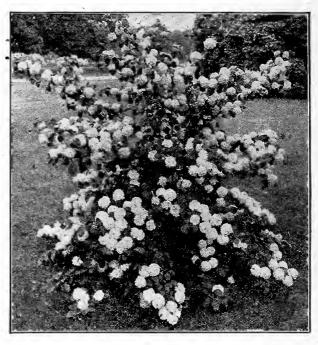
		Each	Per 10
2 to 3	feet	65	\$5 00

Spirea

Indispensable shrubs of easy culture that differ so in size, character and time of bloom that there are varieties suited for almost every purpose. This group includes some of the most popular old-fashioned shrubs. The summerflowering varieties are particularly valuable because they are attractive when few other shrubs are in flower. All varieties do best in moist, fertile soils and sunny exposures.



Philadelphus Lemoinei (Mock Orange)



Viburnum Tomentosum Plicatum (Snowball)

ANTHONY WATERER. A dwarf variety rarely exceeding a foot in height. From June until frost it is a solid mass of rosy crimson flowers.

Opulifolia, Var. Aurea. A striking variety with bright yellow leaves, changing in summer to a beautiful bronzy yellow.

	13000		
3 to 4 feet	75	\$5	00
4 to 5 feet	85		00

S. DOUGLASI. A tall grower. Beautiful rose-colored flowers are borne in late summer.

		Each	1 61	10
2	to 3 feet	60	\$5	00
3	to 4 feet	75	6	00

S. THUNBERGII. A graceful grower, bearing dense clusters of pure white flowers in early spring.

		Each	Per	10
2 to 3	feet	60	\$4	75

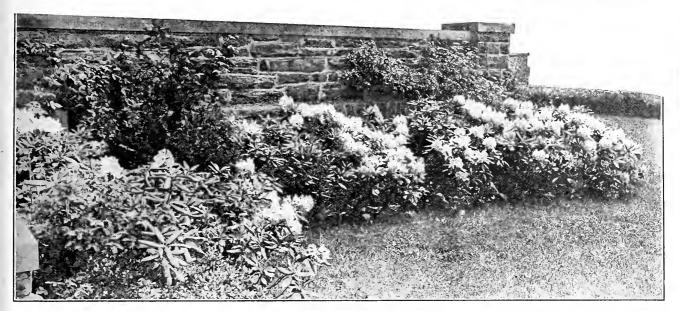
S. VAN HOUTTEI. Useful bush, growing to about 6 feet. The flowers are pure white. This variety is equally valuable for planting either as specimen or in hedges.

			Each	Per 10
2	to 3	$feet\dots\dots\dots\dots\dots\dots\dots$	65	\$5 00

Syringa. Lilacs

S. VULGARIS. (COMMON LILAC.) This class of Lilacs is more largely planted than any other. Several colors are found in the different varieties—white, light purple, dark purple, etc.

		Each	Per 10
2 to 3 feet		85	\$7 00
MADAME LEMOINE.	A handsome vari	ety, bear	ring large



Rhododendrons

Viburnum. Snowball

VIBURNUM LANTANA. (WAYFARING TREE.) Flowers are white and borne in large clusters.

Each Per 10

V. TOMENTOSUM PLICATUM. (JAPANESE SNOWBALL.) May. One of the best ornamental shrubs. It bears abundant white balls of bloom that have a beautiful setting in the deep green leaves. When a single specimen is wanted there is nothing more attractive. It is just as effective, however, in groups or the shrubbery border.

			Ea	ıch	Per	10
2	to ;	3	feet\$1	25	\$ 8	50
3	to.	1	$\mathrm{feet}.\dots$	75	14	00

Evergreen Shrubs

Buxus. Boxwood

BUXUS SEMPERVIRENS. A pleasing plant either for the lawn, edging a path, or for use as tub specimens. The foliage is dense, dark green and aromatic when bruised.

	Each	Per 10
11/4 to 11/2 feet	\$1 35	\$11 00
1½ to 2 feet	2 25	15 00
2 to 2½ feet	2 75	24 75

BOXWOOD, PYRAMIDAL. (BUXUS SEMPERVIRENS.) Trimmed to pyramidal form. Popular for planting as individual specimens in tubs, or on the lawn.

	Each	Per 10
18	inches\$1 25	\$ 8 50
2	feet 1 75	13 50
21/	½ feet 2 25	16 00

B. SUFFRUTICOSA. A low-growing variety, suitable for edging walks where it creates a pretty appearance.

Per 10	Per 100
12 inches	\$ 8 50
18 inches	16 00

Kalmia. Mountain Laurel

KALMIA LATIFULIA. Grows to a	bout 8 feet.	Bears
numerous rosy-red flowers in June.		
	Each	Per 10
8 to 12 inches	\$1 25	\$8.50

Ilex. Holly

ILEX CRENATA. (JAPANESE HOLLY.) A low-growing shrub, with small glossy green leaves. This variety can be trained in almost any shape by judicious pruning.

Each	Per 1	o
2 to 3 feet\$2 00	\$15 0	0

Rhododendrons

The Rhododendron is a well-known shrub and it is widely planted in many sections of the country. It is easy to grow, does not require much care and when in bloom it can not be surpassed for beauty and appearance. Many variations of color are found in the different varieties, and a selection from the following list will be almost sure to satisfy you.

Sizes and Prices of Hybrid Rhododendrons

				E	ach	Per	10
$1\frac{1}{2}$	to	2	feet	\$1	25	\$11	00



A Neat Hedge of Ligustrum Ovalifolium (California Privet)

Suitable Shrubs for Hedges

Many people are now planting hedges instead of building fences which neither add to the appearance or value of the home grounds. With hedges the direct opposite is true, for a home, planted on either side with an attractive, well-kept hedge, is sure to be worth more money than a home where a fence is used between your grounds and those of your neighbor's. In the following list are numerous hedge plants which are easy to keep in order and are well adapted to this locality.

B. VULGARIA. (COMMON EUROPEAN BARBERRY.) An excellent hedge plant, also useful in mass planting. In early summer it bears numerous yellow flowers, and in autumn an abundance of orange-searlet fruits,

	Each	Per	10	Per 100
1½ to 2 feet	35	\$2	25	\$16 50

Ligustrum. Privet

LIGUSTRUM OVALIFOLIUM. (CALIFORNIA PRIVET.) A vigorous, low-growing plant that will stand any amount of pruning. The leaves are large, glossy dark green and remain on the plant until late winter. Makes a very dense hedge.

			Pe	rı	o Pe	r 100	Per 1	000
8	to	12	inches	5	0 \$:	3 00	\$20	00
$1\frac{1}{2}$	to	2	feet	7.	5 !	5 00	30	00
2	to	3	feet \$	1 0	0	6 00	40	00
			Extra Bushy, Grown Especial	y f	or Screen	Planting		
3	to	4	feet	1 2	5 :	7 00	55	00
4	to	_	feet	1 5	n 9	8 50	70	00

Thuya. Arborvitae

THUYA OCCIDENTALIS. (COMMON AMERICAN ARBORVITAE.) An excellent plant for hedges if it receives a little pruning. Fully described and priced under Evergreen Trees (see page 51).

TSUGA CANADENSIS. (CANADIAN HEMLOCK.) Grows to considerable height and is unexcelled for wind breaks and screens. Will stand any amount of pruning and can be trained into different shapes as wished. Fully described and priced under Evergreen Trees (see page 51).

Send us a sketch of your place, and allow us to send you blue prints and prices how to beautify your grounds at the least expense.

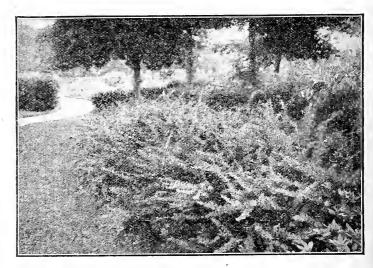
Berberis. Barberries

BARBERRY THUNBERGH. (THUNBERG'S, or JAPANESE BARBERRY.) This is without doubt one of the best plants for hedge; for regardless of whether it is given attention or not the effect is always good. Barberry can be planted and allowed to grow naturally. An excellent effect is attained if you prune this plant, for with this variety you can make a hedge of almost any design or shape. The leaves are small, dark green and change to red in fall. The plant bears a mass of bright scarlet fruit which remains through the winter.

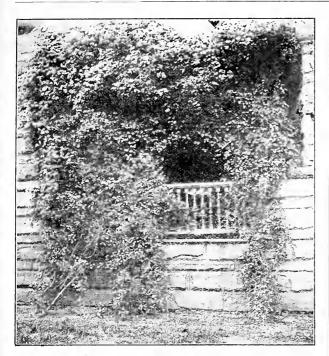
	Each	Per 10	Per 100
ι to 1½ feet	25	\$1 75	\$13 00
1½ to 2 feet	35	2 00	. 15 00
2 to 3 feet	45	3 00	18 00

B. VULGARIS PURPUREA. (Purple Barberry.) The foliage of this hedge plant is violet purple, which color is strongly marked when this variety is planted near shrubs that have green foliage.

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 feet	75	\$6 00	\$40 00



Thunberg's Barberry, whether pruned or not, makes a very attractive hedge



Clematis Paniculata

Ornamental Vines

Ampelopsis

AMPELOPSIS QUINQUIFOLIA. (VIRGINIA CREEPER.) A handsome vine which grows to considerable height. The leaves are large, green in summer, changing to scarlet in fall. Excellent for arbors, trellises and walls.

				Ea	ıcn	Per	10
3	to	4	feet		75	\$ 7	00
4	to	5	feet	\$1	25	10	00

A. VEITCHII. (JAPANESE OR BOSTON IVY.) A quick-growing vine, bearing clusters of small purplish blue berries. The leaves are large, green in summer, changing to golden yellow in fall.

				Each	Per	10
4 t	0 5	feet	 	75	\$7	50

Bignonia

BIGNONIA GRANDIFLORA. (TRUMPET VINE.) A shrubby vine, not growing very tall. It is favorite with many people all over the country.

	Each	Per :	10
2 to 3 feet	60	\$5	00

Clematis

CLEMATIS PANICULATA. A strong-growing vine with light green foliage. In late summer it bears numerous fragrant white flowers. This vine is one of the best in our list.

			Each	Per	ю
2-year fie	eld	grown	75	\$7	50

Aristolochia

Aristolochia	sipho.	(Dutchman's	Pipe.)	Large,	hai	nd-
some foliage.						
_			Ea	ch	Per	10
4 to 5 feet			\$1	00	\$9	00

Periploca

Periploca Graeca.	(Silk Vine.)	Purple flowers	in July.
		Each	Per 10
4 to 5 feet		60	\$5 00

Celastrus. Bittersweet

The ornamental berries of these vines make them very attractive during the fall and early winter months.

C. scandens.	(NATIVE BITTERSWEET.)				
		Ea	ıch	Per	10
4 to 5 feet		\$1	25	\$9	50

Wistaria

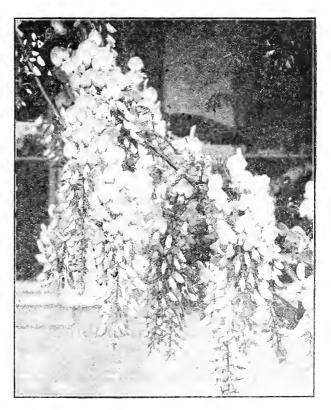
WISTARIA CHINENSIS. (CHINESE WISTARIA.) The leaves are medium sized, pale green, and quite numerous. The flowers are sky-blue, borne in long clusters in early summer.

		Εa	ich	Per	10
4 to 5 feet, strong, stocky plants	5	\$1	10	\$9	50

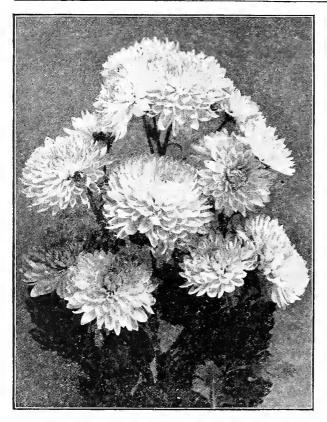
WISTARIA CHINENSIS ALBA. (WHITE CHINESE WISTARIA.) In many respects similar to the preceding except that the flowers are white.

Each Per 10

											10
4	to	5	feet,	very	stocky	plants		\$1	65	\$11	00



Wistaria Chinensis



Chrysanthemum

Plants that Live from Year to Year

This class of plants, familiarly known as old-fashioned hardy garden flowers, has come into public favor in recent years so rapidly as to astonish even the most sanguine enthusiast. Their popularity is not at all surprising when we consider the many varied and pleasant changes which take place throughout the entire growing season in a well-arranged hardy border, in which every week, yes, almost every day, brings forth something fresh and new.

15 cts. each; \$1.50 per doz., except where noted.

Achillea

A. PTARMICAFLORE PLENO. (THE PEARL.) Large clusters of pure white flowers blooming all summer. Excellent for cut flowers.

Anemone

A. JAPONICA. (Japanese Wind Flowers.) Very pleasing perennials, beginning to bloom in early August and continuing until cut down by hard frost. The varieties in our list contain many different colors.

A. ALBA. Snow-white.

A. PRINCE HENRY. Double rich pink; free blooming.

A. QUEEN CHARLOTTE. Large double flowers of silvery pink; extremely beautiful.

Each, 20 cts.; per doz., \$2.00.

ALYSSUM SAXATILE COMPACTUM. (GOLDEN TUFT.) I foot. One of the brightest spring flowers. Excellent plant for rockery or border: Flat heads of yellow flowers in April and May.

Aquilegia. Columbine

A. CHRYSANTHA. This is the well-known golden spurred Columbine. A. VULGARIS. A double flowering form. Violet-blue.

pletely covered with pure white flowers in April and May. for rockeries, etc. ARABIS ALPINA. (ROCK CRESS.) A very low-spreading plant, com-

BAPTISIA AUSTRALIS. (FALSE INDIGO.) Spikes of dark blue flowers, about 2 feet high in June and July. A splendid, strong-growing plant, with deeply cut foliage.

BOLTONIA ASTEROIDES. 5 feet. In their season the Boltonias are one of our showiest herbaceous plants. They resemble the asters in form, but bloom earlier and more profusely. White August to September.

CAMPANULA MEDIUM. (CANTERBURY BELLS) May and June. 3 feet. Large bells in panicles in shades of blue, pink and white.

COREOPSIS LANCEOLATA GRANDIFLORA. 3 feet. June to September. One of the most popular hardy plants. The flowers are a rich golden-yellow and invaluable for cutting; the main crop comes during the latter part of June, but it continues in bloom the entire summer and autumn.

Hardy Chrysanthenums Plants from 2-inch pots

75 cts. per doz., \$4.00 per 100 Sulphur white. For Ashbury. cut flowers.

Austin. Lílac rose; cut petals.

Bohemia. Fine, pure yellow. For

cut flowers.

Bradshaw. Silver pink; large,

Daisy Anderson. Reddish bronze; dwarf.

Gldorado. Bright golden open center.
Eleanor. Dwarf, fimbricated petals; white.
Elkton. Light pink full large flowers.
Excellence. Pure white; tall grower.
Excelsior. Bright orange yellow; Excelsion.
long stems.
Violet rose.

Findom. Violet rose, Fred J. Red orange. For cut flowers, Germania. Large flowers; straw white, long stems. Gertrude. Pure white, open center. Globe d'Or. Dwarf; clear yellow. Hero. Clear pink; large flowering. Hester. Pearl white, shaded flesh. Jerry. Rose lilac. Julia Lagrayere. Crimson ma-

Jerry, Rose lilac.
Julia Lagravere. Crimson maroon. For cut flowers.
Kenneth. Pure white; large flowers.
Lady Naylor. White.

Lelia. Bright brick red.
Lilian Doty. The finest pink in
the large-flowered section of the
entire Pompon family.
Lorely. Large full flowers; yellow,
tinged pink

Miss Emma. Golden bronze; tall.
Mrs. Porter. Bright bronze. For cut flowers.

Peto. Rich bronze, Queen of Bul. Violet rose, Queen of Whites. Fine, creamy

white; long stems. Rebecca. Orange yellow. Rebecca. Orange yellow. Salem. Silver rose; long, quilled

petals.
Silver Queen. Light silver pink.
Susquehanna. Clear, lemon yellow.
St. Elmo. Splendid white. For

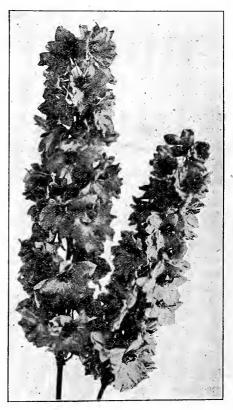
cut flowers. cut flowers.
St. Illoria. Silver rose; quilled petals. For cut flowers.
The Hub. Fine white; open center. For cut flowers.
Triomphe d'Or. Rich, golden vellow.

yellow. Viola. yenow.
Viola. Rich violet rose.
Windless. Rich orange yellow;
large flowers.

Delphiniums

DIANTHUS BARBATUS. $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet. The perennial garden is not complete without some of these attractive old-fashioned plants. In May and June they flower in clusters of red, pink, white and many pretty

DIGITALIS GLOXINIAEFLORA. Familiar old-fashioned plants that grow 3 to 4 feet high and flower in June. Assorted colors of rose, purple and white, beautifully spotted.



Delphinium

DELPHINIUMS—Continued

GAILLARDIA GRANDIFLORA. (BLANKET FLOWER.) 2 feet. This plant is at home in any soil, and has qualities that nake it a leader among herbaceous plants. Good for cutting. Its gorgeous colorings of scarlet crimson and vermillon stand out in a bright, attractive way when planted among other perennials in the border. Flowers continuously from June until frost.

GYPSOPHILA PANICULATA. A beautiful old-fashioned plant, possessing a grace not found in any other perennial. It forms a symmetrical mass, 2 to 3 feet in height, and as much through; of minute, pure white flowers, having a beautiful, gauzelike appearance. For cutting purposes it is exquisite. August and September.

HELENIUM, RIVERTON BEAUTY. 3 to 4 feet. Flowers lemonyellow, with a large, purplish black cone. August to October.

Hollyhocks

Everyone knows these old garden plants. We have them in various colors; they make beautiful perennial hedges and backgrounds for other plants. In colonies about house foundations and in garden corners they scarcely have an equal. All varieties, 20 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz. DOUBLE-FLOWERING HOLLYHOCKS. Very perfect in form and preferred by most planters. We offer them in colors: red, pink, white,

preferred by most planters. rose, yellow and maroon.

ALLEGHENY HOLLYHOCKS. This is a separate strain, with very large flowers, having fringed petals and come in varied colors that are most attractive.

SINGLE-FLOWERING HOLLYHOCKS. Some still prefer this type, which we offer in assorted colors.

Japanese Iris

Order by Name or Number

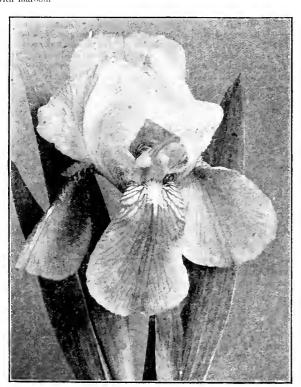
All varieties of Japanese Iris, 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

- KUMONA-NO-SORA. White; purple veins.
 KOK-NO-IRO. Large; royal purple.
 O-YODO. Rich purple.
 KUMA-FUNJIN. Silvery white, margined with magenta-lilac.
 KIMI-NO-NEGUMI. Standards dark blue, edged with white;
- falls whit
- s white.
 SHISHI-ODORI. Purple.
 TORA-ODORI. Light blue, yellow center; standards various ades of blue; six petals.
 DATE-DOGU. Lavender, shading to white toward the center; vellow, center.

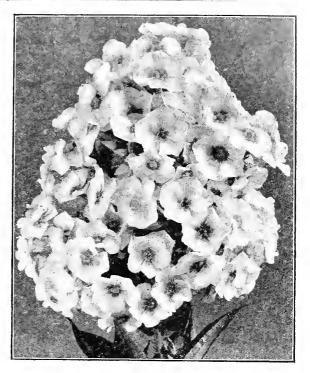
German Iris

All varieties, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.

ADONIS. A deep blue; fine, and earliest to flower.
BLUE SKY. Standards faint lavender; falls yellow and purple.
CHARLOTTE PATTY. Standards golden yellow, falls lightly veined



German Iris



FAIRY QUEEN. Late flowering; white; falls veined with blue, GARRICK. Standards delicate light hlue; falls dark violet. A late-blooming variety.
GRACINE. Standards lemon-yellow; falls purplish, veined with white;

very handsome.

LEOPOLD. Bronze; falls veined with maroon.

MADAME DE BONNE. Pure yellow.

MADAME DE BRABANT. Standards lavender; falls purple. Late

hlooming.

REINE DE PAYS. Standards saffron-yellow; falls carmine-maroon, lightly veined.

Hardy Phlox

Among hardy perennial plants no class is of more importance than the Phloxes, succeeding in almost any soil and position, flowering from July to October, and while they will continue in good condition and flower for many years without attention, yet they respond quickly to and are improved by liberal cultivation. Named varieties, early and late growing 18 to 36 inches high.

PHYSOSTEGIA VIRGINICA. 3 feet. A splendid summer-flowering perennial, with long spikes of showy soft, pink flowers, valued for boundary (x,y)

PLATYCODON GRANDIFLORA. (BALLOON FLOWER, OR CHINESE BELL-FLOWER.) 2 feet. The attractive blue flowers are cup-shaped. Blooms during the entire summer and is useful for the front of the border. RUDBECKIA LACINIATA FL. PL. (GOLDEN GLOW.) 5 to 6 feet. From July to September the tall stems are aglow with golden-yellow, dahlialike flowers.

STATICE LATIFOLIA. (SEA LAVENDER.) Great aircraft layender-colored flowers.

STATICE LATIFOLIA. (SEA LAVENDER.) Great, airy panicles of lavender-colored flowers all summer. A dwarf plant, with flower spikes about 18 inches high. STOKESIA CYANEA.

about 16 inches ingli.

STOKESIA CYANEA. (CORNFLOWER ASTER.) 1½ to 2 feet. This perennial is esteemed for its all-round good qualities. Grows very vigorously; has large, blue, asterlike flowers, which measure 1½ to 2 inches across. August and September.

Any of above 15 cts. each, \$1.50 doz.

Salvia

AZUREA GRANDIFLORA. Grows 2 to 3 feet high, producing a profusion of sky-blue flowers in August and September.

Tritoma

UVARIA GRANDIFLCRA. (RED-HOT POKER.) Large brilliant crimson spikes borne on stalks 3 to 4 feet high; blooms in late summer and autumn.

Yucca

Y. FILAMENTOSA. (Adam's Needle.) A hardy ornamental plant, with broad swordlike leaves; branching spikes of large, fragrant, pure white flowers; blooms June and July.

FRUIT TREES

So many people have inquired of us for fruit trees, that this year we have added to our catalogue a long list of Apples, Peaches, Pears, etc. Of course, there are many varieties of each that are not given here, but we don't care to deviate from our usual custom of selling only what we know to be all right. There is not a fruit listed in this catalogue that we would not plant ourselves. Therefore, any selection you make from those given here may be fully relied on. They are tested and tried sorts, and the kinds that always "make good," whether it be in the home garden or commercial orchard.

Apples

Prices of Two-Year Budded Apple Trees:

	Luci I	1 (1 10	
3 to 4 feet			
4 to 5 feet			16 50
5 to 6 feet	50	3 00	22 00

JULY. (FOURTH OF JULY.) An excellent red Apple, fit for use in early summer.

RED ASTRACHAN. Summer. Skin red; flesh delicious.

RED JUNE. (CAROLINA RED JUNE.) Summer. Red. An excellent eating Apple.

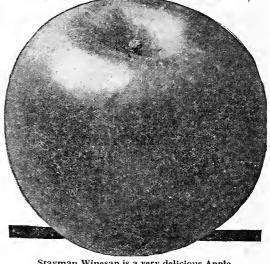
WILLIAMS. (WILLIAMS' EARLY RED.) Summer. A reddish Apple of large size; flesh is tender, juicy, and possesses a pleasing flavor.

YELLOW TRANSPARENT. Summer. A handsome Apple that grows well all over the country. Fruit is large; skin is yellowish; flesh is tender, juicy, and possesses a good flavor.

GRAVENSTEIN. Fall. A perfect fruit with a handsome yellowish skin striped with red. The flesh is yellow, firm, juicy, of excellent quality; flavor palatable.

GRIMES. (Grimes Golden.) Fall. A large size Apple, with golden yellow skin dotted gray. The flesh is tender, juicy, crisp and the flavor is good. The tree is hardy and productive.

McINTOSH. (McINTOSH RED.) Fall. This is a bright red Apple with white flesh, slightly pink towards the core. Flesh is juicy and has a subacid flavor. It will keep a long time and requires no special storage. McIntosh is hardy anywhere and does very well in this section.



Stayman Winesap is a very delicious Apple

YORK IMPERIAL. Winter. This is one of the most important commercial Apples grown. Its size is medium. The skin is white, with a reddish shade. The flesh is firm, crisp and juicy; flavor is pleasant and mild. The tree is vigorous and productive. Scems to do well wherever planted.

WINESAP. Winter. Wherever you see a good commercial or home Apple orchard you will find Winesap, for it grows practically anywhere north of Maryland. The fruit is of medium size, with a dark red skin; flesh is a creamy white, tender, crisp and juicy. Winesap belongs in a class by itself, for it will stand shipping long distances without losing any of its selling value. The tree is a strong grower, bears well and does it every year.

DELICIOUS. Winter. This Apple can be told anywhere on account of its shape. It is oblong, quite full at the stem, but at the blossom end it is deeply notched. In quality, Delicious is considered one of the best for commercial orchards. The fruit's color is brilliant dark red, shading to yellow at the blossom end. The flesh is perhaps the best keeping Apple you can find.

STAYMAN WINESAP. Winter. The only reason we can see why this Apple is not planted more extensively in every orchard all over the country is because it is not well enough known. Frankly, we can think of no other Apple that possesses more of every good quality than does the Stayman Winesap. Its size is large, nearly round; has a very high red color and a pleasing appearance. The flesh is white, very fine quality, juicy, and flavor is one of the best. If you have room for only a few trees, plant Stayman Winesap. If you grow for market you can't afford to overlook this variety. It is a moneymaker.

Yellow Transparent is one of the best summer Apples

Peaches

			Each	Per 10	Per 100
Ι	to	2 fect	15	\$1 25	\$-9 00
2	to	3 feet	20	1 50	10 00
3	to	4 fect	25	1 75	11 00
4	to	5 feet	30	2 00	12 00
5	to	6 feet	35	2 25	14 00

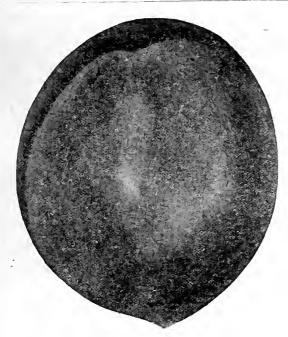
GREENSBORO. Ripens June 25 to July 10. It is yellow, with a crimson cheek; flesh is white, juicy and sweet. oIt is extra large for an early Peach, and on account of its firmness is considered one of the best commercial sorts. Freestone.

CARMEN. Ripens July 20. A favorite variety with many growers, for it usually produces excellent prices wherever sold. The fruit is large, pale yellow with crimson cheek. The flesh is tender, creamy white, possessing a spicy flavor. Freestone.

CHAMPION. Ripens August 1. A large Peach with creamy white skin and red cheek. The flesh is white. The flavor is sweet and very high in quality. Champion is an excellent shipper. Frecstone.

BELLE. (Belle of Georgia.) Ripens August 5. A large showy fruit, with white skin and reddish cheek. The flesh is white, firm and delicious; extra high quality. This is one of the standard market varieties for the east. Freestone.

RAY. An extra large Peach of excellent form. The skin is yellowish, nearly all overlaid with red. The flesh is white and firm. The quality is high and desirable in every way. It ships well and arrives at distant markets in excellent condition. Freestone.



Carman Peach is a great favorite

PEACHES—Continued

ELBERTA. Ripens August 20. This is a favored variety with many of our leading commercial growers. The fruit is large, yellow with reddish cheek. The flesh is firm, yellow, juicy; flavor is very high, and quality is excellent. Freestone.

LATE CRAWFORD. Ripens September 5. One of the leading late varieties. Is large in size; skin is yellow with red check. Flesh is yellow, juicy, possessing a rich flavor. Excellent for either market or home planting on account of its late ripening period. Is considered one of the leading late Peaches. Freestone.

Pears

Prices of all varieties except Kieffer

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3 to 4 feet	35	\$2 50	\$16 50
4 to 5 feet	40	3 00	22 00
5 to 6 feet	50	3 75	27 50

BARTLETT. Summer. A handsome golden yellow fruit. Very popular with everyone who grows Pears. The fruit is large and shapely. The flavor is melting and sweet.

CLAPP FAVORITE. A large lemon yellow fruit with very fine flesh. Flavor rich and sweet.

DUCHESS. (ANGOULEME.) A large fruit of excellent quality. Flavor very pleasing, melting and buttery. Tree bears when quite young.

SECKEL. While not as large as some other varieties, Seckel makes up for this deficiency by its excellent flavor and high quality. The flesh is very juicy and the tree is a low grower. For either home or market use Seckel is an excellent variety.

KIEFFER. This Pear is the one that is grown perhaps more extensively than any other one variety that we can think of. Its size is large and the fruit possesses a sweet flavor. The flesh is rather coarse. Kieffer is one of the best for general planting. We have a special price on Kieffer trees.

								Each	Per	10	Per 1	00
3	to	4	feet,	1	and	2	years	25	\$1	40	\$11	00
4	to	5	feet,	1	and	2	years	30	1	75	13	75
5	to	6	feet,	1	and	2	years	35	2	25	16	50

Cherries

				I	Each	Per	10	Per 1	00
3	to	4	feet		30	\$2	00	\$13	75
4	to	5	fect	 	35	2	50	19	25
5	to	6	feet	 	40	3	00	24	75

SOUR VARIETIES

MONTMORENGY. Red. Very large in size. The flesh is solid, juicy, with rich acid flavor.

RICHMOND. Red. This fruit ripens quite early. Tree is thrifty and bears heavily; fruit medium sized.

SWEET VARIETIES

BALDWIN. Red. Flavor sweet and delicious. SCHMIDT. Black. Flavor sweet and pleasing.

Plums

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
2 to 3 feet	30	\$1 75	\$1I 00
3 to 4 feet	35	2 50	16 50
4 to 5 feet	40	3 00	22 00
5 to 6 feet	45	3 50	27 50

ABUNDANCE. Very large, amber color. Flesh juicy; flavor sweet.

IMPERIAL GAGE. A green variety possessing a pleasing flavor.

ITALIAN. Purple. An excellent sort for either home or market use.

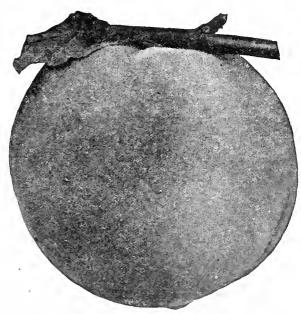
WICKSON. Red. Very large. Flesh firm; flavor delicious.

Quinces

	Each	Per 10	Per 100
3 to 4 feet	= 50	\$4 00	

CHAMPION. Large to very large. Fruit oval in shape, bright yellow. Flesh tender, and of excellent quality.

ORANGE. A large bright yellow fruit of excellent quality.



Elberta is one of the best Peaches for either market or table

SMALL FRUITS

Grapes

Strong Two-Year Vines Each Per 10 Per 100 20 \$1.50 \$8 00

One-Year Vines Per 10 Per 100 Each \$1 00 \$4 75

CATAWBA. Red. This is one of the standard market varieties. Its flavor is delicious and pleasing. Keeps well and is a good

CONCORD. A fine black variety with a splendid juicy flavor. This is considered the best market grape, as it is one of the best keeping varieties. If you plant only one variety, be sure to get

NIAGARA. White. Berries are good-sized and borne in large bunches. The flesh is pulpy, tender and very sweet. Niagara is the standard white grape. Be sure to plant some this year.

Blackberries

ELDORADO. Medium size berries. Jet black in color; flavor is pleasant, melting and sweet.

> Per 10 Each Per 100 80 \$3 85

RATHBUN. Extra large berries, glossy black; flesh firm and of excellent quality.

Each Per 10 Per 100

Currants

PERFECTION. Beautiful, bright red berries borne in large clusters. Flavor excellent, mild, subacid.

> Each Per 100

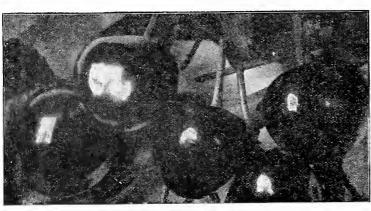
WILDER. Red. Fruit has an excellent flavor.

Fach Per to Per roo \$1 10 \$5.50

Dewberry

LUCRETIA. Really a trailing blackberry, but better in quality than any blackberry. Black in color, large and handsome. Flavor excellent.

> Per to Per 100 Each 30 \$ 1 75



Montmorency Cherries are great, big fellows



It takes but a few Berries like these to make a good shortcake

Gooseberry

DOWNING. A large handsome berry of excellent quality for either dessert or cooking purposes.

> Each Per 10 Per roo \$1 35

Raspberries

CUMBERLAND. An excellent quality Raspberry, ripening in midseason. The berries are large, firm and ship well. The Cumberland is considered one of the best of all black Raspberries.

Each Per 10 Per 100 \$3 30 80 20

ST. REGIS. Bright red berries of large size. Flesh firm with a true Raspberry flavor.

Each Per 10 Per 100 20 80 \$3 30

PLUM FARMER. A new introduction that promises in time to eclipse all other black Raspberries. Its flavor is excellent; flesh is firm and meaty, and the vine is prolific. You will make no mistake if you plant Plum Farmer.

Per 10 Per 100 2 \$3 30

Strawberries

BUBACH. An old favorite. The plants are strong growers and the berries are of large size.

250 12 100 \$1 50 45 60

CHESAPEAKE. Widely planted because of its high value both for market and table.

> 12 25 100 250 \$1 10 \$2 00 50 75

GANDY. A very late variety of high value. The berries are large, keep well, and the vines bear tremendous crops.

> 12 25 50 100 250 60 80 \$1 50 45

PROGRESSIVE. Everbearing. Without doubt the greatest strawberry on the market. Bears fruit until November.

> \$1 25 \$2 25 50

SUPERB. Everbearing. A good companion for Progressive. Berries are extra large, handsome and delicious.

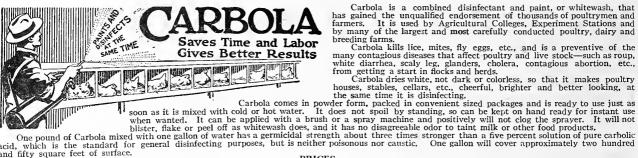
> 25 \$1 25 \$2 25 \$3 75 50

BEDDING PLANTS

In response to numerous calls for Bedding Plants we have added to our catalogue this year an extensive list of varieties best adapted to Harrisburg and the country roundabout. A planting of these in the border will make the grounds more beautiful and attractive. The plants come to you all ready to set out.

ALL PLANTS SOLD AT 10 CENTS EACH UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED

Abutilon	Heliotrope
clipse. Mottled leaves, scarlet flowers. avitzil. A beautiful bedding plant; variegated white and green foliage.	Chieftan. Lilac, large trusses, sweet scented. Mme. Bruant. Very dark purple.
1.00 per doz., \$6.00 per 100.	Mme. de Blonay. Large trusses, nearly pure white. Per Doz. Per 100 2-inch. 40 \$2 00 \$18 5
Acalypha	3-inch
facafeeana. A very handsome, ornamental foliage and bedding plant; ardinal red and chocolate variegated. \$1.00 per doz., \$3.50 per 100.	Lantanas
Ageratum	23 of the very choicest named varieties. 65 cts. per doz., \$4.00 per 100 Lemon Verbena
warf White.	Aloysia Citriodora
ittle Gem. Dwarf blue. rs, Alfred Ehmann. Low plants; free flowering; blue. rincess Pauline. Sky blue; white center. riomphe des Parterres. Beautiful variety; Russian blue; strong,	Per Doz. Per ro 2-inch. 75 \$4.6 3-inch. \$1.25 5.6
bust grower. Per Doz. Per 100 inch	Lobelia Crystal Palace Gem
inch	Per Doz. Per 10 2-inch. 65 \$4 6 3-inch. \$1 25 5 6
Alyssum, Sweet	
warf Double. Best for pot plants and pans. Jant Double. Splendid for cutting, 75 cts, per doz. \$3.00 per 100.	Moon Vines
Begonia (Semperflorens Varieties)	Noctiflora. The standard white Moonvine. Leari. (Blue Dawn Flower.) Generally known as the Blue Moonflowe \$1.00 per doz., \$5.00 per 100.
loire de Chatelaine. Dwarf, compact grower; always full of flowers a lively rose color; a good, hardy grower, and should be a grand acqui-	Petunias
ion to this, which is becoming a popular pot and bedding plant. racilis Pfitzeri Triumph. Pure white; free flowering, racilis rosea. Handsome flowers of a delicate rose color. uminosa. Red flower and foliage.	Ada. Purple, edged and striped white. Artus. Deep rose pink. Brightness. Light pink. Columbia. Purple, blotched white. Diadem. Light purplish pink.
ernon. Pink; bedding sort. ote Lubecca. Red Vernon. Per Doz. Per 100	Gury. Lilac rose. Irene. Bright rose pink.
Per Doz. Per 100 inch	Jerome. Deep purple, edged white. Pink Daisy. Lilac pink. Snowball. Pure white.
Cuphea Platycentra	Snowball Pure white,
75 cts. per doz., \$3.50 per 100	Single Fringed Mixed. Double Fringed Mixed.
Canna. Indian Shot	Double Fringed Mixed. Per Doz. Per 10 2-inch. \$1 00 \$5 0
Strong plants from 3-inch pots ready April 1st. A tall-growing bedding plant, very useful in borders and edgings, umerous colors are shown in the 25 different varieties.	Sage Holt's Mammoth. 60 cts. per doz., \$2.00 per 100.
Per Doz. Per 1000 Per	Salvia
Coleus	Bonfire. Dwarf, scarlet.
Grows to about 2 feet. The variegated foliage of these plants makes handsome appearance. 20 standard varieties.	Splendens. Tall, scarlet. Zurich. Dwarf, scarlet. Per Doz. Per 10
Per Doz. Per 100	Zurich. Dwarf, scarlet. Per Doz. Per 10
inch pots	Senecio Scandens (Parlor Ivy)
Fuchsias	An indispensable Climber for vases, baskets or boxes. 75 cts. pe
inch	doz., \$5.00 per 100. Swainsona
lack Prince. Single, wavy carmine petals, open, pale pink corolla. linnesota. Tube and petals light pink, corolla violet purple. ouvenir de H. Henkel. Metallic bronze; long, cinnabar-red flowers.	Galegifolia alba rosea. 75 cts. per doz., \$4.00 per 100.
	Tradescantia
Geraniums These handsome plants grow to about 1½ feet. One of the best known	Red. Red and green striped. Per Doz. Per Ioz. 2-inch
id most popular of all bedding plants. Mixed colors, 150 varieties including single, double ivy-leaved, variegated foliage and ented-leaved. \$1.00 per doz., \$6.00 per 100.	2-inch
Hardy English Ivy	Vinca
Large-Leaved Variety	Variegata
Per Doz. Per 1000 Per 1000 Per 1000 Per 1000 \$18 50	Per Doz. Per II 2-inch



Carbola is a combined disinfectant and paint, or whitewash, that has gained the unqualified endorsement of thousands of poultrymen and farmers. It is used by Agricultural Colleges, Experiment Stations and by many of the largest and most carefully conducted poultry, dairy and breather forms.

and fifty square feet of surface.

I KICES
10 lbs. (10 gals.)\$1 00
20 lbs. (20 gals.)
50 lbs. (50 gals.)
The state of the s

Standard Pots	Bulb Pans ALL STANDARD SIZES .	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4 in. 2 ½ in 03 30 \$2 00 8 in. 4 in 15 \$ 5 in. 2 34 in 04 45 3 60 9 in. 4 ½ in 25	Doz. 100 1 70 \$13 00 2 65 20 00 3 35 27 00
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Flower-Pot Saucers	,
7 in. 11 \$1 25 9 00 8 in. 15 1 50 13 00 9 in. 25 2 25 20 00 10 in. 30 3 25 27 00 11 in. 45 5 00 40 00 12 in. 60 6 35 55 00 14 in. \$1 00 11 40 90 00	4 in. 03 25 \$1 50 9 in. 08 5 in. 03 25 2 00 10 in. 10 \$1 6 in. 04 40 3 00 11 in. 12 1 7 in. 05 55 4 00 12 in. 15 1	Doz. 100 90 \$7 15 9 30 11 100 100 20 20 20 </td

"ANCHOR BRAND"

Cedar Plant Tubs PENNSYLVANIA STYLE

Made of Everlasting Virginia White Cedar









	I
Size No. 1 No. 2 No. 3 No. 4 No. 5	

Inside Bottom Inches 11 16 11 1/4 10 3/6 9 5/6 8 9/16

Depth Inches 13 1/8 12 1/8 12 1/8 11 1/2 10 16

Stave Wire Hoops 3 No. 6 3 No. 6 Inches

POULTRY SUPPLIES

SHIPPING COOPS FOR POULTRY

For chickens, size 3 feet long, 2 feet wide, 1 foot high. \$1.25 each; \$12.00 per doz.



The "Lawn Park" Coop .

The run-away or park pushed inside the oop (telescopes) in cold or stormy weather, and opened or closed, the hen and brood are perfectly sheltered and protected. Each \$3.75.

Brooder and Incubator Thermometers 50 cts. and 60 cts.

Egg Crates. Humpty Dumpty. 3 doz. size 30 cts., 6 doz. size 35 cts., 12 doz. size 40 cts. Caponizing Set. Filling. complete \$2.50.

Drinking Fountains Keystone Grey Granite

2-quart size..... 1-gallon size..... 2-gallon size.....



Banner Root Cutter No. 7



This cutter is adapted especially for poultrymen and farmers or for suburban residents keeping a flock of chickens. Cuts roots and vegetables into fine chicken feed. Capacity, one bushel in about five minutes. Price \$5.00.

Mann's Green Bone Mill Satisfaction Guaranteed

No. 5C. Crank.
No. 5B. Balance wheel
No. 5BM. (Iron stand).
No. 7. New model (like cut).
No. 7½. Semipower. 18 00

Poultry Markers 25 cts. each

PRICE LIST







Perfection Egg Crates

Will outwear a dozen cheap crates. \$1.50 each.

Gape Worm Extractors. Each 25 cts. Crain Sprouters

					•	J1 ?	4111	·	ħτ.	υı	***	21.0	•											
No. 1.	For	25	to	40	hens						٠.										 	\$5	75	
No. 2.	For	50	to	7.5	hens									٠.			٠.				 	. 7	00	
No. 3. No. 4.	For	100	to	150	hens	• •		٠.	٠.	٠.	٠.	٠.	• •	٠.	•	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	 • •	12	75	
Noot Fr																								

Leg	Bands		
AluminumCelluloid	Doz. 15 20	25 25 35	

GARDEN TOOLS AND REQUISITES



No. 2 for 4 to 5-inch bunches.



Corn Sheller, Never Fail

R. & H.....\$1 50

The Ball

Lightning

Celery Bleacher

The greatest in-

vention in years for the Celery

No Banking

with Soil

Just put on bleach-

ing tube and in 10

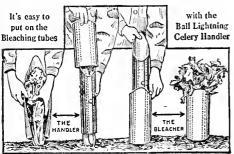
to 14 days you'll have the whitest and most luscious

Celery you ever

Write for circular.

grower.

saw.



Price of the Ball Lightning Celery Bleachers

Size Doz. 100 1,000 6 x 12... 25 \$1 75 \$13 50 Weight—doz., 2 lbs., 100, 8 lbs. 6½ x 13... 35 2 00 15 00 Weight—doz., 2 lbs., 100, 9 lbs. 7 x 14... 46 2 50 17 50 Weight—doz., 2 lbs., 100, 12 lbs.

The Ball Lightning Celery Handler

A spring brass implement which gathers up the foliage so that the bleaching tubes can be placed without damage to the plant. Price,

	(Cele	ry	T	ıp	e			
1,000 5,000	yards. yards.	• • • •			: :	:	 :	\$ 3 12	00 75
		7							











Grafting Wax

1/4 lb. 10 cts., 1/2 lb. 15 cts., lb. 25 cts.

Hanging Baskets

Galvanized Wire

18 in., heavy, 70 cts., doz. \$8.
16 in. 40 cts., doz. \$4.50.
12 in. 25 cts., doz. \$2.50.
10 in. 20 cts., doz. \$2.25

Grass Edging

Knives, American

Solid Sockets

4-foot handle. 75 cts.



Style Depth Width Mower Process No. 10G 20" 18" 12 to 18" \$1 No. 12G 22" 22" 16 to 22" 1



Thinning 7-inch blades, 58 cts. Prong or Po-

tato. 4 tines, 59 cts Socket handle.

Draw, or Field.75 cts. Long handle.....70 cts. 2½ x 8-in. blades,..60 cts. Garden. Horseradish Graters



Market Stall Horseradish Grater Each......\$11 89

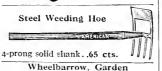




Hose Reels Wood On wheels with ratchet. \$3 98

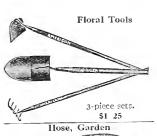
stream.

32 cts.





No. 3. Bin 26 inches long, 19 inches front width, 22 inches back; 12-inch sides, 1 34-inch tires......\$4 50





8 34 cts. 16 34 cts. Palisade.... Clifton 1/2 cts. Clifton.... 91/2 cts. Clifton.... cts. Couplings, per set.....

Hose Washers 25 cts. Per dozen.....

Hotbed Sash
Clear, white pine. Glazed 10-inch
glass, 3 rows. Manufactured of best
clear white pine. Size, 3 feet by
6 feet, 1% inches thick.
Price, glazed

Hydrometers, Carbondale



For testing the strength

Capacity 200 heads an hour. Three knives; lifelasts a time.

Our price, \$20 00



Knives

Budding Saynor's best. One blade. Round or blade. Round of straight blade, \$1.50 Other foreign makes 50 cts., 75 cts. and \$1 each. Pruning

Saynor's, \$1 and \$1.50. American \$1.

Labels, Painted Wooden Pot 100 1,000 4-inch..... 8-inch..... 35 12-inch......



Lawn Sprinklers

Peck. 3-arm, \$1.50

HIGHEST QUALITY ONLY GARDEN TOOLS AND REQUISITES



Lawn F	Rollers	, Roller	Bearin	g Hand
	A chil	d can run	them.	
	Length	1	Wt.	Our
Diam.	In.	Sections	Lbs.	Price
15	15	2	150	\$12 00
15	22	3	200	14 00
20	20	2	250	15 50
20	24	2	300	18 50
20	20	2	2 50	21 50

F. O	. B.	Factory
------	------	---------

30 20

24 24

Lawn	Rollers,	Water	Ballast
With C	Counter-B		Weights
	Ball B	earing	
		117-1-	

					Weig	ht		
					Filled	Filled		
]	Diam	. Lgth.			with	with	Our	
No.	In.	In.	Sec.	Epty.	Water	Sand	Price	
602B	18	24	1	155	410	555	14 50	
603B	24	24	I	180	525	710	18 50	
604B	24	32	Ι	200	665	935	20 50	
605B	18	24	2	175	395	520	19 50	
606B	24	32	2	230	650	895	25 50	
607B	24	24	2	215	505	675	23 50	-
				Co	ldwell	Lawn	Mowe	ers



350 400



Rajah High Wheel Ball Bearing.	
14-inch, 5-blade cylinder	90
r6-inch, 5-blade cylinder	60
18-inch, 5-blade cylinder 12	90
20-inch, 5-blade cylinder	
Suburban Ball Bearing	
12-inch, 4 blades\$6	50
14-inch, 4 blades 6	75
r6-inch, 4 blades	00
r8-inch 4 blodge 7	50

Coldwell Motor Mowers. Write for details and prices.
Coldwell Horse Mowers. Write for details and prices.
Write for prices on Golf Mowers for Putting Greens.

	La	wn	Mov	ver	
Orchid	Ball	Bea	ring	High	Wheel
1	o-incl	ı. D	rivin	g Whe	el

1 . 14-inch	0	-																			25	
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18-inch.		٠	•	•	•	•	•	•	٠	•	٠	٠									-	,
18-inch .							٠				٠	٠				٠	٠	٠	٠		Э	



Lawn Trimmers

For trimming close to walls or fences.

Coldwell's 8-in cut... \$6 50

Liquid Measures

Graduated Pint....15 cts. Quart...15 cts. Dry Measures ¼ pint. 10 cts. 1 pint. 15 cts. 1 quart. 20 cts.



400	The simplest and surest Mole Trap ever invented—self-setting. \$1 00
	Mastica [An improved putty. I gallon\$1 40 5 gallons\$6 75
	Mastica Machine
	applying putty. \$1.25
Moss,	Sphagnum, Dried

Pencils, Indelible 5 cts. and 10 cts. For writing on labels.

Barrel.



Powder Gun, Little Giant \$7 50

Putty Bulbs

ror a																		
Each By mail					•	•	•					•					. 01	98
by man	•	• •		•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	. 91	09

Putty,	•	ľ	v	V	e	n	a	k)1	w	٠,	s	1	E	n	٤	;1	i	sh	
Gallon 5 gallons																				
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Kama	
Colored, in all shades.	
½ lb	15
ı lb	50
5 lbs\$2	25
For tying; natural color.	
ı lb	20
5 lbs	90



Duplex (double edge) Pruning (single edge)
14. 16, 18, 20 and 24-inch 60 cts.,
70 cts., 80 cts., \$1, and \$1.25.

Rakes



Automatic Self-cleaning.
22-tooth
26-tooth
The Gibb. Wire37 cts.
The Ole Oleson
Curved Oak
Curved Oak Does not tear grass

The genuine Reed is manufactured in Germany, but owing to an embargo placed upon them by the German Government, their importation is now possible.

Reed is a manufactured paper Reed so identical in size and charac-ter as to make it a most excellent substitute for the genuine Reed. Sample cards upon application.

No.	1/4 lb.	½ lb.	r lb.						
0	40	85	1 25						
1	40	85	1 25						
3	35	65	1 10						
4	30	55	1 00						
6	25	40	75						
7	20	35	65						
8	20	35	65						
9	20	35	65						
11	20	35	65						
4 Yards for 10 cts.									

			Ş									
Flower											\$1	00
Vine.	7-i1	ı.							,		1	25

Seeders



Seeder No. 3 The Rittenhouse

Formerly sold under the name of "The Little Giant"

Has a pressed tin four-flange, distributing wheel and lathe-centered gearings making it éasy running. Accurate gauge.

Sloping feed board and force—feed steel frame. Handhold and shield. Each \$1 25.

Seeder No. 4 The Rittenhouse\$1 00



With pruning notch, 8-inch blade, \$1 75. 9-inch blade \$2.00; 10-inch blade \$2.50.

English Hedge		
For tree and heavy hedge	\$2	49
Lopping, Saynor's		
Tree Pruning, Waters	P	ole
8 ft	\$1	50
10 ft	1	65
12 ft		
Pruning		
7 in		75
in	\$1	00
in	1	25
Sheep or	4	M

Grass 24c and 48c Sickles Extra fine.

Each, 25 cts. and 40 cts.

Silkaline For Stringing Smilax. Spool.....

Spading For	ks
	HIMERICA

000

4 tines....85 cts. 5 tines...\$1 00 Spades, Steel ..90 cts. Each Stakes

Heavy Rose or Dahlia Painted green. Doz. \$4 85 5 68 6 50 75 88 feet.....\$1 4 5 6

Wooden, Round Tapering Painted green.
Doz. I

\$1 00 1 70 2 40 3 20 1½ feet..... feet..... 2½ feet..... 3 20 4 00 4 80 5 60 Round Dowels 88

Unpainted Doz. 100 Inches 25 35 \$1 25 2 00 3 00 3 85 60

Sprinkler, Rubber Each. \$1 00 By mail 10 Thermometers

Copper case......\$1 00 Greenhouse, Tested Register heat and cold. Self-Registering...\$3 00 Brass Point Hotbed, Mushroom, \$1 50

Hotbed, Mushroom, \$1 by Each. 35
Doz. \$3 50
Dairy. For testing milk. Incubator. Tested .59 cts. Brooder. Tested .49 cts.

Sheet Steel Trowels



Twine, Jute. For tying.25 cts.

"Norcross" Three Sizes

Detachable Steel Prongs, Malleable Head, Extra High-Grade Handles

"Midget" Weeder. 9-inch handle No. 11

Each......40 cts. No. 33. 3-prong; 4-foot

handle. Each. 50 cts. 5-prong; 4-foot handle.

......75 cts. Each.85 cts.



Each Lang's (A).... Eureka (B).... Excelsior (C).....30 cts.

PRICES ON ABOVE PAGE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

Auto Compressed-Air Sprayer No. 1



This is without doubt the standard of all Compressed Air Sprayers: It consists of a 4-gallon reservoir, made of heavy material, either brass or galvanized steel as ordered. It is operated by working an air pump, with which air is compressed on top of the solution. A few strokes of the plunger will compress enough air to operate the machine several minutes, and two pumpings will discharge all of the contents. This Sprayer is made of heavy material throughout, and the brass machine, which we strongly recommend, is practically indestructible, because it can not be affected by the various spray solutions. No other Sprayer will do such a variety of work, and do it so well. The cut shows the air chamber and reservoir, also auto-

	Pı	rice	
Brass tank, with auto-pop nozzle	\$8	75	
Galvanized steel tank, with pop nozzle	6	50	
Auto-pop nozzle, supplied separately	1	50	
Brass extension rods, in 2-foot lengths		50	

Trellises



Fe



		0.1	
Veranda T	rellis		19
· CIUIIGU I	101110		29
et Wide	Price	30-in	39
		36-in	59
—18 in	98	42-in	78
—18 in	\$1 18	48-in	39
—18 in	1 34	60-in\$1 ()9
		72-in 1 3	32
18 in	. , . 1 62	84-in 1 5	
—20 in	1 89	96-in 1	

HOLMES' STANDARD INÓCULATING BACTERIA

HASTENS MATURITY

INCREASES THE YIELD

BUILDS UP THE LAND

ENRICHES THE SOIL

IMPROVES THE FEEDING VALUE



Inoculated Soy Bean Plant

BENEFITS OF INOCULATION

First—Inoculated legumes take nitrogen from the air to supply the plant, resulting in faster growth, earlier maturity and larger crops.

Second-Inoculated legumes take up more nitro-

second—inoculated legitimes take up more nitrogen than the plant itself requires, the surplus inuring to the benefit of future crops.

Third—Inoculated legitimes develop larger root systems than when not inoculated and therefore reach the immense stores of potash and phosphorus in the sub soil, bringing them up to supply the plant.

Fourth—Inoculated legumes, by taking their nitrogen from the air, save the soil. When not inoculated they drain the soil of its nitrogen just the same as wheat or timothy or other nonleguminous plants.

Fifth—Inoculated legumes contain more proteid matter than when not inoculated, greatly increasing their feeding value.

EASY TO APPLY—SIMPLY MOISTEN THE SEED BEFORE SOWING FULL DIRECTIONS IN EVERY PACKAGE

PREPARED FOR

ALFALFA . SWEET CLOVER SOY BEANS RED CLOVER COW PEAS ALSIKE CLOVER FIELD BEANS CRIMSON CLOVER NAVY BEANS VETCH CANADA PEAS SWEET PEAS GARDEN BEANS GARDEN PEAS

AND ALL OTHER LEGUMES

Special Mixture for all Garden Beans and Peas



Inoculated Soy Bean Root Showing Nodules°

PRICE 35 Garden size........ Acre size Two acre size..... 95 Four acre size.........\$1 50

By Mail, 5 cts. extra.

SPECIAL NOTICE

When ordering state crop to be inoculated, as there is a different bacteria for each leg-

Applied direct to seed. DIRECTIONS IN EACH **PACKAGE**

INCREASE YOUR CROPS THE WORLD NEEDS THE FOOD. INOCULATE

What the Experiment Stations say:

NEW JERSEY

Bulletin 226, New Jersey Experiment Station states that inoculation produced an increased yield of 500% on Alfalfa, 75% on Beans, and that Lina Beans and Cow Peas more than doubled.

SOUTH CAROLINA

Bulletin No. 53, South Carolina Experiment

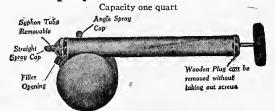
Station says:

"Inoculation is not a cure-all, but its proper use will send the farmer farther forward in three years than it has been possible for him to go without it in a generation."

LEGUMES CAN NOT ENRICH THE SOIL UNLESS BACTERIA DEVELOP THE NODULES

"The peculiar value of legumes for maintaining and increasing the fertility of soils is due to certain bacteria which develop nodules upon the roots of leguminous plants and which have the unique power of rendering the free nitrogen of the atmosphere available for plant growth. Without these bacteria, legumes, like other crops, exhaust the soil of its combined nitrogen."—Ext. Farmer's Bulletin No. 315.

Auto-Spray No. 37C Continuous Sprayer



Will handle all solutions, insecticides and disinfectants. May be used for all plant life, in the greenhouse, kitchen garden, for rose bushes and in the poultry house.

One quart tin pump, brass tank. Factory \$1.25

Auto-Spray No.



and Mechanical Agitator

Flg. 1518

AGITATION

Lever Bucket

Non Clog Jr. SPECIAL FEATURES

Strength, simplicity and balanced construction; a nozzle which DOES NOT and CAN NOT CLOG, and the ONLY CLOGPROOF NOZZLE on a com-NOZZLE on a com-pressed air sprayer, no matter what competitors claim.



Factory Price 70c. Our



Pop No. 1 Automatic and entirely of

Auto-

brass. Each

\$1.75

Fig.

1542

Fig.

1570

Capacity about 1 quart. Single-acting hand atomizers.

Made from good heavy material and in several styles.

Used as a cheaper machine for the same purposes as the Auto Spray No. 37.

Pump Cylinder No. 22A. 14 inches x 1 3/4 inches diameter. Length over all 20 inches. One iet, tin reservoir.

Pump Cylinder No. 20B, No. 20E. 14 inches x 2 inches diameter.

Auto-Spray No. 20B, No. 20E



Holmes' Double Acting Cog Gear Complete Spray Pump Mounted on Outfit Skids with 50-Gallon Barrel

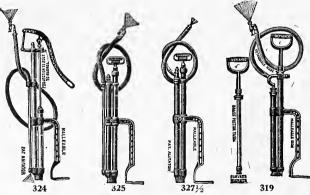
With Brass Valves and Ground Bevel Brass Seats 2-inch Seam-less Brass Removable Cylinder Hemp Packed Plunger

Special Features: Cog Gear Movement, increased leverage adapted for spraying under heavy pressure, mounted complete, occupying smallest possible space. Capacity sufficient for eight nozzles; well adapted for spraying potatoes.

PRICE LIST, Fig. 1518

No. R316B. Pump complete as No. R316B. Pump complete as above with pressure | gauge, one 15-foot lead, ½-inch 7-ply discharge hose, one Fembro Fig. 1290 nozzle, one 8-foot pipe extension with lever shut-off and mechanical agitator. List Price [Pottle] \$60 00. Our Price....\$48 00 No. R316C. As above with two leads of hose, nozzles and extensions. List Price [Pouch] \$67 00. Our Price....\$55 00

Holmes' Lever Bucket, Imperial, Little Giant and Defiance y Pumps
Detachable Hose—Brass Ball Valves—Patent
Agitator. All Working Parts Brass
Bucket
Imperial Little Giant
Defiance Spray Pumps



Myers Bucket Spray Pumps are constructed entirely of brass. provided with a large air chamber, brass ball valves and detachable hose. Have patent jet agitator to keep spraying solution thoroughly mixed and agitated and are fitted with malleable foot rest. Especially adapted for small

orchards, shrubbery, whitewashing, etc.
PRICE LIST Price No. 324. Myers Vermorel nozzle. \$8 00 nozzle. [Friction].... Price 7 00 No. 3271/2. Little Giant, with Imperial nozzle. [Friar]. 6 00

No. 319. Myers Defiance, with Vermorel nozzle. Price [Peat]..... 8 00

Bordeaux Nozzle instead of Vermorel, furnished when specified, except an No. 327½ pump.

Holmes' O. K. Spray Pump For Hot, Cold or Any Kind of Mixture

Has Mechanical Agitator, Solid Brass Ram Plunger, Ground Bevel Valve and Seat. Malleable Iron Handle Fig. 1542 with adjustable malleable base, with two leads of 15 foot 7-ply, ½-inch hose and two Fembro (Fig. 1290) nozzles. (Without barrel.) Price, each [Prad] \$41.25. Our Price \$28.00.

Holmes' Small Barrel Pump



See illustration No. 305B. Attaches No. 305B. Attaches to side of barrel. Price complete with 15-ft. hose, Vermorel nozzle, jet and mechanical agitator, no bbl \$17.00.

Holmes' O. K. Spray Pump With Malleable Iron Base

Mounted Com-plete with Skids and Fifty-Gal-lon Barrel Has Mechanical

Agitator, Sol Brass Ram Plunger, Solid Ground Bevel Valve and Seat

PRICE LIST Fig. 1570 complete with one lead of 15 feet of 7-ply discharge hose and Fembro nozzle. Price [Prone] \$45.00; our price \$38.07.





Fig. 1614 illustrates the Myers Handy Sprayer as made for general use as a handy outfit about the home.

The pump is our regular No. 318B, fitted with cog gear malleable iron handle and mechanical agitator. The pump is securely attached to the tank by means of a clamp connected direct to the channel iron that surrounds the top of the tank held in position by one thumbscrew. The handle can be located at any point desired.

The pump is fitted complete with mechanical agitator, 15 feet of hose and an 8-foot pipe extension in two

4-foot parts, which adapts it for spraying large trees and also for use in whitewashing on the inside of low buildings

buildings.

The wheel is 16 inches in diameter.

Price List, represented by Fig. 1614 No. R336B. Myers Handy Portable Sprayer, complete as shown in illustration with Mechanical Agitator and Vermorel Nozzle. Price [Puff] Fig.

Holmes' Whitewash, Cold Water Painting Machine and General Purpose Sprayer

With Patent Double Agitator. A Complete and Serviceable Outfit

The tank is made of heavy galvanized iron with a wide bottom, with removable cover which prevents any spilling or splashing of the liquid. Holds 7 gallons.

The pump is our regular No. 324 Bucket Spray Pump, as shown under Fig. 632, fitted with Bordeaux nozzle, brass ball valves, and has both jet and dasher_agitator.

PRICE LIST

Our

No. 329. Fig. 1358 complete as illustrated. Price, each [Pansy]....

The Perfection Compressed Air Pump

Guaranteed 60 Pounds Pressure

Here's what the Perfection No. 22 will do—built to work at and stand a higher pressure. Guaranteed to be of superior quality and construction to any manufactured. The only sprayer of this type that will empty its contents in one pumping. Will spray any insecticide, including Bordeaux mixture, disinfectants or whitewash.

Equipment—Tank is furnished in either galvanized steel or all brass, a powerful all brass pump screws into top of tank, thus eliminating any possible leaking of air. Furnished complete with three feet discharge hose, spray nozzle, shut-off cock and shoulder strap, galvanized tank. Price \$7.80, our price \$6.99.

Same as above, all brass, \$9.70, our price \$8.25. Shut-off cock in place of regular cock, extra 55 cts.

DAIRY SUPPLIES

Bottle Brushes

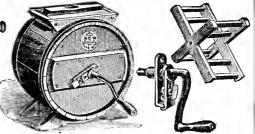




Iron Clad Butter **Boxes**

12-lb. prints	\$ 5	75
20-lb. prints	. 6	25
30-lb. prints	6	
42-lb. prints	. 7	29
56-lb. prints	. 8	99
80-lb. prints		49
96-lb. prints	• 9	29
120-lb. prints	. 10	29
	_	_

Cedar Cylinder Churn



Barrel Churn

Barrel Churn, no Dasher, Either Stationary or Fold-

ing Stand

No. 0. No. 1. No. 2.

No. 3. No. 4.

No. 6.

Will churn Price

0. 3 gallons... \$ 3 98

1. 4½ gallons... 4 37

2. 7 gallons... 4 79

3. 9 gallons... 5 42

4 73 gallons... 5 42

9 gallons . . . 6 19 16 gallons . . . 6 98 27

22 gallons... 9 27 28 gallons... 10 97

MILK KETTLES Strong and Dura-

Double	e Da	3 I	1	e	r		
Will churn						Ea	ach
о. 1. з gal							
o. 2. 4 gal	lons.					- 3	29

Thumb Screw Lock Will churn Each 7 gallons....\$3 10 gallons 4 29 No. 4.

Davis Swing Churn



NOTE—The capacity is twice the amount they churn.

Will churn						Price						
No. 1.	4 gallons				.9	7	99					
No. 2.	5 gallons					- 8	79					
No. 3.	8 gallons					10	49					
No. 4.	10 gallons					11	98					

Butter Workers



No. 1.	Capacity	50 lbs	3				 	. \$9	97
No. 2.	Capacity	30 lbs	3				 	. 7	99
No. 3.	Capacity	20 lbs	3				 	. 7	39
No. 4.	Capacity	10 lbs	3				 	. 6	97
Large	r sizes qu	oted	on	appl	icati	on.			
							_		



Butter Printer

Pound, complete \$1.49.

The Sturges Steel Churn

Butter making with a Steel Churn is a pleasure and not a drudgery, as the old way has been. Sanitary-Easy to Clean



They are steel—not a piece of wood about them—will not absorb moisture, so can not become soaked. No seams to open up nor hoops to drop off in the sun. Mounted upon a strong welded steel base that will last a lifetime.

Made in Three Sizes

Gal		Ga			Price	
No. 1. 5	churns	1/2 to	21/2.	Each	\$5 50	
No. 2.	churns	I to	31/2.		. 6 50	
No. 3. 10	churns	I to	5.	Each	. 7 25	
We can	also fu	rnish	pulley	for	power	attach-
ment.						

WYANDOTTE CLEANER

Absolutely more of this cleaner used than all others. This is the best proof that it is the best cleanser for dairymen and farmers to use in cleaning cans, buckets, separators, strainers, churns, coolers, cows, the clothes, etc. Full directions for using with each order. 5-lb. bag 25 cts., 80-lb. keg \$3.25. 280-lb. barrel \$8.50.





Eclipse Caps with patent lift-flap on top; most convenient cap made. A sure "trade getter." Send for sample, 1,000 90 cts., 5,000 \$3.25, I barrel, 50,000 \$22.00. We print your name and advertisement on the caps free on orders of 50,000.

Milk Bottle Caps NOTE.—Our business in caps more than doubled last year. Why? Because we sell the highest grade cap at a less price than others sell the poorest grade.

IT BEATS EVERYTHING!

This handsome, time-saving device is an ideal holiday gift, suitable for any time of the year. It is invaluable to the housekeeper when making the Thanksgiving and Christmas delicacies and in the hot summer months for the cool beaten frostings and whipped desserts. It is in service all the year for omelets, salad dressings, etc. Write for descriptive circular.

No. 1.....\$1 39 No. 2......98 cts.



Holmes' Milk Cans

All our Iron-Clad Cans are made of steel and heavily tinned by the hand-dipping process after they are

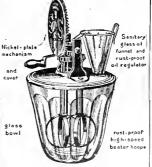
NOTE—While the cost of manufacturing these Cans has increased considerably it will be noticed our prices have not been increased.

Iowa Pattern Fig. 623

20 quarts 3 75 32 quarts 4 50

ble-Anti-Rust Tinware Pint..... Quart 2 Quarts ... 4 Quarts ... 1 19 6 Quarts ... 1 28 4 Quarts ... 1 19
6 Quarts ... 1 28
8 Quarts ... 1 49
10 Quarts ... 1 88
We also carry
good bargains in tin pails at half these prices.

"S. & S." Beater No. 2



10 Gross

Qts. \$6.75, pts. \$5.50, ½ pts. \$4.50.

Milk Bottles

larger quantity.

Ots. 65c. pts. 55c.

Gross

Qts. \$7.50, pts. \$5.75, ½ pts. \$4.75.

Special price on





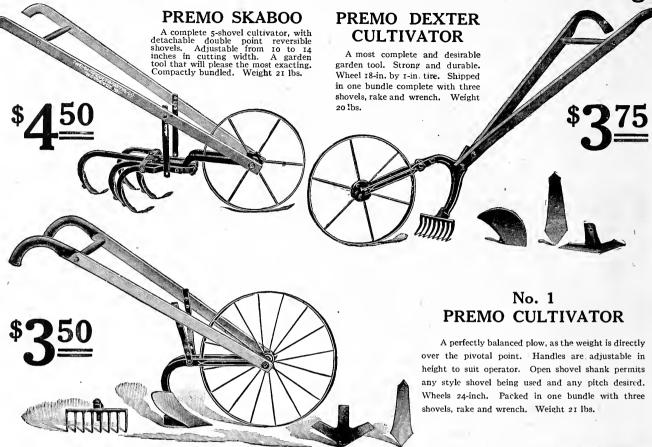
6-hottle size \$1.25 8-bottle

size

\$1.50



Three Good Little Cultivators to Push Along





Saves Your Time, Labor and Your Trees

It cuts like a razor, cleanly and smoothly.

It never chews, tears or rags the edges of the bark or wood.

It never slips. It leaves an amputation as clean as if you had used a chisel and mallet.

The Dexter Pruner is made with two razor-sharp jaws or knives that bite into the wood from

Size No. 2 Blades 13/8 in. wide Price

An Absolute Guarantee

The Dexter Pruner must make good in your hands. It must prove during actual use every claim. If it fail in any particular—or should, in some isolated instance, prove defective in material and workmanship, return it and we will cheerfully refund your money.

In the past two years not one Dexter Pruner has been returned under this guarantee.

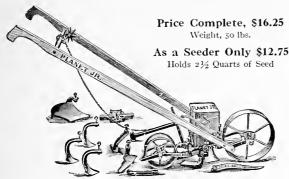




Planet Jr. Garden Tools



No. 4 Planet Jr. Combined Hill and Drill Seeder, Wheel Hoe, Cultivator and Plow



This accurate, durable and easy-running tool sows all garden seeds from the smallest up to peas and beans in hills 4, 6, 8, 12 or 24 inches apart, or in drills at the proper thickness and depth; rolling down and marking out the next row all at one passage.

By removing the seeder parts and substituting the tool ame, you have a first-class single wheel hoe with a set of specially hardened steel tools, the best made for hoeing, plowing, cultivating, opening furrows,

No. 31 Planet Jr. Combined Drill Seeder and Single Wheel Hoe



This new combined tool is of great value to thousands of gardeners who have never felt able to own, either a seed drill or a wheel hoe. It will sow even a small packet of garden seed with great precision in a narrow row from ¼ to 2 inches deep. Quickly changed to a splendid wheel hoe. A special machine for the small gardener at a price he can afford to



You can do more and better hoeing with it in one day than you can do in three days with a hand hoe. The No. 17 has a pair of 6-inch hoes, a plow and a set of cultivator teeth, an outfit sufficient for most garden

The handles are adjustable in height. The frame is steel, convenient and strong, with quick change device by which to exchange

No. 25 Planet Jr. Combined Hill and Drill Seeder, Double and Single Wheel Hoe, Cultivator and Plow



As a seeder it is practically the same as the Planet Jr. No. 4, and as a wheel hoe has the same steel frames and cultivating attachments as the Planet Jr. No. 12 Double Wheel Hoe.

Two acres a day can easily be worked, and when it is done it will be a

better job than several men could have done in the same time with hand

No. 12 Combined Double and Single Wheel Hoe, Culti-



This tool has one pair plows, one pair hoes, four cultivator teeth and a pair of leaf lifters. The attachments sold with No. 12 are what gardeners use most, and the others can be added as wanted.

No. 8 Planet Jr. Combined Horse Hoe and Cultivator



No other cultivating machine is so widely known, for it is in use throughout the civilized world. So strongly built as to withstand incredible strain, yet light and easy to handle. Opens and closes furrows, hoes right up to the plants without danger of injury, throws dirt to or from the row and throws back from center again. Cultivates any depth desired and

The New "PLANET JR." Catalogue is the handsomest, best and most instructive book ever issued on a similar subject. Full of little points that bring profit. Full of true and handsome illustrations. We mail it free to any address on application.

